PD57/60-1276 Hardware Manual

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PD57/60-1276 is an easy to use PANdrive™ smart stepper motor. The module is controlled via a CAN bus interface and comes with two firmware options – TMCL and CANopen. PD57/60-1276 features stealthChop™ for absolute silent motor control, spreadCycle™ for high speed stepper motor commutation, a fully integrated hardware motion controller with sixPoint™ motion ramps, as well as stallGuard2™ and coolStep™.



Features

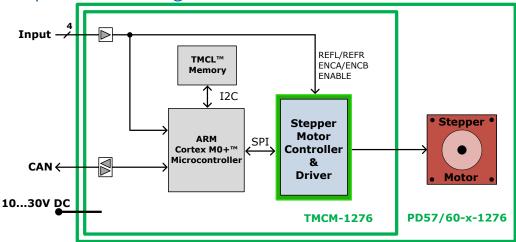
- PANdrive™ smart motor
- Supply Voltag +10 to +30V DC
- · CAN bus interface
- TMCL or CANopen protocol
- Integrated sixPoint™ ramp motion controller
- **stealthChop™** silent PWM mode
- **spreadCycle™** smart mixed decay
- stallGuard2™ load detection
- coolStep™ autom. current scaling

Applications

- Lab-Automation
- Manufacturing

- Robotics
- Factory Automation
- CNC
- Laboratory Automation

Simplified Block Diagram



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1 Features

The PANdrives™ PD57/60-1276 are full mechatronic solutions with state of the art feature set. It is highly integrated and offers convenient handling via CAN interface. The PD57/60-1276 includes a stepper motor, driver electronics, and a fully featured hardware motion controller. It can be used in many decentralized applications and has been designed for 0.55...3.1 Nm maximum holding torque and 24V DC nominal supply voltage. With stealthChop™, the PD57/60-1276 offers absolutely silent and smooth motor operation for lower and medium velocities. With spreadCycle™, the PD57/60-1276 offers a high performance current controlled chopper mode for highest velocities with perfect zero crossing performance. With stallGuard2™, a sensorless load detection feature is provided for automatic end step detection and load monitoring. stallGuard2 is also used for the automatic current scaling feature coolStep™. The PD57/60-1276 comes with a CAN bus interface and four (4) digital inputs.

1.1 General Features

Main Characteristics

- Supply Voltage +24V nom. (+10V to +30V DC)
- 3A RMS phase current (ca. 4.2A peak phase current)
- Highest micro step resolution, up to 256 micro steps per full step
- Available with enclosure and mounted to NEMA23 / 57mm or NEMA24 / 60mm flange size motor
- Permanent onboard parameter storage
- Advanced sixPoint[™] ramp hardware motion controller
- Noiseless stealthChop™ chopper mode for slow to medium velocities
- High performance spreadCycle™ chopper mode
- High-precision sensorless load measurement with stallGuard2™
- Automatic current scaling algorithm coolStep™ to save energy and keep your drive cool

I/Os

- · Home and reference switch inputs
- Enable input to power-on/-off driver H-bridges
- Optionally configurable analog input
- Optionally configurable incremental encoder inputs (quadrature channels A and B only, no N channel)

CAN Bus Interface

- Standard CAN Bus Interface for control and configuration
- CAN bit rate of 20...1000kBit/s
- TMCL-based protocol with TMCL firmware option
- CANopen protocol with DS402 device profile with CANopen firmware option



1.2 TRINAMIC's Unique Features

1.2.1 stealthChop™

stealthChop is an extremely quiet mode of operation for low and medium velocities. It is based on a voltage mode PWM. During standstill and at low velocities, the motor is absolutely noiseless. Thus, stealthChop operated stepper motor applications are very suitable for indoor or home use. The motor operates absolutely free of vibration at low velocities. With stealthChop, the motor current is applied by driving a certain effective voltage into the coil, using a voltage mode PWM. There are no more configurations required except for the regulation of the PWM voltage to yield the motor target current.

