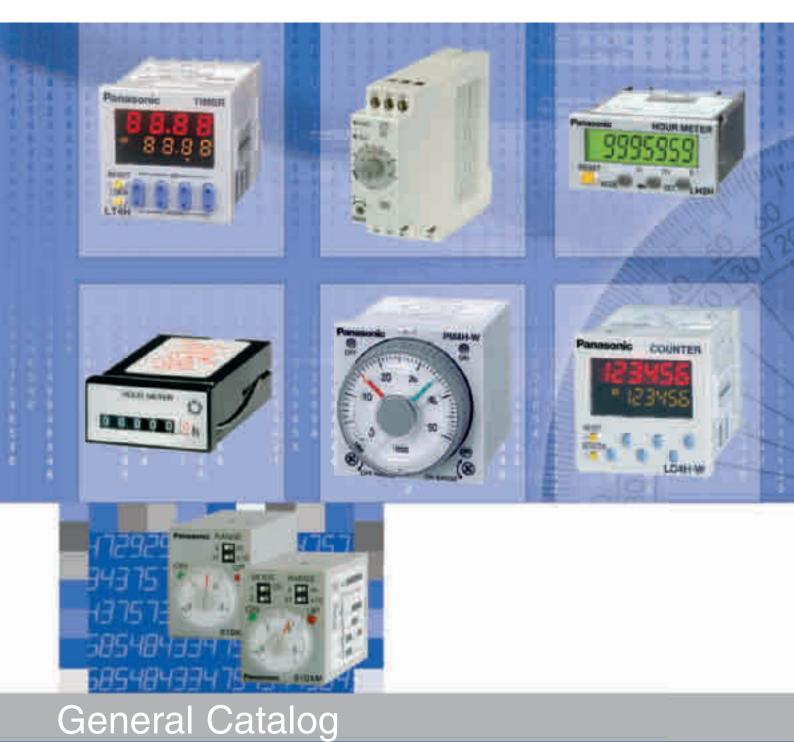
# Panasonic ideas for life



Timers, Counters, Hour Meters

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# **TIMERS CHART OVERVIEW**

		Multiple operation	ON-delay	OFF-delay	Twin	Flicker	One-shot	Star delta	Integration
Digital quartz timers	ush mount	LT4H LT4H-W	LT4H QM4H	LT4H (Signal)	LT4H-W	LT4H	LT4H		LT4H
	Surface mount/Flush mount	PM4H-A PM5S-A	S1DX PM4H-S PM45S-S S1DXM-A/M	PM4H-A (Signal) PM4H-F PM5S-A (Signal) PM5S-M (Signal)	PM4H-W	PM4H-A PM5S-A PM5S-M S1DX S1DXM-M	PM4H-A PM5S-A PM5S-M S1DX S1DXM-M	PM4H-SD/SDM	
Multi-range analog timer (CR oscillation)	Relay terminal socket		S1DXM-A/M			S1DXM-M	S1DXM-M		
	PC board mount		S1DX						

# **TIMERS SELECTOR CHART**

LT4H Digital timer   LT4H-W Digital timer   DM4H Timer   S1DXM-AM Timer   Power ON delay (1)   Power ON delay (2)   Signal ON delay (2)   Signal ON delay (3)   Signal ON delay (4)   Power ON delay (5)   Power ON delay (6)   Power ON delay (7)   Power ON delay (8)   Power ON delay (7)   Power ON delay (8)   Power ON delay	ct ı timer
Power ON delay (2) Signal ONF delay Pulse ON-delay Signal OFF delay Pulse ON-delay Pulse ON-delay Signal Flicker Totalizing ON-delay Signal Si	ct ı timer
Care	timer
Time range 30m 100h 10h 10h 10h 10h 10h 10h 10h 10h 10	10h
Time range 30m 10h	10h
Each model has 5m ranges selectable selectab	
Features  Bright and easy-to-read display Simple operation Short body  Bright and easy-to-read display Simple operation Short body  Possible to set and change the time with front digit switches easily during the power off. Furthermore single unit has a time range of 0.01s to 9990hrs!  The sum of the power off. Furthermore single unit has a time range of 0.01s to 9990hrs!  The sum of the power off. Furthermore single unit has a time range of 0.01s to 9990hrs!  The sum of the power off. Furthermore single unit has a time range of 0.01s to 9990hrs!  The sum of the power off. Furthermore single unit has a time range of 0.01s to 9990hrs!  The sum of the power off. Furthermore single unit has a time range of 0.01s to 9990hrs!  The sum of the power off. Furthermore single unit has a time range of 0.01s to 9990hrs!  The sum of the power off. Furthermore single unit has a time range of 0.01s to 9990hrs!  The sum of the power off. Furthermore single unit has a time range of 0.01s to 9990hrs!  The sum of the power off. Furthermore single unit has a time range of 0.01s to 9990hrs!  The sum of the power off. Furthermore single unit has a time range of 0.01s to 9990hrs!  The sum of the power off. Furthermore single unit has a time range of 0.01s to 9990hrs!  The sum of the power off. Furthermore single unit has a time range of 0.01s to 9990hrs!  The sum of the power off. Furthermore single unit has a time range of 0.01s to 9990hrs!  The sum of the power off. Furthermore single unit has a time range of 0.01s to 9990hrs!  The sum of the power off. Furthermore single unit has a time range of 0.01s to 9990hrs!  The sum of the power off. Furthermore single unit has a time range of 0.01s to 9990hrs!  The sum of the power off. Furthermore single unit has a time range of 0.01s to 9990hrs!  The sum of the power off. Furthermore single unit has a time range of 0.01s to 9990hrs!  The sum of the power off. Furthermore single unit has a time range of 0.01s to 9990hrs!  The sum of the power off. Furthermore single unit has a time range of	:
Features Bright and easy-to-read display Simple operation Short body Bright and easy-to-read display Simple operation Short body Simple operation Short body Simple operation Short body Simple operation Wide time setting range asily during the power off. Furthermore single unit has a time range of 0.01s to 9990hrs! 7A  Control output (resistive) Voltage 250 V AC 30 V DC 250 V AC 30 V DC 250 V AC 250 V AC	3s
Control output (resistive)	ed
	m_C
Mounting method ————————————————————————————————————	
Mounting parts  Terminal block, cap, panel cover, rubber gasket, mounting frame  Terminal block, cap, panel cover, rubber gasket, mounting frame  Terminal block, cap, panel cover, rubber gasket, mounting frame  Terminal block, cap, panel cover, rubber gasket, mounting frame  Terminal block, cap, panel cover, rubber gasket, mounting frame  Terminal block, cap, panel cover, rubber gasket, mounting frame	
100 to 240 V AC	
(Relay output type) Timed- out 1 Form C   Ut 1 Form A   (Relay output type) Timed-out 1 Form A   (Relay output type) Timed- out 1 Form A   (Relay output type) Timed-out 1 Form A   (Relay output type) Timed-out 1   (Transistor output type) Timed-out 1   (IT ansistor output type) Timed	
Time accuracy Voltage error Voltage error Setting error Se	
Min. power off time         500 ms         500 ms         100 ms         100 ms	
Life (Min. operation)         Mechanical $2 \times 10^7$ — $2 \times 10^7$ — $2 \times 10^7$ — $2 \times 10^7$ 10^7           operation)         Electrical $10^5$ $10^7$ $10^5$ $10^7$ $10^5$ $2 \times 10^5$	—
11-Pin type  11-Pin type  OM4H-S type  Timed-out 2 Form C type  Surf Look Operating Op	    _
Terminal layouts and Wiring diagrams  Screw terminal type  Screw terminal type  QM4H-G type    Timed-out 4 Form C type   T	<b>\\ \</b>
Available standards UL/c-UL, CE UL/c-UL, CE UL/c-UL, CE UL/c-UL, CE	4 8 8

# TIMERS SELECTOR CHART

Model/Product Name		PM4H-A PM4H-S PM4H-M			PM4H-SD/SDM	PM4H-F8/-F8R/-F11R	
		Multi-range analog timer	Multi-range analog tim	ner Multi-range analog timer	Star-Delta timer	OFF-delay timer	
Operation mode		Pulse ON-delay Pulse Flicker Pulse ON-Flicker Differential ON/OFF-delay (1)(2) Signal OFF-delay Pulse One-shot Pulse One-cycle	Power ON-delay	Power ON-delay Power Flicker Power ON-flicker Power One-shot Power One-cycle (with instantaneous contact)	Star-Delta	Power OFF-delay	Power OFF-start cyclic
				cillation counting timer			CR oscillation counting timer
	Major uses	For time control for short or long time	For time control for short or long time	For self holding circuit	For SD motor start-up	For all uses of power OFF-delay	For repetitive ON/OFF operation
	1000h <del>-</del> 100h -			500h			
	30h - 10h -						
_	1h -						
Time ran	ge 30m - 10m -					10min	
Each model has	s various 5m –			ranges			
time ranges. Se product lists bet				selectable		3 time ranges	- Selectable -
ordering.	30s -				-4 time	selectable -	
•	10s – 5s –				-ranges - 	10s	
	1s-				0.2s	3 time ranges selectable	-0.1s
	0.1s - 0.01s -			0.1s		0.04s	0.10
		16 time ranges are calcutable		16 time ranges are selectable. 1s to 500h (Max. range) is	4 time ranges are selectable.	Multiple time ranges are	
	Features	16 time ranges are selectable. 1s to 500h (Max. range) is controlled. 8 operation modes available.	16 time ranges are select 1s to 500h (Max. range) is controlled in one unit.	able.   controlled in one unit	2s to 100s (Max. range) is controlled in one unit. 5 time ranges selectable for the 人-△ switching times.	Multiple time ranges are selectable. Power-OFF delay of max. 10 min. is controlled.	16 time ranges are selectable. 1s to 500h (Max. range) is controlled in one unit.
	7A-			5A			
Control output	Current 5A -	5A	5A	5A	5A		5A
(resistive)	3A-				·	3A	
-	Voltage	250 V AC	250 V AC	250 V AC	250 V AC	250 V AC	250 V AC
	voltage	250 V AO	250 V AO	250 V AO	ZOU V AO	250 V AO	250 V AC
Мо	unting method						
М	lounting parts	Terminal block, cap, panel cover, rubber gasket, mounting frame	Terminal block, cap, pane cover, rubber gasket, moi frame	el Terminal block, cap, panel cover, rubber gasket, mounting frame	Terminal block, cap, panel cover, rubber gasket, mounting frame	Terminal block, cap, panel cover, rubber gasket, mounting frame	Terminal block, cap, panel cover, rubber gasket, mounting frame
Rated	operating voltage	100 to 240 V AC, 48 to 125V DC, 24 V AC/DC, 12 V DC (other models)	100 to 240 V AC, 48 to 125V DC, 24 V AC 12 V DC (other models)	100 to 240 V AC, 48 to 125V DC, 24 V AC/DC, 12 V DC (other models)	100 to 240 V AC, 24 V AC (other models)	100 to 120 V AC, 200 to 240 V AC, 12 V DC, 24 V DC, 24 V AC (other models)	100 to 240 V AC 48 to 125V DC, 24 V AC/DC 12 V DC (other models)
A	Arrangement	Timed-out 2 Form C	Timed-out 2 Form C	Timed-out 1 Form C Instantaneous 1 Form C	人 side: Timed-out 1 Form A	Timed-out 2 Form C Timed-out 1 Form C [F8R type]	Timed-out 2 Form C
	Operation time fluctuation	±0.3%	±0.3%	±0.3%	±0.3%	±0.3%	±0.3%
Time	Temperature error	±2%	±2%	±2%	±2%	±2%	±2%
accuracy	Voltage error	±0.5%	±0.5%	±0.5%	±0.5%	±0.5%	±0.5%
Min	Setting error . power off time	±5% 100 ms	±5% 100 ms	±5% 100 ms	±5% 500 ms	±5%	±5%
Life (Min.	Mechanical	2×10 <sup>7</sup>	2×10 <sup>7</sup>	2×10 <sup>7</sup>	2×10 <sup>7</sup>	10 <sup>7</sup>	300 ms 2 × 10 <sup>7</sup>
operation)	Electrical	10 <sup>5</sup>	10 <sup>5</sup>	10 <sup>5</sup>	10 <sup>5</sup>	10 <sup>5</sup>	10 <sup>5</sup>
		Pin type	Pin type	Pin type	Pin type	Pin type	Pin type
		Placet Input  Status reput  Status reput  Status reput  Operating voltage  (c) Operating voltage	NC N	NO N	No instantaneous contact	N.C. N.C. N.C. N.C. N.C. N.C. N.C. N.C.	N.O. W.C. N.O. N.O. N.O. N.O. N.O. N.O. N.O. N
Terminal layo	outs and wiring diagrams	Screw terminal type	Screw terminal type	Screw terminal type	Pin type	Screw terminal type	Screw terminal type
		Per la grand de la	Coperating 1	Coperating Coverage C	With instantaneous contact	Coperating Coverage (c) votage (c)	Coperaing:
Avai	ilable standards	UL/CSA, CE, LLOYD	UL/CSA, CE, LLOYI	D UL/CSA, CE, LLOYD	UL/CSA, CE, LLOYD	UL/CSA, CE, LLOYD	UL/CSA, CE, LLOYD

# **TIMERS SELECTOR CHART**

Model/Product Name		⊦A range analog timer	C €  PM5S-S Multi-range analog timer	C €  PMSS-M Multi-range analog timer	
Operation mode		Pulse ON-delay Pulse Flicker Pulse ON-Flicker Signal OFF-delay Pulse One-shot Pulse One-cycle	Power ON-delay	Pulse ON-delay Pulse Flicker Pulse ON-flicker Signal OFF-delay Pulse One-shot Pulse One-cycle (with instantaneous contact)	
		CR oscillation	counting timer	CR oscillation counting timer	
	Major uses	For time control for short	For time control for short	For self holding circuit	
Major uses  1000h - 100h - 30h - 10h		or long time	500h  16 time ranges -selectable.  0.1s	-500h	
	0.01s -	16 time ranges are selectable. 1s to 500h (Max. range) is controlled. 6 operation modes available.	16 time ranges are selectable. 1s to 500h (Max. range) is controlled in one unit.	16 time ranges are selectable. 1s to 500h (Max. range) is controlled in one unit. 6 operation modes (with instantaneous contact) available.	
Control output (resistive)	7A- Current 5A- 3A-	5A	5A	5A	
	Voltage	250 V AC	250 V AC	250 V AC	
Мо	ounting method				
N.	Nounting parts	Terminal block, cap, panel cover, rubber gasket, mounting frame	Terminal block, cap, panel cover, rubber gasket, mounting frame	Terminal block, cap, panel cover, rubber gasket, mounting frame	
Rateo	d operating voltage	24 to 240V AC/DC	24 to 240V AC/DC	24 to 240V AC/DC	
	Arrangement	Timed-out 2 Form C	Timed-out 2 Form C	Timed-out 1 Form C Instantaneous 1 Form C	
_	Operation time fluctuation	±0.3%	±0.3%	±0.3%	
Time	Temperature error	±2%	±2%	±2%	
accuracy	Voltage error	±0.5%	±0.5% ±10%	±0.5%	
Mir	Setting error  n. power off time	±10% 100 ms	±10% 100 ms	±10% 100 ms	
Life (Min.	Mechanical	2×10 <sup>7</sup>	2×10 <sup>7</sup>	2×10 <sup>7</sup>	
operation)	Electrical (resistive)	10 <sup>5</sup>	10 <sup>5</sup>	105	
1 1		1 000 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0	7 + 10 9 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	2 + 100 5 = 100 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
Ava	ailable standards	UL/C-UL	UL/C-UL	UL/C-UL	

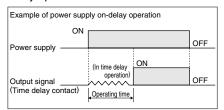
### TIMER-RELATED TERMINOLOGY

### · What is a timer?

The timer is a relay having such an output (with or without contact) which electrically closes (turns ON) or opens (turns OFF) the circuit after a preset time elapses when electrical or mechanical input is given.

