

### Isolated 3W Wide Input Dual Output DC-DC Converters



#### **FEATURES**

- Industry standard footprint
- 2:1 Input range, 3W output power, minimum3:1 input range with power derating to 2W
- Dual isolated output
- Short circuit protection
- Operating temperature range -40°C to 85°C
- Load and line regulation <1% on both outputs</p>
- No heatsink required
- 1kVDC isolation 'Hi Pot Test'
- 5V, 12V, 24V & 48V Input
- 5V, 12V & 15V Output
- Internal SMD construction
- Fully encapsulated

#### **DESCRIPTION**

The NDTD series is a range of low profile DC-DC converters offering dual outputs over a 2:1 input voltage range. All parts deliver 3W output power up to 85°C without heatsinking. A flyback oscillator design with isolated feedback is used to give regulation over the full operating range of 25% to 100% of full load. It is strongly recommended that external capacitors be used on input and output to guarantee performance over full load and input voltage range (see application notes for guidance). The plastic case is rated to UL94V-0 and encapsulant to UL94V-1 and the connection pins are formed from a tin plated alloy 42 leadframe.

SELECTION (	GUIDE								
Order code	Input voltage	Rated output voltage	Output Min. Load <sup>1</sup>	current Full load	Input current full load	Efficiency <sup>2</sup> (Min.)	Isolation capacitance	MTTF <sup>3</sup>	
	V (Nom.)	V	mA	mA	mA	%	pF	kHrs	
Recommended In Production									
NDTD0505C	5	±5	±75	±300	804	72	31	1640	
NDTD0512C	5	±12	±31	±125	764	76	36	1625	
NDTD0515C	5	±15	±25	±100	773	75	34	1609	
NDTD1205C	12	±5	±75	±300	321	75	29	1665	
NDTD1212C	12	±12	±31	±125	311	78	32	1650	
NDTD1215C	12	±15	±25	±100	310	78	36	1633	
NDTD2405C	24	±5	±75	±300	156	78	30	1675	
NDTD2412C	24	±12	±31	±125	148	82	35	2075	
NDTD2415C	24	±15	±25	±100	146	82	41	2080	
NDTD4805C	48	±5	±75	±300	79	76	30	1669	
NDTD4812C	48	±12	±31	±125	76	80	35	2090	
NDTD4815C	48	±15	±25	±100	75	81	36	2045	
Discontinued						Recommended Alternative			
NDTD0503C	5	±3.3	±113	±454	890	67	30	1644	Contact Murata
NDTD1203C	12	±3.3	±113	±454	343	73	30	1668	Contact Murata
NDTD2403C	24	±3.3	±113	±454	170	73	30	1671	Contact Murata
NDTD4803C	48	±3.3	±113	±454	86	72	30	1667	Contact Murata

INPUT CHARACTERISTICS						
Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	
	5V input types	4.5	5	9	VDC	
Voltago rango	12V input types	9	12	18		
Voltage range	24V input types	18	24	36		
	48V input types	36	48	75		
Reflected ripple current 4	5V input types		40	90	mA p-p	
	12V, 24V & 48V input types		30	40		

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS	
Short-circuit protection	8 hours
Lead temperature 1.5mm from case for 10 seconds	300°C
Minimum output load for specification <sup>1</sup>	25% of rated output
Input voltage 5V types	10V
Input voltage 12V types	20V
Input voltage 24V types	40V
Input voltage 48V types	80V
Free air space	10mm Min. around component

- ${\bf 1.\ Please\ refer\ to\ minimum\ load\ application\ note\ section\ on\ page\ 4.}$
- 2. Measured at full load with external input/output capacitors, refer to test circuit.
- $3. \ Calculated \ using \ MIL-HDBK-217F \ with \ nominal \ input \ voltage \ at \ full \ load \ (ground \ benign) \ at \ 25^{\circ}C.$
- 4. Please refer to reflected ripple current measurement circuit on page 3.
  All specifications typical at T<sub>A</sub>=25°C, nominal input voltage and rated output current unless otherwise specified.