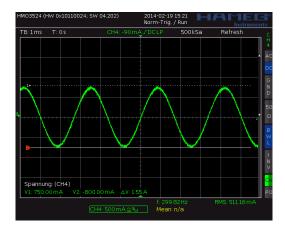


Figure 1: Motor coil sine wave current using stealthChop (measured with current probe)

1.2.2 spreadCycle™

The spreadCycle chopper is a high-precision, hysteresis-based, and simple to use chopper mode, which automatically determines the optimum length for the fast-decay phase. Several parameters are available to optimize the chopper to the application. spreadCycle offers optimal zero crossing performance compared to other current controlled chopper algorithms and thereby allows for highest smoothness. The true target current is powered into the motor coils.

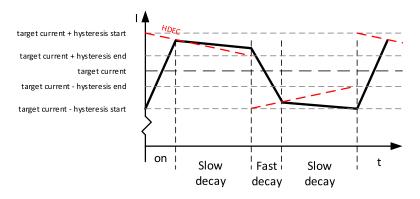


Figure 2: spreadCycle principle

1.2.3 stallGuard2

stallGuard2 is a high-precision sensorless load measurement using the back EMF of the motor coils. It can be used for stall detection as well as other uses at loads below those which stall the motor. The



stallGuard2 measurement value changes linearly over a wide range of load, velocity, and current settings. At maximum motor load, the value reaches zero or is near zero. This is the most energy-efficient point of operation for the motor.

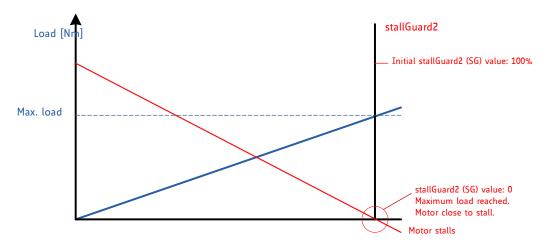


Figure 3: stallGuard2 Load Measurement as a Function of Load

1.2.4 coolStep

coolStep is a load-adaptive automatic current scaling based on the load measurement via stallGuard2. coolStep adapts the required current to the load. Energy consumption can be reduced by as much as 75%. coolStep allows substantial energy savings, especially for motors which see varying loads or operate at a high duty cycle. Because a stepper motor application needs to work with a torque reserve of 30% to 50%, even a constant-load application allows significant energy savings because coolStep automatically enables torque reserve when required. Reducing power consumption keeps the system cooler, increases motor life, and allows for cost reduction.

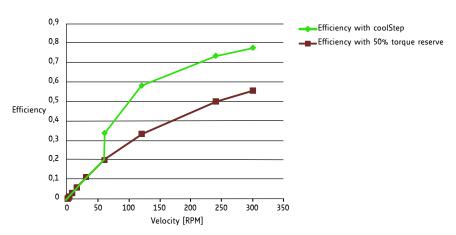


Figure 4: Energy Efficiency Example with coolStep

1.2.5 sixPoint Motion Controller

TRINAMIC's sixPoint motion controller is a new type of ramp generator, which offers faster machine operation compared to the classical linear acceleration ramps. The sixPoint ramp generator allows adapting



the acceleration ramps to the torque curves of a stepper motor and uses two different acceleration settings each for the acceleration phase and for the deceleration phase