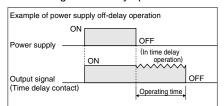
# On-delay Operation (Time delay operation)

The on-delay operation is an operation to give output when preset time expires after a predetermined input is given to the power supply circuit or input circuit. On-delay operation includes power supply on-delay operation and signal on-delay operation.



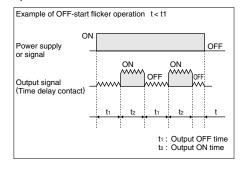
# Off-delay Operation (Time delay resetting)

The off-delay operation is an operation to turn OFF output when preset time expires after a predetermined input is given to the power supply circuit or input circuit, and at the same time output signal is given and predetermined input is turned OFF. Off-delay operation includes power supply off-delay operation and signal off-delay operation.



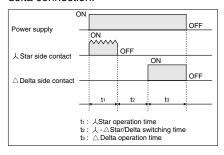
### • Flicker Operation

The flicker operation is an operation to repeat output ON/OFF action according to preset ON time and OFF time while a predetermined input is given to the power supply circuit or input circuit. Flicker operation includes OFF-start flicker operation and ON-start flicker operation.



### • Star ( ⊥ )/Delta (△) Operation

T h i s operation controls the time in the star connection used for star-delta starting which is conducted for starting a cage induction motor and the time for switching the star connection over to delta connection.



#### Preset Time

The preset time is the control time set by setting time-variable timer.

### Operating Time

The operating time means the time which elapses between the addition of predetermined input to the power supply circuit and input circuit and the completion of operation for preset time.

#### Hold Time

It means the time which elapses between the completion of operation for preset time and the start of resetting.

### • Pause Time

It means the time elapses between the start of operation for preset time and the addition of input required again for the power supply circuit or input circuit. Timer does not perform normal function unless this pause time is set longer than the timer reset time.

### Resetting

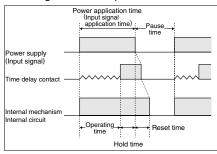
It means that the operation returns to the state before starting while the timer is in operation for preset time or after it completes the operation for preset time. Resetting during the operation for preset time is referred to as halfway resetting.

### Reset Time

It means the time elapses between shutoff of input to the power supply circuit or input of reset signal and the completion of resetting.

Timer resetting function shares the reset of contact, reset of mechanical parts such as pointer etc., reset of parts in internal circuit such as capacitor etc., and the value at which all of these parts complete their resetting operation is regarded as reset time. If timer is used for a pause time shorter than specified reset time, the operation time expires earlier than preset, unexpected instantaneous operation takes place or the operation is failed, thus making it impos-

sible to expect the normal operation. Therefore, be sure to set the timer pause time longer than the specified reset time.



### • Minimum Power Application Time

It means the minimum time during which power must be supplied in order to operate timer normally, in the case of power supply off-delay timer.

### Fluctuation of Operating Time

It means the irregularity in operating time caused when timer is set at specified time and the operation is repeated under the same conditions. It is also referred to as repetitive error.

### Voltage Error

It means the difference between the operating time at the rated voltage and that within the allowable voltage range.

### Temperature Error

It means the difference between the operating time at the temperature of 20±2°C and that within the allowable temperature range.

### Set Error

It means the difference between the set time and the time which actually elapses. It is also referred to as setting error. The set error of an analog timer is the rate to the full-scale value. If the set error is ±5%, it becomes equivalent to an error of maximum ±5 hours on the assumption that 100 hours is set in the range of 100 hours. The error produced when 10 hours is set is also equivalent to an error of maximum ±5 hours. As far as the set error is concerned, digital timer is by far exact. Select a digital timer for the case when accuracy is required.

When using an analog type multi-range timer for setting of long time, the setting procedure stated as follows minimizes the error. For example, if you want to set 8 hours in the range of 10 hours, first set the pointer to such a graduation where the actual operating time should become as close to 8 seconds as possible in the range of 10 seconds. Then, reset the range to 10 hours, leaving the pointer set at the graduation as it is.

### TIMER-RELATED TERMINOLOGY

### Pause Time Error

It means the difference between the operating time to a fixed pause time and the operating time to a pause time that varies. The pause time characteristics are the main characteristics of CR timer (timer exploiting charge and discharge of capacitor C and

If the oscillation count timer (timer which comprises an oscillation circuit composed of CR and quartz and is operated by a counting circuit inside IC or micro-computer which counts the reference signal) is used, the pause time error becomes almost negligible owing to its principles of operation. Accordingly, the description about these characteristics may be omitted for the oscillation count timer.

### • Equation for Each Error and Measurement Conditions

The operation time shall be measured, in principle, for retention time of 0.5 second and halt time of 1 second.

The measurement shall be repeated five times except for the initial test. The equation for each error and the measurement conditions are shown in the table below:

lk a see	Farration	Measurement conditions			
Item	Equation	Set value Ts (Note 1)	Supply voltage	Ambient temperature	
(1) Fluctuation in operation time	±2—x Tmax. – Tmin. TMs x100 (%)		Rated voltage	20±2°C 68±36°F	
(2) Voltage error	TMx <sub>1</sub> - TM TMs x100 (%)	Full-scale value	Fluctuation range of allowable voltage of power supply (Note 3)	(Note 2)	
(3) Temperature error	TMx <sub>2</sub> – TM TMs x100 (%)			-10 to 50°C +14 to 122°F (Note 4)	
(4) Set error	TM - Ts TMs x100 (%)	1/3 or more of full-scale value	Rated voltage	20±2°C 68±36°F	
(5) Pause time error	TMx <sub>3</sub> – TM TMs x100 (%)	Full-scale value		(Note 2)	

Note 1: For digital timers, the set value Ts shall be optional. Note 2: If no question arises from evaluation results, 13-35°C is acceptable.

Note 3: The measurement may be performed in other specified voltage ranges.

Note 4: The measurement may be performed in other specified temperature ranges.

Average of measured values for operation time TM:

Set value Ts:

TMs: Full-scale value. For digital timers, any arbitrary scale-value may be used.

Maximum of measured values for operation time Tmax: Minimum of measured values for operation time Tmin:

TMx<sub>1</sub>: Average of operation time at such voltage as maximizes deviation from TM in allowable voltage range.

Average of operation time at such temperature as maximizes deviation from TM in allowable temperature range. TMx2:

Average of operation time at such pause time (in the range from the specified reset time to 1 hour) as maximizes deviation from TM. TMx3:

### Functional Vibration Resistance

Means such a vibration as occurs in the range where the contact closed with that vibration during the use of the timer remains closed for the specified time (3 or 1 msec.) minimum.

### Destructive Vibration Resistance

Means such a vibration as occurs in the range where no part is damage with that vibration during the transportation or use of the timer and the operation characteristics are maintained.

### Functional Shock Resistance

Means such a shock as occurs in the range where the contact closed with that shock during the use of the timer remains closed for the specified time (1 ms) minimum.

### • Destructive Shock Resistance

Means such a shock as occurs in the range where no part is damaged with that shock during the transportation or use of the timer and the operation characteristics are maintained.

### Mechanical life

Means the durability that is achieved when the control output is performed in the no-load state.

### Electrical life

Means the durability that is achieved when the specified voltage and current loads are individually applied to the control output while being turned ON and OFF. Generally, the life of the timer is represented by the number of times the control output is performed. When a load is connected to the control output, the term of "electrical life" is used. When no load is connected to the control output, the term of "mechanical life" is used. The electrical life is shorter than the mechanical life, and becomes longer as the load decreases. The life of the timer is made longer by connecting a relay or a similar part rather than directly switching a large load with the control output.

### Rated power consumption

Means the power that is consumed when the rated operation voltage is applied to the power circuit.

(Rated power consumption = rated voltagexcurrent consumption)

### Rated control capacity

Means the reference value that is used to determine the performance of the switching part of the load. This value is represented by the combination of voltage and current.

### Contact resistance

Means the combined resistance that consists of the contact resistance between contacts, and the conductor resistance of pins and contact springs.

### Insulation resistance

Means the resistance between a contact or a conductive pin like the pin to which the operation voltage is applied, and a dead pin or a non-conductive metallic part like the time case, the base, or a retaining screw; or the resistance between contacts.

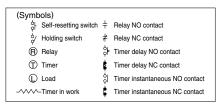
### Withstand voltage

Means the limit value that does not cause breakdown when high voltage is applied for one minute to the same location as measured for insulation resistance. The detectable leak current is normally 10 mA. In special cases, however, it may be 1mA or 3 mA.

### Withstand surge voltage

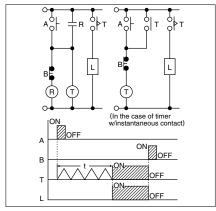
Means the limit value that shows the durability against momentary abnormal voltage resulting from lightning or switching a conductive load. The surge waveform is represented by the standard impulsive voltage waveform at  $\pm (1.2x50)$  $\mu$ s or  $\pm(1x40)$   $\mu$ s.

# **ON-DELAY TIMER BASIC CIRCUIT**



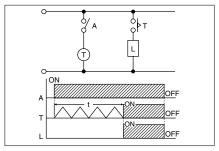
# 1. Delay Operation (Instantaneous input)

When control switch A is pressed, timer T starts immediately and after t-time elapses, load L is turned ON. When B is pressed, timer T is reset and load L is turned OFF.



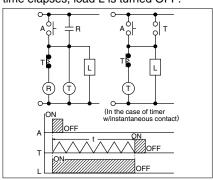
### 2. Delay Operation (Continuous input)

When switch A is pressed, after t-time elapsed, the timer contact closes and load L is turned ON. When switch A is opened, the timer is reset and the load is turned OFF.



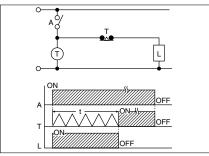
# 3. Fixed Time Operation (Instantaneous input)

When control switch A is pressed, load L is immediately turned ON, and after t-time elapses, load L is turned OFF.



# 4. Fixed Time Operation (Continuous input)

When switch A is closed, load L is turned ON and after t-time elapses, the load is turned OFF. When switch A is opened, timer T is reset and load L is turned OFF.

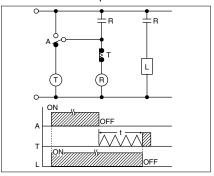


### 5. Delay Reset Operation

When contact A is reversed, load L is immediately turned ON. When contact A is returned to normal state, load L is turned OFF after t-time elapses.

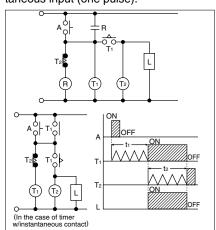
This circuit is used when the power supply is kept ON at all times or used for off-delay-like application.

However, it can not be used as off-delay timer at the time of power failure.



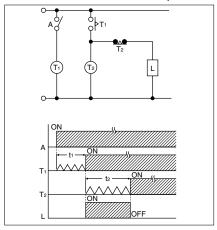
# 6. Fixed Time Operation after Delay Time is Set (Instantaneous input)

When control switch A is pressed, load L is turned ON after t1-time elapses, and load L is turned OFF after t2-time elapses. This circuit is used for the case of instantaneous input (one pulse).



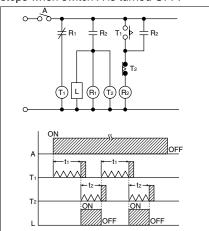
# 7. Fixed Time Operation after Delay Time is Set (Continuous input)

When switch A is pressed, load L is turned ON after t1-time elapses and load L is turned OFF after t2-time elapses.



### 8. Repetitive Operation

When switch A is pressed, load L is turned ON after t1-time elapses and load L is turned OFF after t2-time elapses, and thereafter the t1 and t2 operations are repeated. This repetitive operation stops when switch A is turned OFF.



# **GENERAL APPLICATION GUIDELINES**

### **Cautions for circuits**

### 1. Protective circuit for timer contact

In the circuit that switches an inductive load, a contact failure may occur at a contact point due to surge or inrush current resulting from that switching. Therefore, it is recommended that the following protective circuit be used to protect the contact point.