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Parameter	Conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
	With a thornal in a through a second to a	5V outputs		±2	±5	0/
Voltage set point accuracy	With external input/output capacitors	12V & 15V outputs		±1	±3	%
Line regulation	Low line to high line with external input/output capa	Low line to high line with external input/output capacitors		0.15	0.5	%
Load regulation 25% load to 100% load with external input/output capacitors with balanced load	25% load to 100% load with external input/output	5V outputs		0.5	1.0	%
	12V & 15V outputs		0.2	0.5	%	
Ripple	BW = 20Hz to 300kHz with external input/output capacitors			15	40	mV rms
Ripple & noise	BW = DC to 20MHz with external input/output capacitation	BW = DC to 20MHz with external input/output capacitors		90	150	mV p-p
% voltage change on negative output when Cross regulation positive load varies from 12% to 50% of 3W ra with negative load fixed at 50%	% voltage change on negative output when positive load varies from 12% to 50% of 3W rating,	NDTD05XXC, NDTD1205C, NDTD2405C, NDTD4805C			5.0	%
	with negative load fixed at 50%	NDTD1212C, NDTD1215C, NDTD2412C, NDTD2415C, NDTD4812C, NDTD4815C		2.1	3.0	
Short circuit protection		1		Conti	nuous	

<b>GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>					
Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Switching frequency	100% to 25% load, VIN min to max	60		620	kHz

TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS					
Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Operation		-40		85	
Storage		-50		130	
0	NDTD0505C, NDTD0512C, NDTD1205C, NDTD2405C, NDTD4805C		35		°C
Case temperature rise above ambient in still air	NDTD0515C, NDTD1212C, NDTD1215C, NDTD2412C, NDTD4812C, NDTD2415C, NDTD4815C		28		

ISOLATION CHARACTERISTICS					
Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Isolation voltage	Flash tested for 1 second	1000			VDC
Resistance	Viso=1KVDC	1			GΩ

#### **TECHNICAL NOTES**

#### ISOLATION VOLTAGE

'Hi Pot Test', 'Flash Tested', 'Withstand Voltage', 'Proof Voltage', 'Dielectric Withstand Voltage' & 'Isolation Test Voltage' are all terms that relate to the same thing, a test voltage, applied for a specified time, across a component designed to provide electrical isolation, to verify the integrity of that isolation.

Murata Power Solutions NDTD series of DC-DC converters are all 100% production tested at their stated isolation voltage. This is 1kVDC for 1 second.

A question commonly asked is, "What is the continuous voltage that can be applied across the part in normal operation?"

For a part holding no specific agency approvals, such as the NDTD series, both input and output should normally be maintained within SELV limits i.e. less than 42.4V peak, or 60VDC. The isolation test voltage represents a measure of immunity to transient voltages and the part should never be used as an element of a safety isolation system. The part could be expected to function correctly with several hundred volts offset applied continuously across the isolation barrier; but then the circuitry on both sides of the barrier must be regarded as operating at an unsafe voltage and further isolation/insulation systems must form a barrier between these circuits and any user-accessible circuitry according to safety standard requirements.

#### REPEATED HIGH-VOLTAGE ISOLATION TESTING

It is well known that repeated high-voltage isolation testing of a barrier component can actually degrade isolation capability, to a lesser or greater degree depending on materials, construction and environment. The NDTD series has an El ferrite core, with no additional insulation between primary and secondary windings of enameled wire. While parts can be expected to withstand several times the stated test voltage, the isolation capability does depend on the wire insulation. Any material, including this enamel (typically polyurethane) is susceptible to eventual chemical degradation when subject to very high applied voltages thus implying that the number of tests should be strictly limited. We therefore strongly advise against repeated high voltage isolation testing, but if it is absolutely required, that the voltage be reduced by 20% from specified test voltage.

This consideration equally applies to agency recognized parts rated for better than functional isolation where the wire enamel insulation is always supplemented by a further insulation system of physical spacing or barriers.

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#### TERMINOLOGY

LINE REGULATION

The percentage change in output voltage between low intput voltage and high intput voltage, measured with fixed output load i.e. a 5V part with an output voltage of 5.05V @ high input voltage and 5.03V @ low input voltage would have a line regulation of 0.4%.

 $Line \ regulation = \ \frac{V_{\text{OUT}} \ (Low \ Input \ V) - V_{\text{OUT}} \ (High \ Input \ V)}{V_{\text{OUT}} \ (Nominal \ Input \ V)} \ x100\%$ 

Where Vout (Nominal Input V) is 5V.

