S15C Analog Current to Modbus Converter



Datasheet



- Compact analog current to Modbus converter that connects to a current source (4 mA to 20 mA) and outputs the value to Modbus registers
- Rugged over-molded design meets IP65, IP67, and IP68
- · Connects directly to a sensor or anywhere in-line for ease of use

Model



Modbus Configuration

Modbus Register Address	Description	I/O Range	Comments	Default	Access
	·	IO Data	Out		·
40001	Analog Data output	0-32768	Current (mA) = Register Value /1000	4000-20000	RO
40002	Alarm State for IO 1 based on Min and Max thresholds defined in Analog In Min Value () and Analog In Max Value()	01	0 = Within threshold range 1 = Out of threshold range	-	RO
40003	Status of program	02	STATUS_ERROR_TYPE_NO_ERROR = 0 STATUS_ERROR_TYPE_BELOW_MIN = 1 STATUS_ERROR_TYPE_ABOVE_MAX = 2	-	RO
		Input_ADC	Config		
41001	Sample interval time	065535	0 = Disabled 1 = 10 ms 265535 = 5 ms increments	1	RW
	'	FilterCo	nfig	'	
41002	Takes current ADC value and the last ADC reading and takes the median of the values.	01	0 = Median Filter Disabled 1 = Median Filter Enabled	0	RW
		Minimum	Value		
41004	Minimum analog value for data read	031 mA	Must be less than maximum	4 mA	RW
		Maximum	Value		
41005	Max analog value for data read	132 mA	Must be greater than the minimum	20 mA	RW
		COMs Se	ttings		<u>'</u>
46101	Baud Rate	0 = 9.6k 1 = 19.2k 2 = 38.4k	0 = 9.6k 1 = 19.2k 2 = 38.4k	1	RW
46102	Parity	0 = None 1 = Odd 2 = Even	0 = None 1 = Odd 2 = Even	0	RW
46103	Slave Address	1247	1 to 247	1	RW

Wiring Diagrams

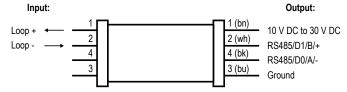


Male (Gateway)	Female (Sensor)	Pin	Wire Color
	2	1	Brown
		2	White
2	1 (20)	3	Blue
3 4	4 3	4	Black

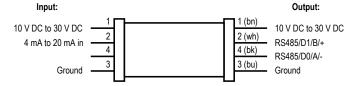


Important: If using a cable to connect the converter to an analog sensor, use of a shielded M12 cable is recommended, with the shield tied to pin 3.

Connecting 2-wire 4 mA to 20 mA Sensors



Connecting 3-wire 4 mA to 20 mA Sensors



Status Indicators

Power LED Indicator (Green)

- Solid Green = Power On
- Off = Power Off

Modbus Communication LED Indicator (Amber)

- Flashing Amber (4 Hz) = Modbus communications are active
- Solid Amber for 2 seconds to Off = Modbus communications are lost after connection
- Solid Amber for 2 seconds to Flashing Amber (4 Hz) = Modbus communications momentarily lost, but communication reestablished
- Solid Amber = Modbus communications are intermittent, or communications error occurs more frequently than once every 2 seconds
- · Off = Modbus communications are not present

Specifications

Supply Voltage

10 V DC to 30 V DC at 50 mA maximum

Supply Protection Circuitry

Protected against reverse polarity and transient voltages

Leakage Current Immunity

400 μΑ

Resolution

12-bits

Accuracy

1.5% of full scale

Indicators

Green power

Amber Modbus communications

Connections

Integral male/female 4-pin M12 quick disconnect

Coupling Material: Nickel-plated brass Connector Body: PVC translucent black

Vibration and Mechanical Shock

Meets IEC 60068-2-6 requirements (Vibration: 10 Hz to 55 Hz, 0.5 mm amplitude, 5 minutes sweep, 30 minutes dwell)
Meets IEC 60068-2-27 requirements (Shock: 15G 11 ms duration, half sine

Certifications





Environmental Rating

IP65, IP67, IP68 NEMA/UL Type 1

Operating Conditions

Temperature: -40 °C to +70 °C (-40 °F to +158 °F) 90% at +70 °C maximum relative humidity (non-condensing) Storage Temperature: -40 °C to +80 °C (-40 °F to +176 °F)

Required Overcurrent Protection



WARNING: Electrical connections must be made by qualified personnel in accordance with local and national electrical codes and regulations.

Overcurrent protection is required to be provided by end product application per the supplied table.

Overcurrent protection may be provided with external fusing or via Current Limiting, Class 2 Power Supply.

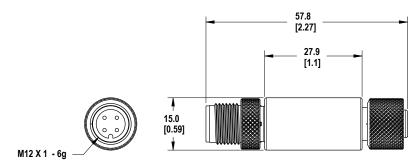
Supply wiring leads < 24 AWG shall not be spliced.

For additional product support, go to www.bannerengineering.com.

Supply Wiring (AWG)	Required Overcurrent Protection (Amps)		
20	5.0		
22	3.0		
24	2.0		
26	1.0		
28	0.8		
30	0.5		

Dimensions

All measurements are listed in millimeters [inches], unless noted otherwise.





Accessories

Cordsets

4-Pin Threaded M12 Cordsets—Double Ended							
Model	Length	Style	Dimensions	Pinout			
MQDEC-401SS	0.31 m (1 ft)			Female			
MQDEC-403SS	0.91 m (2.99 ft)		•40 Typ• 1.58"				
MQDEC-406SS	1.83 m (6 ft)			1 (60)			
MQDEC-412SS	3.66 m (12 ft)			4			
MQDEC-420SS	6.10 m (20 ft)		M12 x 1	Male			
MQDEC-430SS	9.14 m (30.2 ft)	9.14 m (30.2 ft) Male Straight/ Female Straight 15.2 m (49.9 ft)	Male Straight/	ø 14.5 [0.57"]	ividic		
MQDEC-450SS	15.2 m (49.9 ft)		44 Typ. 11.73" M12 x 1 Ø 14.5 [0.57"]	2 4			
				1 = Brown 2 = White 3 = Blue 4 = Black			

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For patent information, see www.bannerengineering.com/patents.

FCC Part 15 and CAN ICES-3 (B)/NMB-3(B)

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules and CAN ICES-3 (B)/NMB-3(B). Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules and CAN ICES-3 (B)/NMB-3(B). These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.