Circuit		CR circuit (r: resi	stor c: capacitor)	Diode circuit	Varistor circuit	
		Timer contact	Timer contact	Timer contact	Timer contact	
		Inductive load		Diode Doord	ZNR varistor	
Application	AC	(see note.)	Available	Not available	Available	
Application	DC	Available	Available	Available	Available	
Features/Notes		If the load is a relay or solenoid, the Effective when connected to both co 24 or 48 V and the voltage across th If the load is a timer, leakage current flows through the CR circuit causing faulty operation.  Note: If used with AC voltage, be sure the impedance of the load is sufficiently	ntacts if the power supply voltage is	The diode connected in parallel causes the energy stored in the coil to flow to the coil in the form of current and dissipates it as joule heat at the resistance component of the inductive load.  This circuit further delays the release time compared to the CR circuit.  (2 to 5 times the release time listed in	Using the rated voltage characteristics of the varistor, this circuit prevents excessively high voltages from being applied across the contacts. This circuit also slightly delays the release time.	
smaller than that of the c and r.  As a guide in selecting r and c, c: 0.5 to 1 μF per 1 A contact current r: 0.5 to 1 Ω per 1 V contact voltage  Values vary depending on the properties of the load and variations in timer chateristics.  Capacitor c acts to suppress the discharge the moment the contacts open. Reacts to limit the current when the power is turned on the next time. Test to cor Use a capacitor with a breakdown voltage of 200 to 300 V. Use AC type capa (non-polarized) for AC circuits.		the moment the contacts open. Resistor r urned on the next time. Test to confirm.	the catalog)  Use a diode with a reverse breakdown voltage at least 10 times the circuit voltage and a forward current at least as large as the load current.  In electronic circuits where the circuit voltages reverse breakdown voltage of about 2 to 3 times the power supply voltage.	_		

### 2. Type of Load and Inrush Current

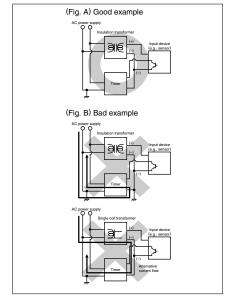
The type of load and its inrush current characteristics, together with the switching frequency are important factors which cause contact welding. Particularly for loads with inrush currents, measure the steady state current and inrush current and use a relay or magnet switch which provides an ample margin of safety. The table below shows the relationship between typical loads and their inrush currents.

Type of load	Inrush current
Resistive load	Steady state current
Solenoid load	10 to 20 times the steady state current
Motor load	5 to 10 times the steady state current
Incandescent lamp load	10 to 15 times the steady state current
Mercury lamp load	1 to 3 times the steady state current
Sodium vapor lamp load	1 to 3 times the steady state current
Capacitive load	20 to 40 times the steady state current
Transformer load	5 to 15 times the steady state current

When you want large load and long life of the timer, do not control the load direct with a timer. When the timer is designed to use a relay or a magnet switch, you can acquire the longer life of the timer.

### 3. Connection of input

The PM4H and LT4H series use power supply without a transformer (power and input terminals are not insulated). In connecting various kinds of input signals, therefore, use a power transformer in which the primary side is separated from the ungrounded secondary side as shown in Fig. A, for the power supply for a sensor and other input devices so that short-circuiting can be prevented.

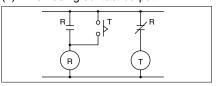


Do not use a single coil transformer (e.g., Sly-Duck). Otherwise, the internal circuit of the timer will be short-circuited as shown in Fig. B resulting in breakdown.

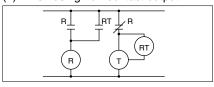
4. Long Continuous Current Flow

Long continuous current Flow
Long continuous current flow through
the timer (approx. one month or longer)
cause generation of heat internally,
which degrade the electronic parts. Use
the timer in combination with a relay
and avoid long continuous current flow
through the timer.

### (1) When using contact output

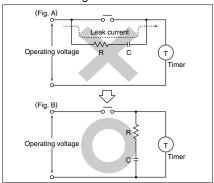


### (2) When using non-contact output



### 5. Leakage current

1) For connecting and disconnecting operating voltage to the timer, a circuit should be used, which will prevent the flow of leakage current. For example, a circuit for contact protection as shown in Fig A. will permit leakage current flow through R and C, causing erroneous operation of the timer. Instead, the circuit shown in Fig. B should be used.



# **GENERAL APPLICATION GUIDELINES**

2) If the timer is directly switched with a non-contact element, leak current may flow into the timer and cause it to malfunction.

### 6. Power off time

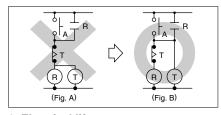
If the operation voltage for the timer is turned ON after the limit time operation is completed or before the limit time is reached, the Power off time longer than the timer restoration time must be secured.

#### 7. Suicide circuit

If the timer is restored immediately after the specified time is reached, the circuit must be configured so that the restoration time of the timer can be secured sufficiently.

If the power circuit for the timer is turned OFF with the timer contact, a suicide

circuit may be configured (Fig. A). In order to settle the problem with this potential suicide circuit, the circuit must be designed so that the timer is turned OFF after the self-retention circuit is completely released (Fig. B).



### 8. Electrical life

The electrical life varies depending on the load type, the switching phase, and the ambient atmosphere. In particular, the following cases require careful attention:

(1) If an AC load is switched in synchronized phases:

Locking or welding is liable to occur due to contact transposition. Check this with the actual system.

(2)If a load is switched very frequently: If a load which generates arcs when a contact is switched is turned ON and OFF very frequently, nitrogen and oxygen in air are combined due to arc energy and then HNO<sub>3</sub> is produced. This may corrode metallic materials.

The effective countermeasures include:

- 1. Using an arc-extinguishing circuit;
- Decreasing the switching frequency; and
- 3. Decreasing the humidity in the ambient atmosphere.

# Cautions for use (common for all models)

### 1. Pin connections

Correctly connect the pins while seeing the terminal layout/wiring diagram. In particular, the DC type, which has polarities, does not operate with the polarities connected reverse. Any incorrect connection can cause abnormal heating or ignition.

### 2. Connection to operation power supply

- 1) Supply voltage must be applied at a time through a switch, a relay, and other parts. If the voltage is applied gradually, the specified time may be reached regardless of its value or the power supply may not be reset.
- 2) The operation voltage for the DC type must be at the specified ripple percentage or less. The average voltage must fall within the allowable operation voltage range.

Rectification type	Ripple percentage
Single-phase, full-wave	Approx. 48%
Three-phase, full-wave	Approx. 4%
Three-phase, half-wave	Approx. 17%

Note: Refer to the ripple percentage of each timer.

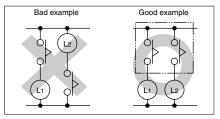
3) Make sure that no induced voltage and residual voltage are applied between the power pins on the timer after the

power switch is turned OFF.

(If the power line is wired in parallel with the high-voltage and motor lines, induced voltage may be produced between the power pins.)

### 3. Control output

1) The load for the control output must be used within the load capacity specified in the rated control capacity. If it is used exceeding the rated value, the life is greatly shortened. 2) The following connection might result in short circuit between the heteropolar contacts in the timer.



### 4. Installing the timer

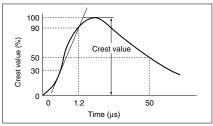
- 1) To install the timer, use the dedicated pin bracket or socket (cap). Avoid connecting the pins on the timer by directly soldering them.
- 2) In order to maintain the characteristics, do not remove the timer cover (case).

# 5. Superimposed surge of power supply

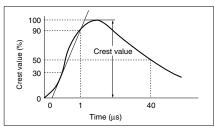
For the superimposed surge of power supply, the standard waveform (±1.2x50µs or ±1x40µs) is taken as the standard value for surge-proof voltage. (The positive and negative voltages are applied each three or five times between the power pins.)

For the standard values for the PM4H, LT4H and S1DX type timers, see the respective items in "Cautions for use."

# • Single-pole, full-wave voltage for surge waveform [ $\pm$ (1.2x50) $\mu$ s]



# • Single-pole, full-wave voltage for surge waveform $[\pm(1x40) \mu s]$



### • PMH [±(1x40) μs]

Voltage type	Surge voltage
AC type (Except for 24V AC)	4,000V
12V DC, 24V DC, 24V AC	500V
48V DC	1,000V
100 to 110V DC	2,000V

If external surge occurs exceeding the specified value, the internal circuit may break down. In this case, use a surge absorption element. The typical surge absorption elements include a varistor, a capacitor, and a diode. If a surge absorption element is used, use an oscilloscope to see whether or not the foreign surge exceeding the specified value appears.

### 6. Changing the set time

Do not change the set time when the limit time operation is in progress. However, this is possible only with the motor-driven type timer if the set time is shorter than the remaining time. For changing the set time on the digital timer (LT4H series), see the relevant item in "Cautions for use."

# **GENERAL APPLICATION GUIDELINES**

### 7. Operating environment

- 1) Use the timer within the ambient temperature range from  $-10^{\circ}$ C to  $+50^{\circ}$ C  $+14^{\circ}$ F to  $+122^{\circ}$ F ( $+55^{\circ}$ C  $+131^{\circ}$ F for the LT4H series) and at ambient humidity of 85% RH maximum.
- 2) Avoid using the timer in a location where inflammable or corrosive gas is generated, the timer is exposed to much dust and other foreign matter water or oil is splashed on the timer or vibrations or shocks are given to the timer.
- 3) The timer cover (case), the knobs, and the dials are made of polycarbonated resin. Therefore, prevent the timer from being exposed to organic solvents such as methyl alcohol, benzine, and thinner, strong acid substances such as caustic

- soda, and ammonia and avoid using the timer in atmosphere containing any of those substances.
- 4) If the timer is used where noises are emitted frequently, separate the input signal elements (such as a sensor), the wiring for the input signal line, and the timer as far as possible from the noise source and the high power line containing noises.

### 8. Checking the actual load

In order to increase the reliability in the actual use, check the quality of the timer in the actual usage.

### 9. Others

1) If the timer is used exceeding the ratings (operation voltage and control capacity), the contact life, or any other

specified limit, abnormal heat, smoke, or ignition may occur.

2) If any malfunction of the timer is likely to affect human life and properties, give allowance to the rated values and performance values. In addition, take appropriate safety measures such as a duplex circuit from the viewpoint of product liabilities.

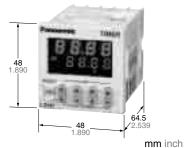


# DIN 48 SIZE DIGITAL TIMER

LT4H

UL File No.: E122222 C-UL File No.: E122222

# c**₩**°us (€



-





Pin type

Screw terminal type

### **Features**

- Bright and Easy-to-Read Display
   A brand new bright 2-color back light
   LCD display. The easy-to-read screen
   in any location makes checking and
   setting procedures a cinch.
- Simple Operation
  Seesaw buttons make operating the unit even easier than before.
- Short Body of only 64.5 mm 2.539 inch (screw terminal type) or 70.1 mm 2.760 inch (pin type)
   With a short body, it is easy to install in even narrow control panels.
- Conforms to IP66's Weather Resistant Standards

The water-proof panel keeps out water and dirt for reliable operation even in poor environments.

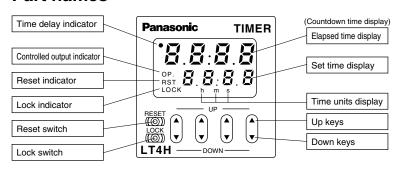
- Screw terminal (M3.5) and Pin Types are Both Standard Options
- The two terminal types are standard options to support either front panel installation or embedded installation.
- Changeable Panel Cover
   Also offers a black panel cover to meet your design considerations.
- Compliant with UL, c-UL and CE.

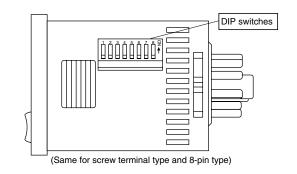
### **Product types**

Time range	Operating mode	Output	Operating voltage	Power down insurance	Terminal type	Part number
					8 pins	LT4H8-AC240V
			100 to 240 V AC		11 pins	LT4H-AC240V
					Screw terminal	LT4H-AC240VS
					8 pins	LT4H8-AC24V
		Relay (1 c)	24 V AC		11 pins	LT4H-AC24V
		(10)			Screw terminal	LT4H-AC24VS
9.999 s (0.001 s~) 99.99 s (0.01 s~) 999.9 s (0.1 s~) 9999 s (1 s~) 99 min 59 s (1 s~) 999.9 min (0.1 min~) 99 h 59 min (1 min~) 999.9 h (0.1 h~)	Power ON delay (1) Power ON delay (2) Signal ON delay Signal OFF delay Pulse One-shot		12 to 24 V DC		8 pins	LT4H8-DC24V
				Available	11 pins	LT4H-DC24V
					Screw terminal	LT4H-DC24VS
	Pulse One-shot Pulse ON-delay				8 pins	LT4HT8-AC240V
	Signal Flicker		100 to 240 V AC		11 pins	LT4HT-AC240V
	Totalizing ON-delay (8 modes)				Screw terminal	LT4HT-AC240VS
		` '			8 pins	LT4HT8-AC24V
		Transistor (1 a)	24 V AC		11 pins	LT4HT-AC24V
		(1 u)			Screw terminal	LT4HT-AC24VS
					8 pins	LT4HT8-DC24V
			12 to 24 V DC		11 pins	LT4HT-DC24V
					Screw terminal	LT4HT-DC24VS

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$  A rubber gasket (ATC18002) and a mounting frame (AT8-DA4) are included.