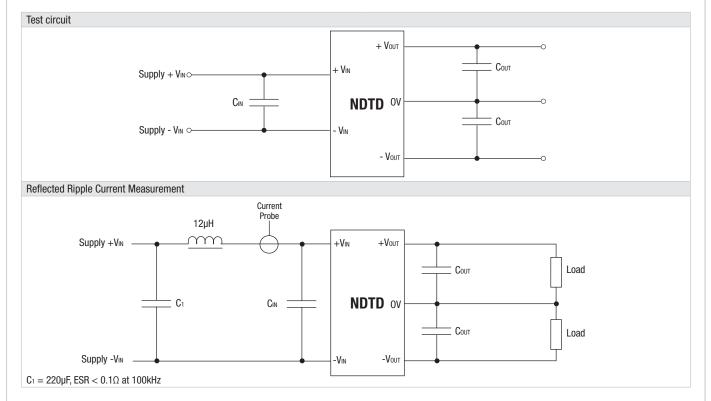
#### **APPLICATION NOTES**

#### Recommended Input & Output Capacitors

Although these converters will work without external capacitors, they are necessary in order to guarantee the full parametric performance over the full line and load range. All parts have been tested and characterized using the following values and test circuit.

Input Voltage	Cin
5V, 12V	100μF, 25V (0.25Ω at 100kHz)
24V, 48V	10μF, 100V (1.5Ω at 100kHz)

Output Voltage	Соит
5V	100μF, 25V (0.25Ω at 100kHz)
12V, 15V	47μF, 25V (0.4Ω at 100kHz)



#### Cross Regulation

Load regulation is at its best when the positive and negative loads are balanced. When the loads are asymmetric, the negative output is not as tightly regulated as the positive output. To meet ripple specification a total minimum load of 25% full load is required, however, the NDTD can be used with much lighter loading at the expense of increased ripple. A small load is required on the negative output of 150mW to ensure the maximum negative output voltage is not exceeded.



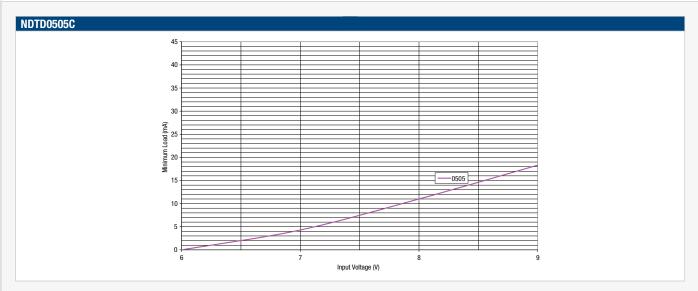
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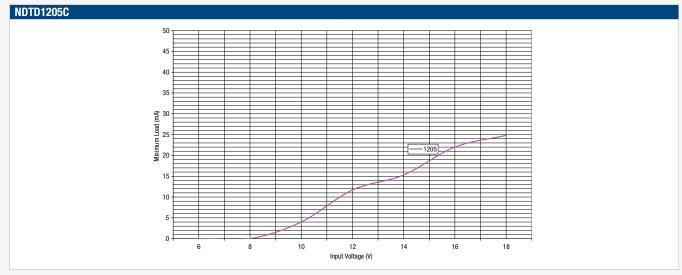
### **APPLICATION NOTES (continued)**

Minimum Load

The minimum load for correct operation is 25% of the full rated load across the specified input voltage range. Lower loads may cause a significant increase in output ripple and may cause the output voltage to exceed its specification transiently during power-down when the input voltage also falls below its rated minimum.