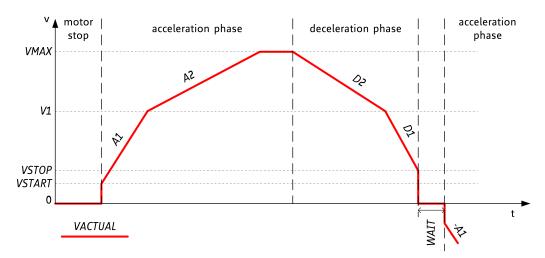


Figure 5: Typical motion profile with TRINAMIC's sixPoint motion controller



2 Order Codes

Order Code	Description	Size (LxWxH)
PD57-1-1276-TMCL	PANdrive, 0.55Nm, 3A RMS, +24V DC, CAN interface, TMCL firmware	60mm x 60mm x 54mm
PD57-2-1276-TMCL	PANdrive, 1.01Nm, 3A RMS, +24V DC, CAN interface, TMCL firmware	60mm x 60mm x 64mm
PD60-3-1276-TMCL	PANdrive, 2.1Nm, 3A RMS, +24V DC, CAN interface, TMCL firmware	60mm x 60mm x 78mm
PD60-4-1276-TMCL	PANdrive, 3.1Nm, 3A RMS, +24V DC, CAN interface, TMCLfirmware	60mm x 60mm x 99mm
PD57-1-1276-CANopen	PANdrive, 0.55Nm, 3A RMS, +24V DC, CAN interface, CANopen firmware	60mm x 60mm x 54mm
PD57-2-1276-CANopen	PANdrive, 1.01Nm, 3A RMS, +24V DC, CAN interface, CANopen firmware	60mm x 60mm x 64mm
PD60-3-1276-CANopen	PANdrive, 2.1Nm, 3A RMS, +24V DC, CAN interface, CANopen firmware	60mm x 60mm x 78mm
PD60-4-1276-CANopen	PANdrive, 3.1Nm, 3A RMS, +24V DC, CAN interface, CANopen firmware	60mm x 60mm x 99mm

Table 1: Order codes modules (electronics + enclosure) and PANdrives™

Order Code	Description
PD-1276-CABLE	Cable loom for PDxx-1276:
	1x cable loom for motor connector with 4-pin JST EH series connector
	• 1x cable loom for Power and I/O connector with 10-pin JST EH series connector

Table 2: Order codes cable loom



3 Mechanical and Electrical Interfacing

3.1 PD57/60-1276 Dimensions

The PD57/60-1276 includes the TMCM-1276 stepper motor controller/driver module (electronics + encapsulating enclosure) and a NEMA23 / 57mm flange size or NEMA24 / 60mm flange size bipolar stepper motor. Currently, there is a choice between two NEMA23 / 57mm flange size and two NEMA24 / 60mm flange size stepper motors with different lengths and different holding torques. All three stepper motors are rated for 2.8A RMS coil current - perfectly fitting to the TMCM-1276 electronics.

The dimensions of the controller/driver unit are approx. 60mm x 60mm x 13mm (TMCM-1270 electronics + encapsulating enclosure). There are four mounting holes for M3 screws for mounting the PD57/60-1276. These mounting holes are located in the bottom / base plate and accessible after removing the top cover (see 6, right figure, mounting holes marked red). Two of them at opposite positions can be used for mounting the module to the backside of our NEMA23 stepper motors (screw/thread length depends on motor size). The other two can be used for mounting the module to the backside of our NEMA24 stepper motors (screw/thread length depends on motor size).

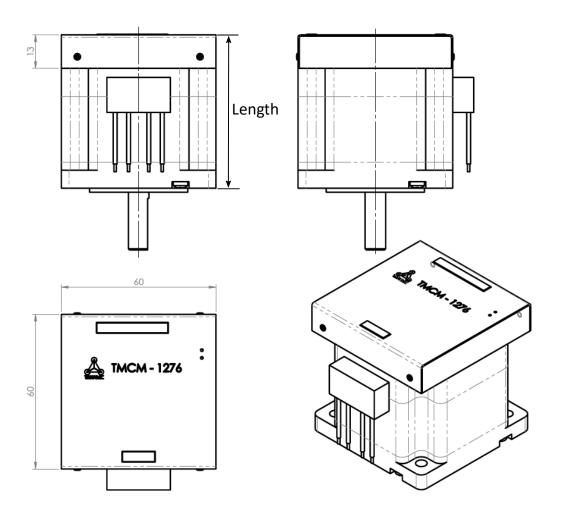


Figure 6: PD57/60-1276 all dimensions in mm



3.2 PD57/60-1276 Dimensions and Weight

When mounted to the stepper motor the overall size of the PANdrive is the housing height plus motor body size.