### Part names





# **Specifications**

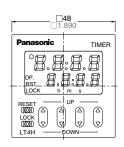
		Туре	Relay o	utput type	Transistor	output type	
Item			AC type AC/DC type	DC type	AC type AC/DC type	DC type	
	Rated opera	ting voltage	100 to 240 V AC, 24 V AC, 24 V AC/DC	12 to 24 V DC	100 to 240 V AC, 24 V AC, 24 V AC/DC	12 to 24 V DC	
	Rated frequency		50/60 Hz common	_	50/60 Hz common	_	
	Rated power	r consumption	Max. 10 V A	Max. 3 W	Max. 10 V A	Max. 3 W	
	Rated contro	ol capacity	5 A, 250 V AC	(resistive load)	100 mA,	30 V DC	
	Time range		9.999 s, 99.99 s, 99	99.9 s, 9999 s, 99 min 59 s, 999.	9 min, 99 h 59 min, 999.9 h (sele	ected by DIP switch)	
	Time countir	ng direction			btraction (DOWN) table by DIP switch)		
Rating	Operation m	ode			al ON delay), C (Signal OFF del otalizing ON delay) (selectable by		
	Start/Reset/S	Stop input	Min. input signal width: 1 m	s, 20 ms (2 directions by selected	d by DIP switch) (The 8-pin type	does not have a stop input.)	
	Lock input		Min.	input signal width: 20 ms (The 8	3-pin type does not have a lock in	nput.)	
	Input signal				: Max. 1 k $\Omega$ ; Residual voltage: M, Max. energized voltage: 40V De		
	Indication		7-segment LCD (LT4H, I	_T4H-L common), Elapsed value	e (backlight red LED), Setting val	ue (backlight yellow LED)	
	Power failure method	e memory		EEP-ROM (Min	. 10 <sup>s</sup> overwriting)		
	Operating tir	me fluctuation				_	
Time	Temperature	e error	± (0.005 % + 50	ms) in case of power on start	Operating voltage		
accuracy (max.)	Voltage error		± (0.005 % + 20 ms) in case of input signal start  ± (0.005 % + 20 ms) in case of input signal start  Temperature: -10 to +55°C +14 to +131°F Min. input signal width: 1ms				
(max.)	Setting error		Think input signal water. This				
	Contact arrangement		Timed-ou	t 1 Form C	Timed-out 1 Form A (Open collector)		
Contact	Contact resistance (Initial value)		100 mΩ (at	1 A 6 V DC)	_		
	Contact material		Ag alloy	/Au flash	_	_	
Life	Mechanical (contact)		Min. 2x10 <sup>,</sup> ope. (Except for switch operation parts)		_		
	Electrical (contact)		1.0x10 <sup>s</sup> ope. (At rated control voltage) Min. 10 <sup>s</sup> ope. (At rated control voltage)			ted control voltage)	
	Allowable operating voltage range		85 to 110 % of rated operating voltage				
	Breakdown (Initial value)		2,000 Vrms for 1 min: Between I 2,000 Vrms for 1 min: Between i 1,000 Vrms for 1 min: Between i		2,000 Vrms for 1 min: Between live and dead metal parts (F 2,000 Vrms for 1 min: Between input and output		
Electrical	Insulation resistance (Initial value)		Between live at Min. 100 MΩ: Between input Between conta		Min. 100 MΩ: Between live and dead metal parts Between input and output (At 500V DC)		
	Operating voltage reset time		Max. 0.5 s				
	Temperature	e rise		65° C rating current at nominal voltage)	_		
	Vibration	Functional	10 to 55	Hz: 1 cycle/min single amplitude	e of 0.35 mm .014 inch (10 min o	n 3 axes)	
	resistance	Destructive	10 to 55 Hz: 1 cycle/min single amplitude of 0.75 mm .030 inch (1 h on 3 axes)				
Mechanical	Shock	Functional	Min. 98 m 321.522 ft./s: (4 times on 3 axes)				
	resistance	Destructive	Min. 294 m 964.567 ft./s <sup>2</sup> (5 times on 3 axes)				
	Ambient tem	perature	−10° C to 55° C +14° F to +131° F				
Operating	Ambient hun	nidity		Max. 85 % RH (	non-condensing)		
conditions	Air pressure			860 to 1,	,060 h Pa		
	Ripple rate		_	20 % or less	_	20 % or less	
Connection				8-pin/11-pin/s	screw terminal		
Protective co	onstruction			IP66 (front panel v	with rubber gasket)		
1 TOLOGUYE CONSULUCION			ii oo (iioni panei wiii lubbei gaskei)				

# Applicable standard

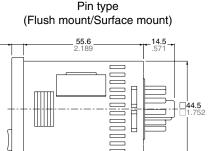
Safety standard	EN61812-1	Pollution Degree 2/Overvoltage Category II
	(EMI)EN61000-6-4	
	Radiation interference electric field strength	EN55011 Group1 ClassA
	Noise terminal voltage	EN55011 Group1 ClassA
	(EMS)EN61000-6-2	·
	Static discharge immunity	EN61000-4-2 4 kV contact
		8 kV air
	RF electromagnetic field immunity	EN61000-4-3 10 V/m AM modulation (80 MHz to 1 GHz)
	· ·	10 V/m pulse modulation (895 MHz to 905 MHz)
EMC	EFT/B immunity	EN61000-4-4 2 kV (power supply line)
		1 kV (signal line)
	Surge immunity	EN61000-4-5 1 kV (power line)
	Conductivity noise immunity	EN61000-4-6 10 V/m AM modulation (0.15 MHz to 80 MHz)
	Power frequency magnetic field immunity	EN61000-4-8 30 A/m (50 Hz)
	Voltage dip/Instantaneous stop/Voltage fluctuation immunity	EN61000-4-11 10 ms, 30% (rated voltage)
		100 ms, 60% (rated voltage)
		1,000 ms, 60% (rated voltage)
		5,000 ms, 95% (rated voltage)

### **Dimensions**

• LT4H digital timer



Screw terminal type



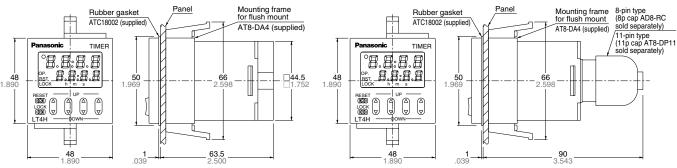
(units: mm inch)

Tolerance:  $\pm 1.0 \pm .039$ 

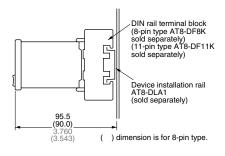
• Dimensions for embedded installation (with adapter installed)

Screw terminal type

Pin type

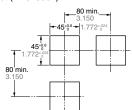


• Dimensions for front panel installations

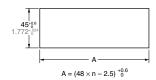


### • Installation panel cut-out dimensions

The standard panel cut-out dimensions are shown below. Use the mounting frame (AT8-DA4) and rubber gasket (ATC18002).



### • For connected installations



- Note) 1: The installation panel thickness should be between 1 and 5 mm .039 and .197 inch.
  - 2: For connected installations, the waterproofing ability between the unit and installation panel is lost.

### **Terminal layouts and wiring diagrams**

• 8-pin type

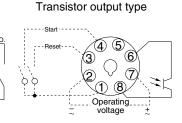
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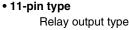
Relay output type

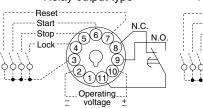
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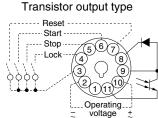
8

Operating\_voltage



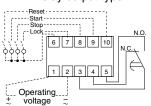




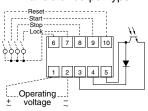


Screw terminal type

Relay output type



Transistor output type



Note) For connecting the output leads of the transistor output type, refer to 5) Transistor output on page 26.

### Setting the operation mode, time range and time

Setting procedure 1) Setting the operation mode and time range

Set the operation mode and time range with the DIP switches on the side of the LT4H timer.

#### **DIP** switches

	Dir Switches						
	lann	DIP switch					
	Item	OFF	ON				
1							
2	Operation mode	Refer to table 1					
3							
*4	Minimum input reset, start, and stop signal width	20 ms	1 ms				
5	Time delay direction	Addition	Subtraction				
6							
7	Time range	table 2					
8							

\* The 8-pin type does not have the stop input, so that the dip switch can be changed over between reset and start inputs. The signal range of the lock input is fixed (minimum 20 ms).

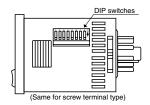


Table 1: Setting the operation mode

DI	P switch N	۱o.	Operation made
1	2	3	Operation mode
ON	ON	ON	A: Power on delay 1
OFF	OFF	OFF	A2: Power on delay 2
ON	OFF	OFF	B: Signal on delay
OFF	ON	OFF	C: Signal off delay
ON	ON	OFF	D: Pulse One shot
OFF	OFF	ON	E: Pulse On delay
ON	OFF	ON	F: Signal Flicker
OFF	ON	ON	G: Totalizing On delay

Table 2: Setting the time range

DIP switch No.			T:
6	7	8	Time range
ON	ON	ON	0.001 s to 9.999 s
OFF	OFF	OFF	0.01 s to 99.99 s
ON	OFF	OFF	0.1 s to 999.9 s
OFF	ON	OFF	1 s to 9999 s
ON	ON	OFF	0 min 01 s to 99 min 59 s
OFF	OFF	ON	0.1 min to 999.9 min
ON	OFF	ON	0 h 01 min to 99 h 59 min
OFF	ON	ON	0.1 h to 999.9 h

Notes: 1) Set the DIP switches before installing the timer.

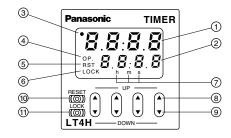
- 2) When the DIP SW setting is changed, turn off the power once.
- 3) The DIP switches are set as ON before shipping.

### Setting procedure 2) Setting the time

Set the set time with the keys (UP and DOWN keys) on the front of the LT4H timer.

### Front display section

- 1) Elapsed time display
- 2 Set time display
- 3 Time delay indicator
- 4 Controlled output indicator
- (5) Reset indicator
- 6 Lock indicator
- 7 Time units display



® UP kevs

Changes the corresponding digit of the set time in the addition direction (upwards)

9 DOWN keys

Changes the corresponding digit of the set time in the subtraction direction (downwards)

10 RESET switch

Resets the elapsed time and the output

11) LOCK switch

Locks the operation of all keys on the unit

### Changing the set time

### It is possible to change the set time with the up and down keys even during time delay with the timer. However, be aware of the following points.

1) If the set time is changed to less than the elapsed time with the time delay set to the addition direction, time delay will continue until the elapsed time reaches full scale, returns to zero, and then reaches the new set time. If the set time

is changed to a time above the elapsed time, the time delay will continue until the elapsed time reaches the new set time.

2) If the time delay is set to the subtraction direction, time delay will continue until "0" regardless of the new set time.

2. If the set time is changed to "0," the unit will operate differently depending on the operation mode.

1) If the operation mode is set to A (power on delay 1) or A2 (power on

delay 2), the output will turn on when the power supply is turned on. However, the output will be off while reset is being input.

2) In the other modes, the output turns on when the start is input. When the operation mode is C (signal off delay), D (Pulse one shot), or F (Signal flicker), only when the start input is on does the output turn on. Also, when the reset is being input, the output is off.

### • Power failure memory

The EEPROM is used for power failure memory. It has a life of Min. 10<sup>5</sup> over-writings. The EEPROM is overwriting with the following timing.

Output mode	Overwrite timing
Power ON delay (2) A2	When power is OFF
Addition G	Change of preset value or start, reset input When power is OFF after being ON
Other modes	When power is OFF after changing preset value

<sup>\*</sup> Be aware that the contents of EEPROM for all modes will be overwritten when power is turned OFF during input to external lock terminals 4 to 3 and 7 to 6. Such an action does not exist by doing lock operation from the front.

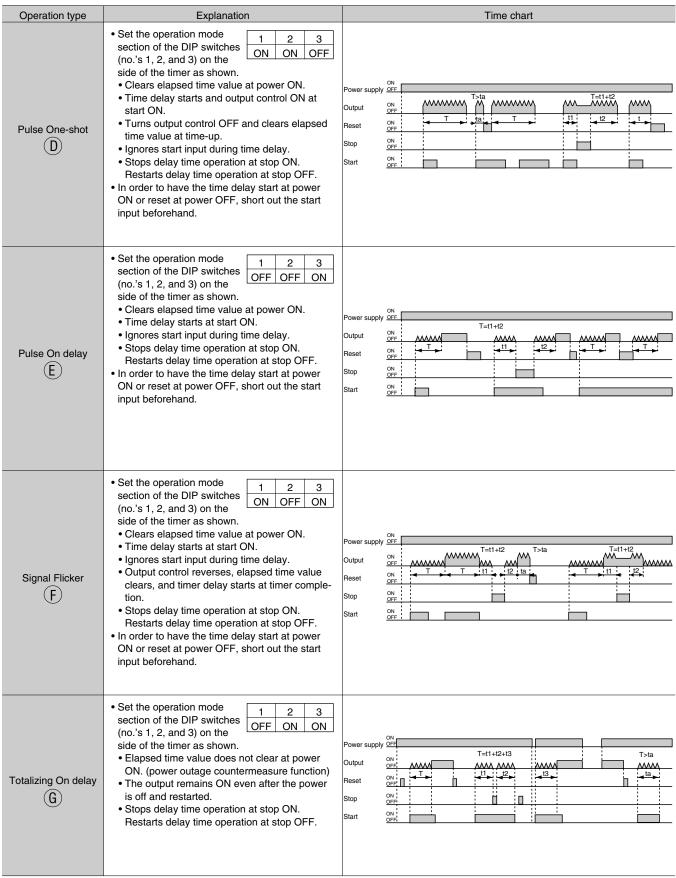
# **Operation mode**

T: Set time t1, t2, t3, ta<T

Operation type	Explanation	Time chart			
Power on delay (1)	Set the operation mode section of the DIP switches (no.'s 1, 2, and 3) on the side of the timer as shown.     Clears elapsed time value and starts time delay at power ON.     After timer completion, stops at the display of the set value (addition), or stops at "0" (subtraction).     Ignores start input.     Stops delay time operation at stop ON. Restarts delay time operation at stop OFF.	Power supply OFF  Output OFF  ON Reset OFF  ON ON OFF  ON ON OFF			
Power on delay (2)	Set the operation mode section of the DIP switches (no.'s 1, 2, and 3) on the side of the timer as shown.     Elapsed time value does not clear at power ON. (power outage countermeasure function)     The output remains ON even after the power is cut and restarted.     After timer completion, stops at the display of the set value (addition), or stops at "0" (subtraction).     Ignores start input.     Stops delay time operation at stop ON. Restarts delay time operation at stop OFF.	Power supply OFF  Output OFF  Non  Reset OFF  Stop OFF			
Signal on delay	Set the operation mode section of the DIP switches (no.'s 1, 2, and 3) on the side of the timer as shown. Clears elapsed time value at power ON. Time delay starts at start ON and elapsed time value or output resets at start OFF. Instantaneous time delay start at reset OFF and power ON while start is ON. Stops delay time operation at stop ON. Restarts delay time operation at stop OFF. In order to have the time delay start at power ON or reset at power OFF, short out the start input beforehand.	Power supply OFF  Output OFF  Stop ON Start OFF			
Signal off delay	Set the operation mode section of the DIP switches (no.'s 1, 2, and 3) on the side of the timer as shown.     Clears elapsed time value at power ON.     Output control ON at start ON and time delay start at start OFF.     Elapsed time value clears when start goes ON again during time delay.     Stops delay time operation at stop ON. Restarts delay time operation at stop OFF.	Power supply OPF Output OPF Reset OPF Stop ON OFF Start OPF			

- Each signal input (start, reset, stop, and lock) is applied by the 11-pin type, and terminal for the screw terminal type).
   The 8-pin type does not have a stop input or lock input.