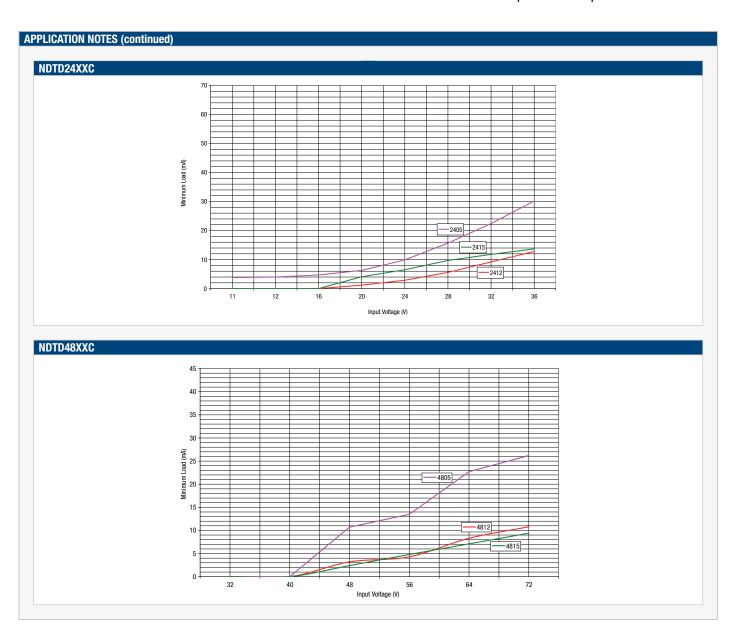
The following graphs show the typical required minimum load required for stable operation in mA verses input voltage. Some variants are not included as they do not typically require a minimum load for stable operation: NDTD0512C, NDTD0515C, NDTD0515C, NDTD1212C, and NDTD1215C.







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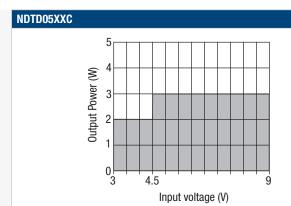


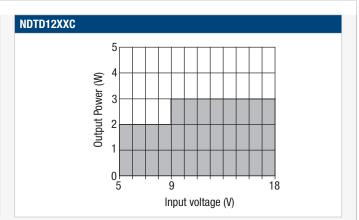
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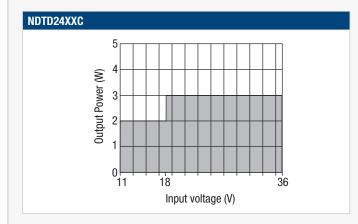
### **APPLICATION NOTES (continued)**

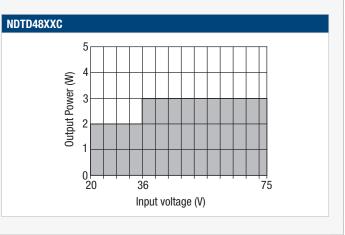
NDTD Power Derating

The NDTD series will operate from a wider input range than specified in the input characteristics datasheet table with output power derating.









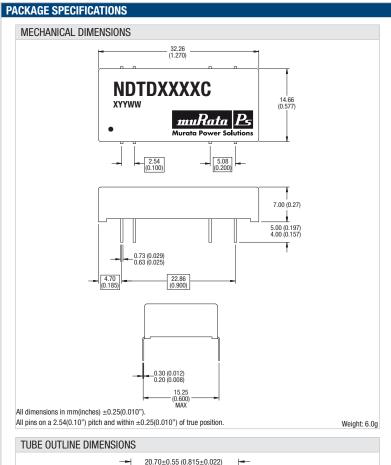
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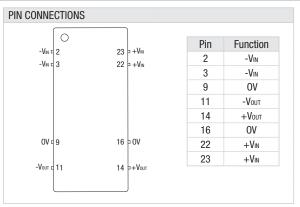


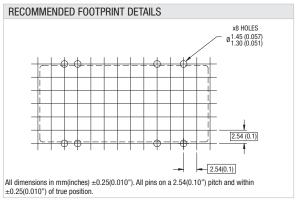
This series is compatible with RoHS soldering systems with a peak wave solder temperature of 300°C for 10 seconds. The pin termination finish on this product series is Tin. The series is backward compatible with Sn/Pb soldering systems. For further information, please visit www.murata-ps.com/rohs

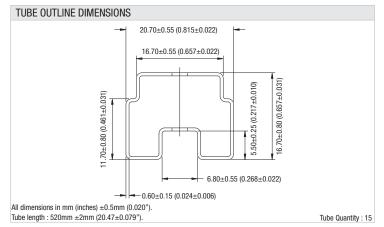


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This product is subject to the following <u>operating requirements</u> and the <u>Life and Safety Critical Application Sales Policy</u>:

Refer to: http://www.murata-ps.com/requirements/

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