Order Code	Length in mm	Weight in g
PD57-1-1276	54	≈ 520
PD57-2-1276	64	≈ 720
PD60-3-1276	78	≈ 1270
PD60-4-1276	99	≈ 1470

Table 3: Length and weight



3.3 PD57/60-1276 Motor Parameters

Specifications	Unit	PD57-1-1276	PD57-2-1276	PD60-3-1276	PD60-4-1276
Step angle	0	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8
Step angle accuracy	%	+/-5	+/-5	+/-5	+/-5
Ambient temperature	°C	-20+50	-20+50	-20+50	-20+50
Max. motor temperature	°C	80	80	80	80
Shaft radial play (450g load)	mm	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
Shaft axial play (450g load)	mm	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08
Max radial force (20mm from front flange)	N	57	57	57	57
Max axial force	N	15	15	15	15
Rated voltage	٧	2.0	2.3	3.36	4.17
Rated phase current	Α	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8
Phase resistance at 20°C	Ω	0.7	0.83	1.2	1.5
Phase inductance (typ.)	mH	1.4	2.2	4.6	6.8
Holding torque	Nm	0.55	1.01	2.1	3.1
Insulation class		В	В	В	В
Rotor inertia	g cm ²	120	275	570	840
Weight	kg	0.45	0.65	1.2	1.4

Table 4: NEMA23 / 57mm and NEMA24 / 60mm stepper motor technical data



3.4 PD57/60-1276 Torque Curves

The following diagrams show the torque vs. speed curves for the PD57-1-1276, the PD60-3-1276 and the PD60-4-1276 with spreadCycle chopper mode selected, 24V supply voltage and rated motor current (2.8A RMS / 4A peak).