### LT4H



Notes: 1) Each signal input (start, reset, stop, and lock) is applied by shorting their input terminal to the common terminal (terminal ① for the 8-pin type, terminal ③ for the 11-pin type, and ter-some lost of the screw terminal type).

<sup>2)</sup> The 8-pin type does not have a stop input or lock input.

# Panasonic ideas for life

# DIN 48 SIZE DIGITAL TIMER

# LT4H-W

UL File No.: E122222 C-UL File No.: E122222





mm inch







8-pin type

11-pin type Screw terminal type

### **Features**

• Wide time range

The operation time range covers from 0.01 sec. to 9999 hours.

The individual setting can be performed on each of 1 and 2 timers.

99.99s 99min59s 99h59min 999.9s 999.9min 999.9h 9999s 9999h

Bright and Easy-to-Read Display
 A brand new bright 2-color back light
 LCD display. The easy-to-read screen
 in any location makes checking and
 setting procedures a cinch.

Simple Operation
 Seesaw buttons make operating the unit even easier than before.

• Short Body of only 64.5 mm 2.539

inch (screw terminal type) or 70.1 mm 2.760 inch (pin type)
With a short body, it is easy to install in even narrow control panels.

### Conforms to IP66's Weather Resistant Standards

The water-proof panel keeps out water and dirt for reliable operation even in poor environments.

 Screw terminal (M3.5) and Pin Types are Both Standard Options

The two terminal types are standard options to support either front panel installation or embedded installation.

Changeable Panel Cover
 Also offers a black panel cover to meet your design considerations.

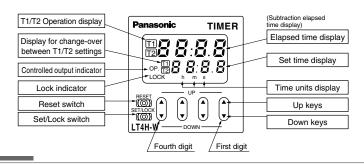
• Compliant with UL, c-UL and CE.

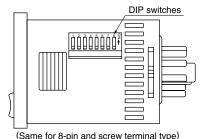
### **Product types**

Time range	Operating mode	Output	Operating voltage	Power down insurance	Terminal type	Part number
					8 pins	LT4HW8-AC240V
			100 to 240 V AC		11 pins	LT4HW-AC240V
					Screw terminal	LT4HW-AC240VS
					8 pins	LT4HW8-AC24V
		Relay (1 c)	24 V AC		11 pins	LT4HW-AC24V
		(10)			Screw terminal	LT4HW-AC24VS
99.99s	Pulse input:  Delayed one shot  OFF-start flicker  ON-start flicker  Integrating input:  Delayed one shot  OFF-start flicker  ON-start flicker		12 to 24 V DC		8 pins	LT4HW8-DC24V
999.9s				Available	11 pins	LT4HW-DC24V
9999s 99min59s					Screw terminal	LT4HW-DC24VS
999.9min			100 to 240 V AC		8 pins	LT4HWT8-AC240V
99h59min 999.9h				100 to 240 V AC	11 pins	LT4HWT-AC240V
9999h					Screw terminal	LT4HWT-AC240VS
			24 V AC		8 pins	LT4HWT8-AC24V
		Transistor (1 a)			11 pins	LT4HWT-AC24V
		(1 a)			Screw terminal	LT4HWT-AC24VS
					8 pins	LT4HWT8-DC24V
			12 to 24 V DC		11 pins	LT4HWT-DC24V
					Screw terminal	LT4HWT-DC24VS

<sup>\*</sup> A rubber gasket (ATC18002) and a mounting frame (AT8-DA4) are included.

### Part names





# LT4H-W

# **Specifications**

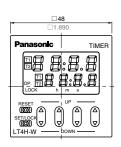
		Туре	Relay outp	out type	Transistor	output type	
Item			AC type	DC type	AC type	DC type	
	Rated opera	ting voltage	100 to 240 V AC, 24 V AC	12 to 24 V DC	100 to 240V AC, 24V AC	12 to 24 V DC	
	Rated freque	ency	50/60 Hz common	_	50/60 Hz common	_	
		r consumption	Max. 10 V A	Max. 3 W	Max. 10 V A	Max. 3 W	
	Rated contro	ol capacity	5 A. 250	V AC	100 mA.	30 V DC	
Rating	Time range	,,	- /		h59min, 999.9h, 9999h (selecte		
	Time counting	ng direction		Addition (UP)/Su	btraction (DOWN) cable by DIP switch)	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Operation m	iode		ulse input: Delayed one shot, C	DFF-start flicker or ON-start flicker, OFF-start flicker or ON-start flicker		
	Start/Reset/	Stop input	Min. input signal width: 1 ms,	20 ms (2 directions by selecte	d by DIP switch) (The 8 pin type	does not have a stop input.)	
	Lock input		Min. ir	nput signal width: 20 ms (The 8	3-pin type does not have a lock in	nput.)	
	Input signal		Open co	ollector input Input impedance	: Max. 1 kΩ; Residual voltage: Max. energized voltage: 40 V E	lax. 2V	
	Indication		7-segment LC	CD, Elapsed value (backlight re	ed LED), Setting value (backlight	yellow LED)	
	Power failure method	e memory		EEP-ROM (Min	. 10₅ overwriting)		
	Operating tir	me fluctuation					
Time	Temperature	e error	± (0.005% + 50 ms	) in case of power on start	Operating voltage: 85% to		
accuracy (max.)	Voltage erro	r	(0 0050/ , 00 mg) in asso of imput simple start				
(IIIax.)	Setting error		± (0.005% + 20 ms) in case of input signal start  Min. input signal width: 1ms				
	Contact arra		Timed-out 1 Form C Timed-out 1 Form A (Open collector			A (Open collector)	
Contact		ance (Initial value)			_		
	Contact mat		Ag alloy/Au flash		_		
Life	Mechanical		Min. 2x10 <sup>,</sup> ope. (Except for switch operation parts)		-	_	
LIIC	Electrical (contact)		Min. 10 <sup>-</sup> ope. (At rated control voltage)  Min. 10 <sup>-</sup> ope. (At rated control voltage)			ted control voltage)	
	Allowable opera	ating voltage range	85 to 110 % of rated operating voltage				
	Breakdown voltage (Initial value)		2,000 Vrms for 1 min: Between live and dead metal parts (11-pin type only) 2,000 Vrms for 1 min: Between input and output 1,000 Vrms for 1 min: Between contacts 2,000 Vrms for 1 min: Between input and output				
Electrical	Insulation re (Initial value			live and dead metal parts input and output (At 500V DC) contacts	Min. 100 MΩ: Between live and dead metal parts Between input and output (At 500V DC)		
	Operating vo	oltage reset	Max. 0.5 s				
	Temperature	e rise	Max 65 (under the flow of nominal operat		_		
	Vibration	Functional	10 to 55 Hz: 1 cycle/ min single amplitude of 0.35 mm .014 inch (10 min on 3 axes)				
Mechanical	resistance	Destructive	10 to 55	Hz: 1 cycle/ min single amplitu	de of 0.75 mm .030 inch (1 h on	3 axes)	
viecnanicai	Shock	Functional		Min. 98 m 321.522 ft.	/s² (4 times on 3 axes)		
	resistance Destructive		Min. 294 m 964.567 ft./s <sup>2</sup> (5 times on 3 axes)				
	Ambient tem	perature	-10° C to 55° C +14° F to +131° F				
Operating	Ambient hur	•			non-condensing)		
conditions	Air pressure				.060 h Pa		
	Ripple rate		_	20 % or less	_	20 % or less	
Connection	1, 55.0				screw terminal		
Protective co	onstruction				with rubber gasket)		
TOTECTIVE C	onstruction			ii oo (iiont paner	mili rubber yaskelj		

# Applicable standard

Safety standard	EN61812-1	Pollution Degree 2/Overvoltage Category II
	(EMI)EN61000-6-4	
	Radiation interference electric field strength	EN55011 Group1 ClassA
	Noise terminal voltage	EN55011 Group1 ClassA
	(EMS)EN61000-6-2	
	Static discharge immunity	EN61000-4-2 4 kV contact
		8 kV air
	RF electromagnetic field immunity	EN61000-4-3 10 V/m AM modulation (80 MHz to 1 GHz)
		10 V/m pulse modulation (895 MHz to 905 MHz)
EMC	EFT/B immunity	EN61000-4-4 2 kV (power supply line)
		1 kV (signal line)
	Surge immunity	EN61000-4-5 1 kV (power line)
	Conductivity noise immunity	EN61000-4-6 10 V/m AM modulation (0.15 MHz to 80 MHz)
	Power frequency magnetic field immunity	EN61000-4-8 30 A/m (50 Hz)
	Voltage dip/Instantaneous stop/Voltage fluctuation immunity	EN61000-4-11 10 ms, 30% (rated voltage)
		100 ms, 60% (rated voltage)
		1,000 ms, 60% (rated voltage)
		5,000 ms, 95% (rated voltage)

### **Dimensions**

• LT4H-W digital timer



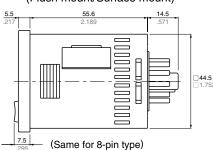
Screw terminal type (Flush mount)

5.5
64.5
2.539
44.5
1.75

Pin type (Flush mount/Surface mount)

(units: mm inch)

Tolerance:  $\pm 1.0 \pm .039$ 



• Dimensions for flush mount (with adapter installed)

Screw terminal type

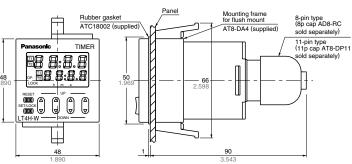
Rubber gasket
ATC:18002 (supplied)

Pansonic
TIMER

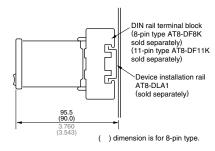
1.999
1.999
1.999
2.500

Mounting frame for flush mount
AT8-DA4 (supplied)



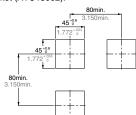


• Dimensions for front panel installations

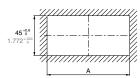


### Installation panel cut-out dimensions

The standard panel cut-out dimensions are shown below. Use the mounting frame (AT8-DA4) and rubber gasket (ATC18002).



### • For connected installations



When n timers are continuously installed, the dimension (A) is calculated according to the following formula (n: the number of the timers to be installed):  $A=(48\times n-2.5)^{\circ 6} \quad A=(1.890\times n-.098)^{\circ .004}$ 

Note) 1: The installation panel thickness should be between 1

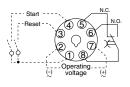
and 5 mm .039 and .197 inch.

2: For connected installations, the waterproofing ability between the unit and installation panel is lost.

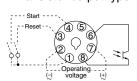
### Terminal layouts and wiring diagrams

• 8-Pin type

Relay output type

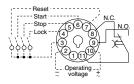


Transistor output type

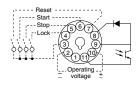


• 11-Pin type

Relay output type

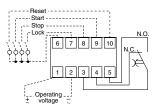


Transistor output type

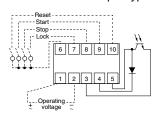


Screw terminal type

Relay output type



Transistor output type



Note) For connecting the output leads of the transistor output type, refer to 5) Transistor output on page 26.

### LT4H-W

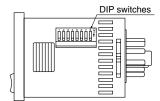
### Setting the operation mode and time range

Setting procedure 1) Setting the time range (Timer T<sub>1</sub>/Timer T<sub>2</sub>)

Set the time range with the DIP switches on the side of the LT4H-W timer.

	la	DIP switch		
	Item	OFF	ON	
1				
2	Time range	Refer to table 1		
3	(Timer T <sub>1</sub> )			
*4	Minimum input reset, start, and stop signal width	20 ms	1 ms	
5	Time delay direction	Addition	Subtraction	
6				
7	Time range (Timer T <sub>2</sub> )	Refer to table 2		
8	(1111101 12)			

\* The 8-pin type does not have the stop input, so that the dip switch can be changed over between reset and start inputs. The signal range of the lock input is fixed (minimum 20 ms).



(same for screw terminal type and 8-pin type.)

### Table 1: Setting the time range (Timer T<sub>1</sub>)

	DII	P switch N	No.	Time #00 #0
	1	2	3	Time range
	ON	ON	ON	0.01 s to 99.99 s
-	OFF	OFF	OFF	0.1 s to 999.9 s
	ON	OFF	OFF	1 s to 9999 s
	OFF	ON	OFF	0 min 01 s to 99 min 59 s
	ON	ON	OFF	0.1 min to 999.9 min
	OFF	OFF	ON	0 h 01 min to 99 h 59 min
	ON	OFF	ON	0.1 h to 999.9 h
	OFF	ON	ON	1 h to 9999 h

Table 2: Setting the time range (Timer T<sub>2</sub>)

DIP switch No.			Time years
6	7	8	Time range
ON	ON	ON	0.01 s to 99.99 s
OFF	OFF	OFF	0.1 s to 999.9 s
ON	OFF	OFF	1 s to 9999 s
OFF	ON	OFF	0 min 01 s to 99 min 59 s
ON	ON	OFF	0.1 min to 999.9 min
OFF	OFF	ON	0 h 01 min to 99 h 59 min
ON	OFF	ON	0.1 h to 999.9 h
OFF	ON	ON	1 h to 9999 h

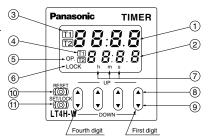
Notes: 1) Set the DIP switches before installing the timer.

- 2) When the DIP SW setting is changed, turn off the power once.
- 3) The DIP switches are set as ON before shipping

### Setting procedure 2) Setting the operation mode

Set the operation mode with the keys on the front of the LT4H-W timer.

- 1 Elapsed time display
- 2 Set time display
- T<sub>1</sub>/T<sub>2</sub> operation indicator
   T<sub>1</sub>/T<sub>2</sub> setting value
- selectable indicator
- 5 Controlled output indicator
- 6 Lock indicator
- 7 Time units display



® UP keys

Changes the corresponding digit of the set time in the addition direction (upwards)

9 DOWN keys

Changes the corresponding digit of the set time in the subtraction direction (downwards)

10 RESET switch

Resets the elapsed time and the output

Ex: Setting operation mode display

(PULSE-A example)

11 SET/LOCK switch

Changes over the display between T<sub>1</sub>/T<sub>2</sub> settings, sets the operation mode, checks the operation mode and locks the operation of each key (such as up, down or reset key).

1) Setting or changing the operation mode

- (1) When the UP or DOWN key at the first digit is pressed with the SET/LOCK switch pressed, the mode is changed over to the setting mode.
- (3) The operation mode in the setting mode is changed over sequentially in the left or right direction by pressing the UP or DOWN key at the first digit, respectively.



(4) The operational mode displayed at present is set by pressing the RESET switch, and the display returns to the normal condition.

### 2) Setting (changing) the time

- (1) Pressing the SET/LOCK key switches the set value display between T1 and T2. Display the timer (T1 or T2) which is to be set (or changed). (2) After displaying the timer (T1 or T2) which is to be set, press the UP or DOWN key to change the time.

### · Checking the operation mode

When the UP or DOWN key at the second digit is pressed with the SET/LOCK switch pressed, the operational mode can be checked.

The display returns to the normal condition after indicating the operational mode for about two seconds. (While the display indicates the operational mode for about two seconds, the other indicators continue to operate normally.)

### Setting the lock

When the UP or DOWN key at the fourth digit is pressed with the SET/LOCK switch pressed, all keys on the unit are locked.

The timer does not accept any of UP, DOWN and RESET keys. To release the lock setting, press the UP or DOWN key at the fourth digit again with the set/lock switch pressed.

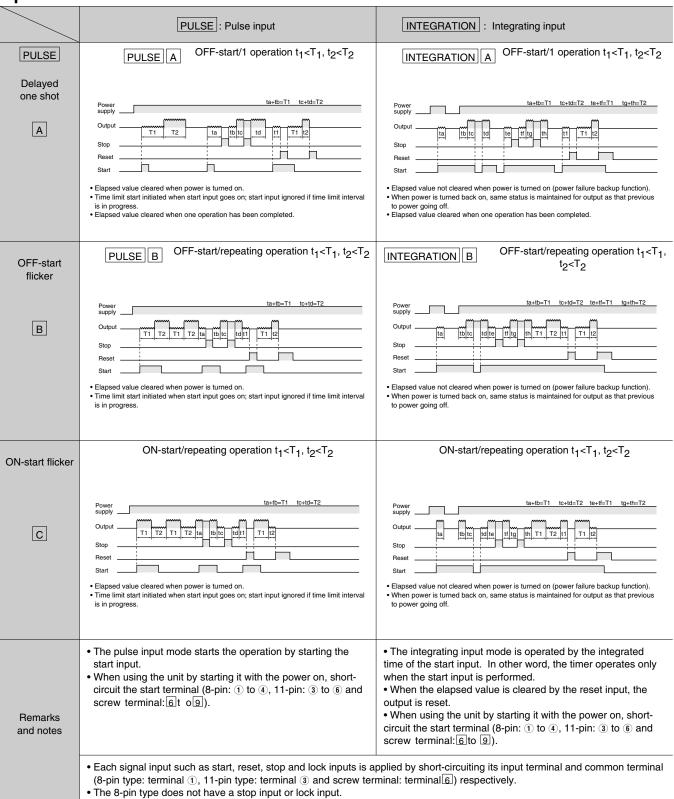
 $^{\star}$  Operational mode, adding and subtracting and minimum input signal range cannot be set at T<sub>1</sub> and T<sub>2</sub>, respectively.

• Changing over the T<sub>1</sub>/T<sub>2</sub> setting display
The T1/T2 setting display is changed over by pressing the SET/LOCK switch. (This operation gives no effect on the other operations. The set time and elapsed time (residual time) at T<sub>1</sub> are linked with those at T<sub>2</sub>.)

### Changing the set time

- 1) It is possible to change the set time with the UP and DOWN keys even during time delay with the timer. However, be aware of the following points.
  - (1) If the set time is changed to less than the elapsed time with the time delay set to the addition direction, time delay will continue until the elapsed time reaches full scale, returns to zero, and then reaches the new set time. If the set time is changed to a time above the elapsed time, the time delay will continue until the elapsed time reaches the new set time.
  - (2) If the time delay is set to the subtraction direction, time delay will continue until "0" regardless of the new set time.
- 2) When the set times at T<sub>1</sub> and T<sub>2</sub> are set to 0, the output becomes ON only while the start input is carried out. However, while the reset input is carried out, the output becomes OFF.

### **Operation Mode**



### LT4H SERIES CAUTIONS FOR USE

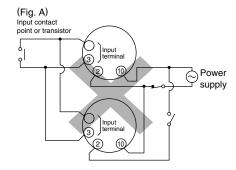
### 1. Terminal wiring

- 1) When wiring the terminals, refer to the terminal layout and wiring diagrams and be sure to perform the wiring properly without errors.
- 2) When using the instrument with an flush mounting, the screw-down terminal type is recommended. For the pin type, use either the rear terminal block (AT78041) or the 8P cap (AD8-RC) for the 8-pin type, and the rear terminal block (AT78051) or the 11P cap (AT8-DP11) for the 11-pin type. Avoid soldering directly to the round pins on the unit. When using the instrument with a front panel installation, use the DIN rail terminal block (AT8-DF8K) for the 8-pin type and the DIN rail terminal block (AT8-DF11K) for the 11-pin type.
- 3) After turning the unit off, make sure that any resulting induced voltage or residual voltage is not applied to power supply terminals ② through ⑦ (8-pin type) ② through ⑩ (11-pin type) or 1 and 2 (screw terminal type). (If the

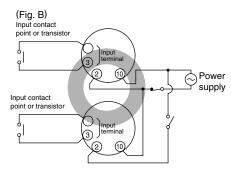
power supply wire is wired parallel to the high voltage wire or power wire, an induced voltage may be generated between the power supply terminals.)
4) Have the power supply voltage pass through a switch or relay so that it is applied at one time. If the power supply is applied gradually, the counting may malfunction regardless of the settings, the power supply reset may not function, or other such unpredictable occurrence may result.

### 2. Input connections

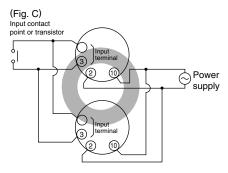
The power circuit has no transformer (power and input terminals are not insulated). When an input signal is fed to two or more timers at once, do not arrange the power circuit in an independent way. If the timer is powered on and off independently as shown in Fig. A, the timer's internal circuitry may get damaged. Be careful never to allow such circuitry. (Figs. A, B and C show the circuitry for the 11-pin type.)



If independent power circuitry must be used, keep the input contacts or transistors separate from each other, as shown in Fig. B.



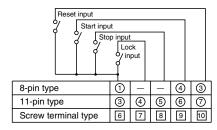
When power circuitry is not independent, one input signal can be fed to two or more counters at once, as shown in Fig. C.



### 3. Input and output

- 1) Signal input type
- (1) Contact point input

Use highly reliable metal plated contacts. Since the contact point's bounce time leads directly to error in the timer operations, use contacts with as short a bounce time as possible. Also, select a minimum input signal width of 20 ms.



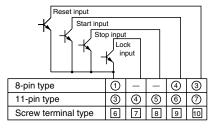
(2) Non-contact point input Connect with an open collector. Use transistors whose characteristics satisfy the criteria given below.

VCEO = 20 V min.

Ic = 20 mA min.

Iсво =  $6\mu A$  max.

Also, use transistors with a residual voltage of less than 2 V when the transistor is on.

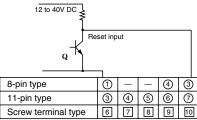


\* The short-circuit impedance should be less than 1  $k\Omega$ .

[When the impedance is 0  $\Omega$ , the current coming from the start input and stop input terminals is approximately 12 mA, and from the reset input and lock input terminals is approximately 1.5 mA.]

Also, the open-circuit impedance should be more than 100  $k\Omega$ .

\* As shown in the diagram below, from a non-contact point circuit (proximity switches, photoelectric switches, etc.) with a power supply voltage of between 12 and 40 V, the signal can be input without using an open collector transistor. In the case of the diagram below, when the non-contact point transistor Q switches from off to on (when the signal voltage goes from high to low), the signal is input.



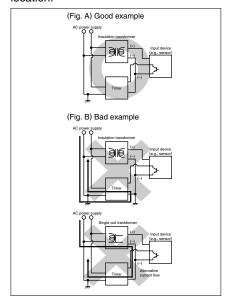
(The above example is for reset input)

- 2) The input mode and output mode change depending on the DIP switch settings. Therefore, before making any connections, be sure to confirm the operation mode and operation conditions currently set.
- 3) The LT4H series use power supply without a transformer (power and input terminals are not insulated). In connecting various kinds of input signals, therefore, use a power transformer in which the primary side is separated from the ungrounded secondary side as shown in Fig. A, for the power supply for a sensor and other input devices so that short-circuiting can be prevented.

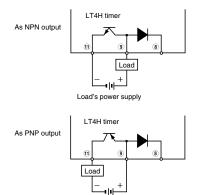
### LT4H SERIES CAUTIONS FOR USE

Once the wiring to be used is completely installed and prior to installing this timer, confirm that there is complete insulation between the wires connected to the power terminals (2 each) and the wires connected to each input terminal. If the power and input lines are not insulated, a short-circuit may occur inside the timer and result in internal damage.

In addition, when moving your equipment to a new installation location, confirm that there is no difference in environmental conditions as compared to the previous location.



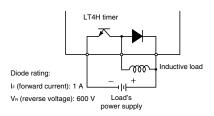
- 4) The input signal is applied by the shorting of each input terminal with the common terminal (terminal ① for 8-pin types, terminal ③ for 11-pin types and terminal ⑥ for screw terminal types). Never connect other terminals or voltages higher than 40V DC, because it may destroy the internal circuitry.
- 5) Transistor output
- Since the transistor output is insulated from the internal circuitry by a photocoupler, it can be used as an NPN



Note: With the 8-pin type, there is no diode between points (§) and (§).

Load's power supply

output or PNP (equal value) output. (The above example is 11-pin type)



- (2) Use the diode connected to the output transistor's collector for absorbing the reverse voltage from induced loads.
- 6) When wiring, use shielded wires or metallic wire tubes, and keep the wire lengths as short as possible.
- 7) For the load of the controlled output, make sure that it is lower than the rated control capacity.

### 4. Operation of LT4H digital timer

- 1) Turning on and off the power supply while operating in A2\* (Power on delay 2) or G (Totalizing On delay) will result in a timer error to be generated due to the characteristics of the internal circuitry. Therefore, use the start input or stop input.
- \* Not related to the start input.
- 2) When controlling the timer by turning on the power supply, use only A (Power on delay 1) or A2 (Power on delay 2). Use of other modes in this situation will result in timer errors. When using the other modes, control the timer with the start input or stop input.

### 5. Operation mode and time range setting

The operation mode and time range can be set with the DIP switches on the side of the timer. Make the DIP switch settings before installing the timer on the panel.

The operation mode of LT4H-W series can be set with the keys and switches on the front of the timer.

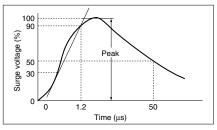
### 6. Conditions of usage

- 1) Avoid locations subject to flammable or corrosive gases, excessive dust, oil, vibrations, or excessive shocks.
- 2) Since the cover of the timer is made of polycarbonate resin, avoid contact with or use in environments containing methyl alcohol, benzene, thinners, and other organic solvents; and ammonia, caustic sodas, and other alkaline substances.
- 3) If power supply surges exceed the values given below, the internal circuits may

Operating voltage	Surge voltage (peak value)
AC type	6,000V
DC type 24V AC type	1,000V

### Surge wave form

[± (1.2x50) µs uni-polar full wave voltage]



become damaged. Be sure to use surge absorbing element to prevent this from happening.

4) Regarding external noise, the values below are considered the noise-resistant voltages. If voltages rise above these

	Power supp	la a cat		
	AC type	DC type 24V AC type	Input terminals	
loise oltage 1,500V		1,000V	600V	

values, malfunctions or damage to the internal circuitry may result, so take the necessary precautions.

Noise wave form (noise simulator)

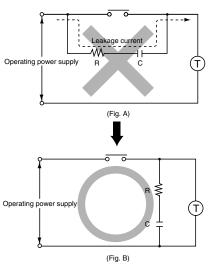
Rise time: 1 ns

Pulse width: 1 µs, 50 ns

Polarity: ±

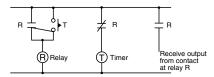
Cycle: 100 cycles/second

5) When connecting the operating power supply, make sure that no leakage current enters the timer. For example, when performing contact protection, if set up like that of fig. A, leaking current will



pass through C and R, enter the unit, and cause incorrect operation. The fig. B shows the correct setup.

6) Long periods of continuous operation in the time-up completed condition (one month or more) will result in the weakening of the internal electrical components from the generated heat and, therefore, should be avoided. If you do plan to use



the unit for such continuous operation, use in conjunction with a relay as shown in the circuit in the diagram below.

### 7. Acquisition of CE marking

Please abide by the conditions below when using in applications that comply with EN61812-1.

- 1) Overvoltage category III, pollution level 2
- 2) This timer employs a power supply without a transformer, so the power and input signal terminals are not insulated.
- (1) When a sensor is connected to the input circuit, install double insulation on the sensor side.
- (2) In the case of contact input, use dual-insulated relays, etc.
- 3) The load connected to the output contact should have basic insulation.

This timer is protected with basic insulation and can be double-insulated to meet EN/IEC requirements by using basic insulation on the load.