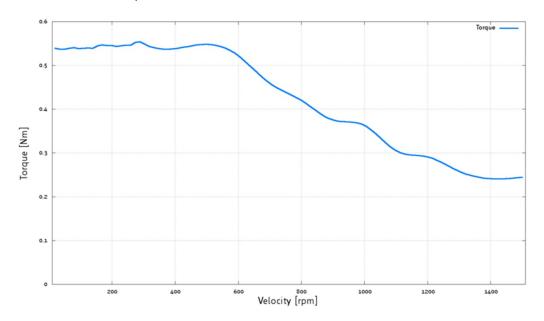


Figure 7: PD57-1-1276 torque vs. velocity 24V / 2.8A, 256 μ steps

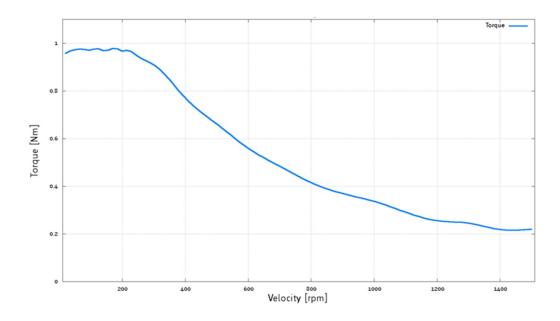


Figure 8: PD57-2-1276 torque vs. velocity 24V / 2.8A, 256μsteps



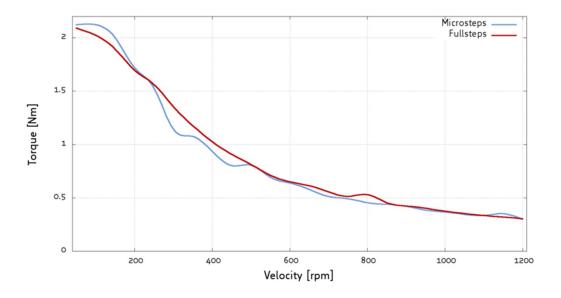


Figure 9: PD60-3-1276 torque vs. velocity 24V / 2.8A, 256 μ steps

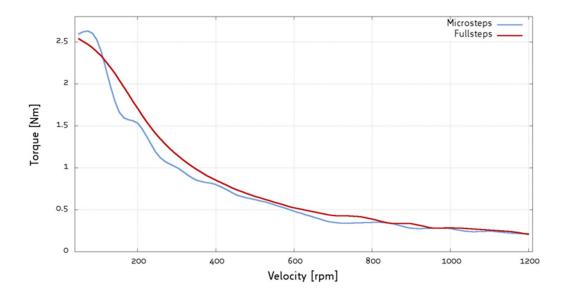


Figure 10: PD60-4-1276 torque vs. velocity 24V / 2.8A, 256μsteps



4 Connectors and LEDs

The PD57/60-1276 offers two connectors - one 10-pin connector for power supply, communication (CAN) and four Inputs and one four pin connector for connecting the motor.

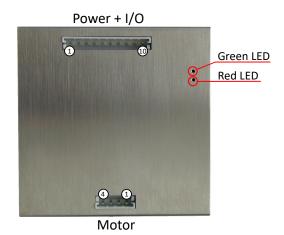


Figure 11: PD57/60-1276 connectors

Overview of connector and mating connector types:

Label	Connector type	Mating connector type
Power and I/O connector	JST B10B-EH-A (JST PH series, 10pins, 2.5mm pitch)	Connector housing: JST EHR- 10 Contacts: JST SEH-001T-P0.6 Wire: 0.33mm ² , AWG 22
Motor connector	JST B4B-EH-A (JST EH series, 4pins, 2.5mm pitch)	Connector housing: JST EHR-4 Contacts: JST SEH-001T-P0.6 Wire: 0.33mm ² , AWG 22

Table 5: Connector and mating connectors

4.1 Power supply and I/O Connector

Pin no.	Pin name	Description			
1	GND	Power supply and signal ground connection			
2	+24V	ower supply voltage input (+10V to +30V DC)			
3	CAN_H	ferential CAN bus signal (non-inverting)			
4	CAN_L	Differential CAN bus signal (inverting)			
5	GND	Signal ground connection			
6	+5V	5V output, 100mA maximum load, e.g. for end / home switch circuit or external encoder supply			



Pin no.	Pin name	Description
7	HOME (GPI0)	General purpose input 0, can be used as HOME switch input, also. Configurable as analog input AINO via software (+5V compatible, internal 10k pull-up to +5V)
8	REFL (GPI1)	General purpose input 1, can be used as left reference / stop switch input REFL / STOP_L, also. Configurable as incremental encoder input channel A via software (+5V TTL compatible, internal 10k pull-up to +5V)
9	REFR (GPI2)	General purpose input 2, can be used as right reference / stop switch input REFR / STOP_R, also. Configurable as incremental encoder input channel B via software (+5V TTL compatible, internal 10k pull-up to +5V)
10	ENN (GPI3)	ENABLE NOT input (active low) for driver stage, 0 = enabled, 1 = disabled (+5V TTL compatible, internal 10k pull-up to +5V)

Table 6: PD57/60-1276 Power and I/O connector pin assignment

NOTICE

Always keep the power supply voltage below the upper limit of 30V! Otherwise the driver electronics will be seriously damaged. Especially, when the selected operating voltage is near the upper limit a regulated power supply is highly recommended.

NOTICE

Add external power supply capacitors! It is recommended to connect an electrolytic capacitor of significant size (e.g. 470μ F/35V) to the power supply lines next to the PD57/60-1276!