4) Please use a power supply that is protected by an overcurrent protection device which complies with the EN/IEC standard (example: 250 V 1 A fuse, etc.). 5) You must use a terminal socket or socket for the installation. Do not touch the terminals or other parts of the timer when it is powered. When installing or un-installing, make sure that no voltage is being applied to any of the terminals. 6) Do not use this timer as a safety circuit. For example when using a timer in a heater circuit, etc., provide a protection circuit on the machine side.

### 7. Self-diagnosis function

If a malfunction occurs, one of the following displays will appear.

Display	Contents	Output condition	Restoration procedure	Preset values after restoration
	Malfunctioning CPU.	0==	Enter reset input, RESET	The values at start-up before the CPU malfunction occurred.
	Malfunctioning memory. See note.	1 ()	key, or restart unit.	0

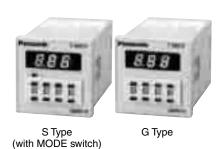
Note: Includes the possibility that the EEPROM's life has expired.

Panasonic ideas for life

# DIN 48 SIZE DIGITAL TIMER

QM4H

**c ₹11**°us ( €



### **Features**

- Possible to set and change the time and the time range even when the power is off.
- Furthermore single unit has a time range of 0.01 s to 9990hrs.
- Selectable 8 different time ranges with front digit switches.
- [QM4H-S Type]

It can select the mode with MODE switch.

T.D. MODE: Time delay 2C (2 Form C)

INST. MODE: Time delay 1C (1 Form C)

Instantaneous 1C (1 Form C)

[QM4H-G Type]

Reset and stop signal input enable to external control.

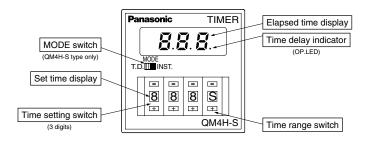
• Compliant with UL/c-UL and CE.

### **Product types**

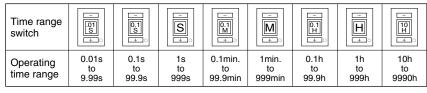
Product name	Time delay direction	Time range	Operating mode	Contact arrangement	Operating voltage	Part number		
S Type QM4H			Power ON delay	T.D. mode: Time delay 2C INST. mode: Time delay 1C	12 to 48 V AC/DC	QM4HS-U2C-48V		
digital timer	- Addition	0.01s/0.1s/1s/0.1min/ 1min/0.1h/1h/10h	,	and Instantaneous 1C (Use MODE switch on front)	100 to 240 V AC/DC	QM4HS-U2C-240V		
G Type QM4H		Addition	Addition	(8 time ranges)	Power ON delay (with reset and	Time delay 1C	12 to 48 V AC/DC	QM4HG-U1C-48V
digital timer			stop terminals)	Time delay 10	100 to 240 V AC/DC	QM4HG-U1C-240V		

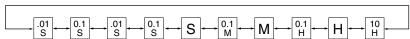
Note: Time delay directional subtraction types are also available by order

### Part names



# Time range settings





Note that there are two settings with the same range.

### Changing the time setting

- It is possible to use the up and down keys to change the time setting even during timer delay. However, attention should be paid to the following.
- 1) When the time setting is shorter than the elapsed time, and timer delay is set in the plus direction, the time setting will return to "0" after the timer delay reaches full-scale, timer delay will be performed up to the changed time setting, and time up will be reached.

  2) When timer delay is set in the minus direction, timer delay will be performed up to "0" regardless of the time, even if the time setting is shorter than the elapsed time, and time up will be reached.

### **Specifications**

Item		Туре		QM4H-S	QM4H-G			
	Rated operating	g voltage		12 to 48 V AC/DC and 100 to 240 V AC/DC				
		12 to 48 V	During time delay	12 V DC, 48 V DC: Max. 1.5W 12 V AC, 48 V AC: Max. 3.0 VA	During time delay	12 V DC, 48 V DC: Max. 1.0W 12 V AC, 48 V AC: Max. 2.0 VA		
	Rated power	AC/DC	After time delay	12 V DC, 48 V DC: Max. 2.5W 12 V AC, 48 V AC: Max. 5.0 VA	After time delay	12 V DC, 48 V DC: Max. 1.5W 12 V AC, 48 V AC: Max. 3.5 VA		
	consumption	100 to 240 V	During time delay	100 V DC, 240 V DC: Max. 1.5W 100 V AC, 240 V AC: Max. 3.0 VA	During time delay	100 V DC, 240 V DC: Max. 1.0W 100 V AC, 240 V AC: Max. 2.5 VA		
Rating		AC/DC	After time delay	100 V DC, 240 V DC: Max. 2.0W 100 V AC, 240 V AC: Max. 4.0 VA	After time delay	100 V DC, 240 V DC: Max. 1.8W 100 V AC, 240 V AC: Max. 3.2 VA		
	Rated frequenc	у		50/60 Hz cor	nmon (at AC)			
	Rated control c	apacity		5 A, 250V AC	(resistive load	l)		
	Time range		0.0	1s to 9990h, Selection of 8 range: 0	0.01s/0.1s/1s/	0.1min/1min/0.1h/1h/10h		
	Operation mod	e		Power ON delay	Power ON de	elay (with reset and stop terminals)		
	Min. input signa	al width		_	20ms	s (Reset and Stop inputs)*4		
	Operating time	fluctuation		±(0.01%+0.05s) in case of				
Time	Temperature er	ror		±(0.005%+0.03s) in case of		start*2		
accuracy*1	Setting error		Operating voltage: 85 to 110% V Temperature: -10 to +55°C +14 to 131°F (20°C 68°F) Stopped time: 0.1 sec to 1 hour					
	Voltage error							
Contact	Contact arrang	ement	INST. mode:	ime delay 2C Time delay 1C and is 1C (Use MODE switch on front)	Time delay 1C			
	Contact materia	al	Silver alloy					
1.15. +0	Mechanical (co	ntact)	Min. 10 <sup>7</sup>					
Life*3	Electrical (cont	act)	Min. 10 <sup>5</sup> (at rated control vltage)					
	Allowable opera	ating voltage range	85 to 110% of rated operating voltage					
	Breakdown volt (Initial value)	tage	Between live and dead metal parts, between input and output, between contact sets, between contacts Min. 100 M $\Omega$ (at 500 V DC megger)					
Electrical	Insulation resis (Initial value)	tance	Between live and dead metal parts: 2, 000 Vrms for 1 min Between input and output: 2, 000 Vrms for 1 min Between contact sets: 2, 000 Vrms for 1 min Between contacts: 1, 000 Vrms for 1 min					
	Reset time		Max. 0.1s					
	Vibration	Functional	10 to	55 Hz: 1 cycle/min. single amplitude	of 0.25 mm .	010 inch (10 min on 3 axes)		
Mechanical	resistance	Destructive	10 to	55 Hz: 1 cycle/min. single amplitud	de of 0.375 mi	m .015 inch (1h on 3 axes)		
wechanical	Shock	Functional		98 m/s² (4 tim	es on 3 axes)	)		
	resistance	Destructive	980 m/s <sup>2</sup> (5 times on 3 axes)					
	Ambient tempe	rature	−10°C to 55°C +14°F to +131°F					
Operating conditions	Ambient humid	ity		Min. 35 to 85% RF	I (non-conden	nsing)		
Conditions	Air pressure			860 to 1	060 hPa			
	Mass (Weight)			Approx. 130 g 4.59 oz		Approx. 120 g 4.23 oz		
Others	Available stand	ards		UL, c-l	JL, CE			
	Operating displ	ay		LED (red), During time delay:	blinking, After	time delay: OFF		
		17.17		200) ambient temp 000C 000E				

Notes: 1. Unspecified measuring conditions are rated operating voltage (in case of DC type, ripple rate of 5% or less), ambient temp. 20°C 68°F, and stop time 1 second.

- 2. Reset start applies to QM4H-G type.
- 3. Excluding switches
- 4. Note that if the QM4H-G type is set to zero "0" and a STOP signal is input, output will begin when the power is turned on.
- 5. The protective structure on the AQM4801 is IP50, and IP64 for the AQM4803.

### **Applicable standard**

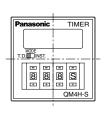
Safety standard	EN61010-1	Pollution Degree 2/Overvoltage Category II
EMC	(EMI)EN61000-6-4 Radiation interference electric field strength Noise terminal voltage (EMS)EN61000-6-2 Static discharge immunity  RF electromagnetic field immunity  EFT/B immunity  Surge immunity  Surge immunity  Conductivity noise immunity Power frequency magnetic field immunity Voltage dip/Instantaneous stop/Voltage fluctuation immunity	EN55011 Group1 ClassA EN55011 Group1 ClassA EN61000-4-2
		1,000 ms, 60% (rated voltage) 5,000 ms, 95% (rated voltage)

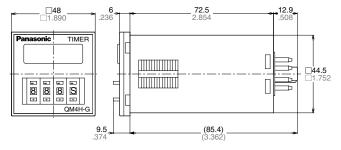
### **Dimensions**

(units: mm inch) Tolerance:  $\pm 1.0 \pm .039$ 

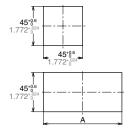
• S Type

• G Type



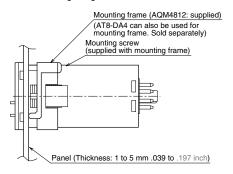


### Panel cut-out dimensions

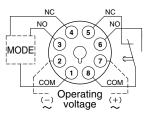


Dimensions A when n products are installed continuously:  $A = (48*n-2.5^{+0.6})$   $A = (1.890*n-.098^{+0.24})$ 

### Panel Mounting Diagram



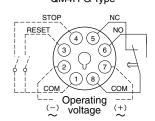
### Terminal layouts and Wiring diagrams • QM4H-S Type



MODE TD mode: Time delay 2C INST mode: T.D. INST. Time delay 1C and Instantaneous 1C \*Use MODE switch on front

- Notes:
  1. Operating voltage signs in parentheses ( ) indicate the polarity of the DC type.
- 2. is a time delay contact. is an instantaneous contact.

• QM4H-G Type

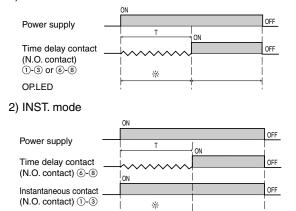


### **Operation mode**

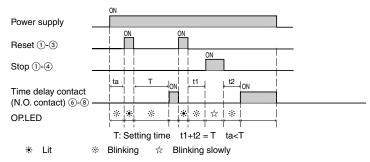
### • QM4H-S Type

### 1) T.D. mode

OP.LED



### • QM4H-G Type



- \* Set the reset inputs (1) to (3) and stop inputs (1) to (4) to 20 ms or higher.
- \* When shorting a signal, please set the inter-terminal resistance to 1 k $\Omega$  or less, and the inter-terminal residual voltage to 2 V or less. When releasing, please set the inter-terminal resistance to 100 k $\Omega$  or greater.

### Precautions in using the QM4H

- 1. Avoid locations subject to flammable or corrosive gases, excessive dust, oil, vibrations, or excessive shocks.
- 2. Since the main-unit is made of polycarbonate resin, avoid contact with or use in environments containing methyl alcohol, benzene, thinners, and other organic solvents; and ammonia, caustic sodas, and other alkaline substances.
- 3. Power supply superimposed surge protector

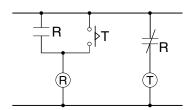
Although a surge protector will withstand standard-waveform voltage with the values in the next table, anything above this will destroy the internal circuit. You should therefore use a surge absorber.

12 to 48 V AC/DC	100 to 240 V AC/DC
1,000 V	6,000 V

Surge waveform

[ $\pm$ (1.2×50)  $\mu$ s uni-polar full wave voltage]

- 4. In order to maintain the characteristics, do not remove the timer case.
- 5. When installing the panel, use the supplied AQM4812 main-unit mounting frame. Note that the ATA4811 is also available for sale separately.
- 6. If you change the operating voltage, be sure not to allow leak current into the timer.
- 7. Avoid leaving the unit powered continuously. Leaving the unit powered up with output set to ON continuously for a long period of time (about 1 month or more) will wear out the electronic components. If you will be keeping it powered continuously, combine with a relay to create the circuit shown below:



### Compliance with the CE marking

- When using in applications to which EN61010-1/IEC61010-1 applies, abide by the following conditions.
- 1) Ambient conditions
- Overvoltage category II, pollution level 2
- Indoor use
- Acceptable temperature and humidity range: -10 to +55°C, 30 to 85%RH (with no condensation at 20°C)
- Under 2000 m elevation

- 2) Use the unit in a location that matches the following conditions.
- There is minimal dust and no corrosive gas.
- There is no combustible or explosive gas.
- There is no mechanical vibration or impacts.
- There is no exposure to direct sunlight.
- Located away from large-volume electromagnetic switches and power lines with large electrical currents.
- 3) Connect a breaker that conforms to EN60947-1 or EN60947-3 to the voltage input section.
- 4) Applied voltage should be protected with an overcurrent protection device (example: T 1A, 250 V AC time lag fuse) that conforms to the EN/IEC standards.



# MULTI-RANGE ANALOG TIMER

# S1DXM-A/M

UL File No.: E122222 C-UL File No.: E122222





### **FEATURES**

### • Multiple functions built in

The operation mode and time range can be switched by using the MODE and RANGE switches on the front panel.

- Part number consolidation
- 1) The lineup consists of 64 easy-tochoose models.
- 2) An operation mode fixed type (S1DXM-A) and 4-operation mode switching type (S1DXM-M) are available.
- Cadmium-free contacts used

To eliminate environmentally harmful chemical substances, relays with cadmium-free contacts are used.

### Economically priced

- 1) Prices set to lower costs.
- 2) Further cost reduction when used with HJ Relay terminal socket.
- CE marking supported

UL and C-UL approved.