Rule of thumb for size of electrolytic capacitor: $C=\frac{1000\mu F}{A}\times I_{SUPPLY}$ In addition to power stabilization (buffer) and filtering this added capacitor will also reduce any voltage spikes which might otherwise occur from a combination of high inductance power supply wires and the ceramic capacitors. In addition it will limit slew-rate of power supply voltage at the module. The low ESR of ceramic-only filter capacitors may cause stability problems with some switching power supplies.

NOTICE

Tie ENN to GND in order to enable driver stage! Please note that pin 10 of the Power supply and I/O connector is a driver stage enable input (active low) with an internal pull-up resistor. In order to enable motor driver stage and be able to move the motor using appropriate software commands it is necessary to tie this input to GND.

4.2 CAN Connection

For remote control and communication with a host system the PD57/60-1276 provides a CAN bus interface. For proper operation the following items should be taken into account when setting up a CAN network:

Bus Structure The network topology should follow a bus structure as closely as possible. That is, the connection between each node and the bus itself should be as short as possible. Basically, it should be short compared to the length of the bus.



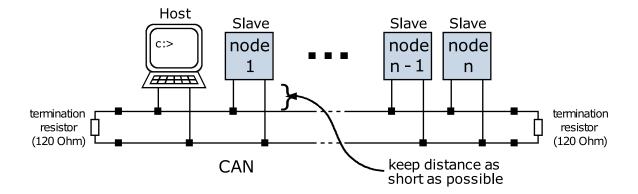


Figure 12: CAN bus strcuture

Bus Termination Especially for longer busses and/or multiple nodes connected to the bus and/or high communication speeds, the bus should be properly terminated at both ends. The PD57/60-1276 does not integrate any termination resistor. Therefore, 120 Ohm termination resistors at both ends of the bus have to be added externally.

Number of Nodes The bus transceiver used on the PD57/60-1276 (TJA1051) supports at least 100 nodes under optimum conditions. Practically achievable number of nodes per CAN bus highly depend on bus length (longer bus \rightarrow less nodes) and communication speed (higher speed \rightarrow less nodes).

CAN Bus Adapters To quickly connect to the PD57/60-1276 a PC based intergated development environment TMCL-IDE is available. Latest release can be downloaded for free from our web site: www.trinamic.com A number of common CAN interface adapters from different manufactures is supported from within this software. Please make sure to check our web site from time to time for the latest version of the software!

4.3 Motor Connector

Pin no.	Pin name	Description
1	B1	Motor phase B pin 1
2	B2	Motor phase B pin 2
3	A1	Motor phase A pin 1
4	A2	Motor phase A pin 2

Table 7: Motor connector pinning

NOTICE

Do not connect or disconnect motor during operation! Motor cable and motor inductivity might lead to voltage spikes when the motor is connected / disconnected while energized. These voltage spikes might exceed voltage limits of the driver MOSFETs and might permanently damage them. Therefore, always switch off or disconnect power supply before connecting or disconnecting the motor.



4.4 LEDs

The PD57/60-1276 includes two LEDs: one green status LED and one red error LED. See figure 13 for LED location.

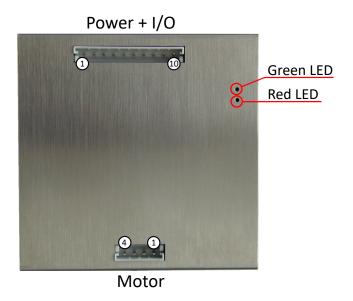


Figure 13: PD57/60-1276 LED colors and loacation

Depending on the firmware option (TMCL or CANopen), these LEDs have different functionality. Main states for TMCL:

State green LED	State red LED	Description TMCL Firmware		
Flashing off		Firmware running (normal operation mode)		
Permanent on Permanent on		Bootloader mode, firmware update supported		

Table 8: LED functionality description

For CANopen firmware LED functionality has been implemented based on CANopen standard.



5 Functional Description

5.1 Typical Application Wiring

The PD57/60-1276 driver/controller's wiring is straightforward as shown in the following figure.

- Power supply must be connected to V+ and GND.
- CAN use appropriate CAN interface adapter
- ENN connect ENN signal to GND in order to enable driver stage

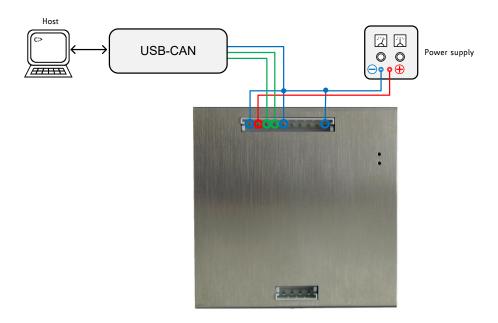


Figure 14: Typical application scenario for remote control of PD57/60-1276

5.2 Inputs

The four inputs of the PD57/60-1276 are +5V TTL compatible with internal pull-ups (10k) to +5V and \underline{not} optically isolated.



6 Operational Ratings and Characteristics

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	+10	+30	V
Working temperature	-20	+50	°C
Motor coil current / sine wave peak		4.2	Α
Continuous motor current (RMS)		3.0	Α

NOTICE

Stresses above those listed under "'Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at those or any other conditions above those indicated in the operation listings of this specification is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

6.2 Electrical Characteristics (Ambient Temperature 25° C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	VDD	10	24	30	V
Motor coil current / sine wave peak (chopper regulated, adjustable via TTL UART interface)	$I_{COILpeak}$	0		4.2	А
Continuous motor current (RMS)	$I_{COILRMS}$	0		3.0	Α
Power supply current	I_{DD}		$\ll I_{COIL}$	1.4 $*I_{COIL}$	А

Table 10: Electrical Characteristics

6.3 I/O Ratings (Ambient Temperature 25° C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Input voltage	V_{IN}		5	5.5	V
Low level voltage	V_L	0		1.5	V
High level voltage	V_H	3.5		5	V

Table 11: I/O ratings



6.4 Functional Characteristics

Parameter	Description / Value			
Control	CAN bus interface and four digital inputs for referencing, incremental encoder, and NOT_ENABLE			
Communication	CAN bus interface for control and configuration, 201000kBit/s			
Driving Mode	spreadCycle, stealthChop, and constant T_{off} chopper, adaptive current control via stallGuard2 and coolstep			
Stepping Resolution	Full, 1/2, 1/4, 1/8, 1/16, 1/32, 1/64, 1/128, 1/256 step			

Table 12: Functional Characteristics

6.5 Other Requirements

Specifications	Description or Value
Cooling	Free air
Working environment	Avoid dust, water, oil mist and corrosive gases, no condensation, no frosting
Working temperature	-20° C to +50° C

Table 13: Other Requirements and Characteristics

7 Abbreviations used in this Manual

Abbreviation	Description				
CAN	Controller Area Network				
IDE	ntegrated Development Environment				
LED	ight Emmitting Diode				
RMS	Root Mean Square value				
TMCL	TRINAMIC Motion Control Language				
TTL	Transistor Transistor Logic				
UART	Universal Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter				
USB	Universal Serial Bus				

Table 14: Abbreviations used in this Manual



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10 Supplemental Directives

10.1 Producer Information

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This product documentation is related and/or associated with additional tool kits, firmware and other items, as provided on the product page at: www.trinamic.com.



11 Revision History

11.1 Hardware Revision

Version	Date	Author	Description
1.00	2018-FEB-28	TMC	First Prototypes.
1.10	2018-APR-05	TMC	Minor corrections. Resistor added to crystal oscillator and one test pad removed.

Table 15: Hardware Revision

11.2 Document Revision

Version	Date	Author	Description
1.00	2018-JUN-25	GE	First version
1.01	2018-JUL-18	SK	Fixed order codes

Table 16: Document Revision