### **Product types**

1. S1DXM-A multi-range timer

No MODE switch, Operation mode (fixed): Power ON-delay

Operating voltage	Time range	Timed-out 2 Form C	Timed-out 4 Form C
Operating voitage	Time range	Part number	Part number
Operating voltage  12V DC  24V DC  24V AC	0.05 s to 10 min	S1DXM-A2C10M-DC12V	S1DXM-A4C10M-DC12V
	0.2 s to 30 min	S1DXM-A2C30M-DC12V	S1DXM-A4C30M-DC12V
	0.5 s to 60 min	S1DXM-A2C60M-DC12V	S1DXM-A4C60M-DC12V
	0.05 min to 10 hr	S1DXM-A2C10H-DC12V	S1DXM-A4C10H-DC12V
	0.05 s to 10 min	S1DXM-A2C10M-DC24V	S1DXM-A4C10M-DC24V
24V DC	0.2 s to 30 min	S1DXM-A2C30M-DC24V	S1DXM-A4C30M-DC24V
	0.5 s to 60 min	S1DXM-A2C60M-DC24V	S1DXM-A4C60M-DC24V
	0.05 min to 10 hr	S1DXM-A2C10H-DC24V	S1DXM-A4C10H-DC24V
24V AC	0.05 s to 10 min	S1DXM-A2C10M-AC24V	S1DXM-A4C10M-AC24V
	0.2 s to 30 min	S1DXM-A2C30M-AC24V	S1DXM-A4C30M-AC24V
	0.5 s to 60 min	S1DXM-A2C60M-AC24V	S1DXM-A4C60M-AC24V
	0.05 min to 10 hr	S1DXM-A2C10H-AC24V	S1DXM-A4C10H-AC24V
	0.05 s to 10 min	S1DXM-A2C10M-AC120V	S1DXM-A4C10M-AC120V
100 to 100V AC	0.2 s to 30 min	S1DXM-A2C30M-AC120V	S1DXM-A4C30M-AC120V
100 to 120V AC	0.5 s to 60 min	S1DXM-A2C60M-AC120V	S1DXM-A4C60M-AC120V
	0.05 min to 10 hr	S1DXM-A2C10H-AC120V	S1DXM-A4C10H-AC120V
	0.05 s to 10 min	S1DXM-A2C10M-AC220V	S1DXM-A4C10M-AC220V
200 to 220V AC	0.2 s to 30 min	S1DXM-A2C30M-AC220V	S1DXM-A4C30M-AC220V
200 to 220V AC	0.5 s to 60 min	S1DXM-A2C60M-AC220V	S1DXM-A4C60M-AC220V
	0.05 min to 10 hr	S1DXM-A2C10H-AC220V	S1DXM-A4C10H-AC220V
	0.05 s to 10 min	S1DXM-A2C10M-AC240V	S1DXM-A4C10M-AC240V
220 to 240V AC	0.2 s to 30 min	S1DXM-A2C30M-AC240V	S1DXM-A4C30M-AC240V
220 10 240V AC	0.5 s to 60 min	S1DXM-A2C60M-AC240V	S1DXM-A4C60M-AC240V
	0.05 min to 10 hr	S1DXM-A2C10H-AC240V	S1DXM-A4C10H-AC240V

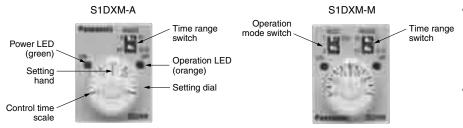
# S1DXM-A/M

### 2. S1DXM-M multi-range timer

With MODE switch, Operation mode (switchable): Power ON-delay, Power Flicker ON start, Power Flicker OFF start, Power One-shot

Operating voltage	Time range	Timed-out 2 Form C	Timed-out 4 Form C
Operating voltage	Time range	Part number	Part number
	0.05 s to 10 min	S1DXM-M2C10M-DC12V	S1DXM-M4C10M-DC12V
12V DC	0.2 s to 30 min	S1DXM-M2C30M-DC12V	S1DXM-M4C30M-DC12V
12V DC	0.5 s to 60 min	S1DXM-M2C60M-DC12V	S1DXM-M4C60M-DC12V
	0.05 min to 10 hr	S1DXM-M2C10H-DC12V	S1DXM-M4C10H-DC12V
	0.05 s to 10 min	S1DXM-M2C10M-DC24V	S1DXM-M4C10M-DC24V
24V DC	0.2 s to 30 min	S1DXM-M2C30M-DC24V	S1DXM-M4C30M-DC24V
24V DC	0.5 s to 60 min	S1DXM-M2C60M-DC24V	S1DXM-M4C60M-DC24V
	0.05 min to 10 hr	S1DXM-M2C10H-DC24V	S1DXM-M4C10H-DC24V
	0.05 s to 10 min	S1DXM-M2C10M-AC24V	S1DXM-M4C10M-AC24V
24V AC	0.2 s to 30 min	S1DXM-M2C30M-AC24V	S1DXM-M4C30M-AC24V
24V AC	0.5 s to 60 min	S1DXM-M2C60M-AC24V	S1DXM-M4C60M-AC24V
	0.05 min to 10 hr	S1DXM-M2C10H-AC24V	S1DXM-M4C10H-AC24V
	0.05 s to 10 min	S1DXM-M2C10M-AC120V	S1DXM-M4C10M-AC120V
100 to 120V AC	0.2 s to 30 min	S1DXM-M2C30M-AC120V	S1DXM-M4C30M-AC120V
100 to 120V AC	0.5 s to 60 min	S1DXM-M2C60M-AC120V	S1DXM-M4C60M-AC120V
	0.05 min to 10 hr	S1DXM-M2C10H-AC120V	S1DXM-M4C10H-AC120V
	0.05 s to 10 min	S1DXM-M2C10M-AC220V	S1DXM-M4C10M-AC220V
200 to 220V AC	0.2 s to 30 min	S1DXM-M2C30M-AC220V	S1DXM-M4C30M-AC220V
200 to 220V AC	0.5 s to 60 min	S1DXM-M2C60M-AC220V	S1DXM-M4C60M-AC220V
	0.05 min to 10 hr	S1DXM-M2C10H-AC220V	S1DXM-M4C10H-AC220V
	0.05 s to 10 min	S1DXM-M2C10M-AC240V	S1DXM-M4C10M-AC240V
220 to 240V AC	0.2 s to 30 min	S1DXM-M2C30M-AC240V	S1DXM-M4C30M-AC240V
220 10 240 V AC	0.5 s to 60 min	S1DXM-M2C60M-AC240V	S1DXM-M4C60M-AC240V
	0.05 min to 10 hr	S1DXM-M2C10H-AC240V	S1DXM-M4C10H-AC240V

### Part names



• [RANGE] Time range switch

(4 different time ranges can be switched.)

10M type: 1 s/10 s/1 min/10 min 30M type: 3 s/30 s/3 min/30 min 60M type: 6 s/60 s/6 min/60 min 10H type: 1 min/10 min/1 hr/10 hr

• [MODE] Operation mode switch

(4 different operation modes can be switched.)

Power ON-delay
Power Flicker OFF start
Power Flicker ON start
Power One-shot

## Operation mode and time range setting

Operation mode	Operation mode switch			
Power ON-delay	1 ON 2			
Power Flicker OFF start	1 ON 2			
Power Flicker ON start	1 ON 2			
Power One-shot	1 ON 2			

Time range switch						
s (m) X1		m (h) X10				
The time setting	can he switch	A among A				

ranges each for 4 types for an interval between 0.05 seconds and 10 hours

0.05 seconds and 10 hours.

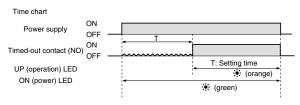
- Notes: 1. The product is factory shipped with all settings on the OFF side (left).
  - Do not operate the switches with a sharp-edged object such as a knife blade.
  - The power must be turned off when setting the time range or operation mode. Operating the switches with the power on is a cause of breakdown and malfunction.
  - 4. Use a force of under 5 N to operate the DIP switches when setting the time range and operation mode.

### **Operation mode**

### 1. S1DXM-A multi-range timer

### Power ON-delay operation

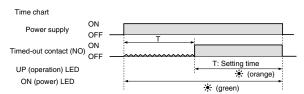
• When power is turned on, the output contact operates after the set time. The output contact remains on until the power is turned off.



### 2. S1DXM-M multi-range timer Power ON-delay operation

[MODE] switch 1: OFF, switch 2: OFF

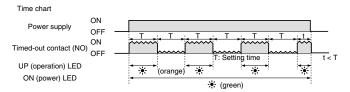
• When power is turned on, the output contact operates after the set time. The output contact remains on until the power is turned off.



### **Power Flicker ON start operation**

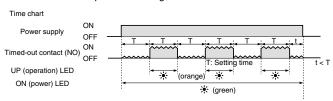
[MODE] switch 1: ON, switch 2: OFF

• When power is turned on, the output contact operates repeatedly at the set time. The output contact outputs at the same time power turns on.



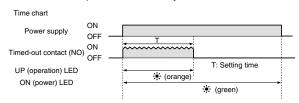
# Power Flicker OFF start operation [MODE] switch 1: OFF, switch 2: ON

• When the power is turned on, the output contacts repeatedly operate at the set time. The output contact begins from the off state.



# Power One-shot operation [MODE] switch 1: ON, switch 2: ON

When power is turned on, the output contact performs the on operation at the same time power turns on, only for the set time.

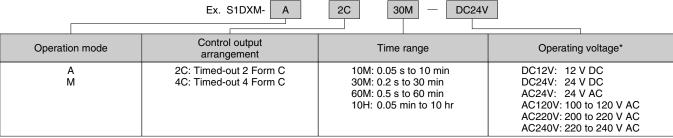


### Time range setting

Туре		Time	scale	ale Time unit		Min. scale	Max. scale	Setting range			
	10M type		X10	s	m	0.05	1	0.05 to 1s	0.5 to 10s	0.05 to 1m	0.5 to 10m
S1DXM-A	30M type	X1		S	m	0.2	3	0.2 to 3s	2 to 30s	0.2 to 3m	2 to 30m
S I D X IVI-A	60M type	Λ1		S	m	0.5	6	0.5 to 6s	5 to 60s	0.5 to 6m	5 to 60m
	10H type			m	h	0.05	1	0.05 to 1m	0.5 to 10m	0.05 to 1h	0.5 to 10h
	10M type		X10	s	m	0.05	1	0.05 to 1s	0.5 to 10s	0.05 to 1m	0.5 to 10m
S1DXM-M	30M type	X1		S	m	0.2	3	0.2 to 3s	2 to 30s	0.2 to 3m	2 to 30m
STDAINI-INI	60M type	ΧI		S	m	0.5	6	0.5 to 6s	5 to 60s	0.5 to 6m	5 to 60m
	10H type			m	h	0.05	1	0.05 to 1m	0.5 to 10m	0.05 to 1h	0.5 to 10h

Note: The time setting range is the combination of the time scale (X1 or X10) on the dial and the time unit (s, m, or h). Example: When dial reads 1, time scale is X1 and time units is seconds, then it is 1 second.

# Ordering information



<sup>\*</sup> For other operating voltage types, please consult us.

# S1DXM-A/M

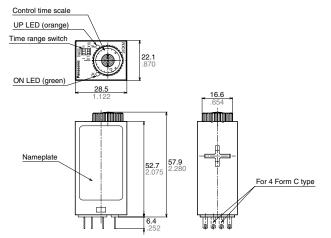
# **Specifications**

Item			Specifications							
	Rated operating voltage		24VAC	100 to 120VAC	200 to 220VAC	220 to 240VAC	12VDC	24VDC		
Rating	Rated frequency		50/60Hz common —							
	Rated power consumption		Max. 3 VA (at 24 VAC)	Max. 3 VA (at 100 VAC)	Max. 3 VA (at 200 VAC)	Max. 3 VA (at 220 VAC)	Max. 2 W (at 12 VDC)	Max. 2 W (at 24 VDC)		
		During time delay	Approx. 3mA	Approx. 3mA	Approx. 3mA	Approx. 3mA	Approx. 5mA	Approx. 3mA		
		After time delay	Approx. 80mA	Approx. 20mA	Approx. 13mA	Approx. 13mA	Approx. 70mA	Approx. 40mA		
	Rated control capacity		Timed -out 2 Form C: 7A 250V AC (resistive load)							
			Timed -out 4 Form C: 5A 250V AC (resistive load)							
	Operation mode		S1DXM-A Power on delay operation fixed (Power display: ON/green; Operation display (when output is on): UP/orange) S1DXM-M							
			4 switchable operations: Power ON-delay/Power Flicker OFF start/Power Flicker ON start/Power One-shot (Power display: ON/green; Operation display (when output is on): UP/orange)							
Time accuracy*1	Operating time fluctuation & Power off time change error		Max. ±1 %, (power off time change at the range of 0.1 s to 1 h), 1 s range: Max. ±1 % and 10 ms*2							
	Voltage error		Max. ±1 % (at the operating voltage changes between –20 to +10%), 1 s range: Max. ±1 % and 10 ms*2							
	Temperature error		Max. ±5% (at 20°C ambient temp. at the range of −10 to +50°C +14 to +122°F)							
	Setting error		Max. ±10%, 1 s range: Max. ±10% and 20 ms							
Contact	Contact arrangement		Timed-out 2 Form C, Timed-out 4 Form C							
	Contact resistance (Initial value)		Max. 100mΩ (at 1A, 6V DC)							
	Contact material		Timed-out 2 Form C type: Silver alloy, Au plating							
			Timed-out 4 Form C type: Silver alloy, Au plating							
Life Mechanical	Mechanical (constant)		Min. 10 <sup>7</sup>							
	Electrical (constant)		2×10 <sup>5</sup> (at rated control capacity)							
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55Hz: 1 cycle/min double amplitude of 0.25mm (10min on 3 axes)							
		Destructive	10 to 55Hz: 1 cycle/min double amplitude of 0.375mm (1h on 3 axes)							
	Shock	Functional	Min. 98m/s <sup>2</sup> (4 times on 3 axes)							
	resistance	Destructive	Min. 980m/s² (5 times on 3 axes)							
Electrical	Allowable operating voltage range		80 to 110% of rated operating voltage							
	Reset time		Max. 0.1s							
	Insulation resistance (Initial value)		Between live and dead metal parts, between input and output, between contact sets, between contacts Min. 100 MΩ (at 500 V DC megger)							
	Breakdown voltage (Initial value)		Between live and dead metal parts: 2,000 Vrms for 1 min Between input and output: 2,000 Vrms for 1 min Between contact sets: 2,000 Vrms for 1 min Between contacts: 1,000 Vrms for 1 min							
	Max. temperature rise		<b>70°C</b> 158°F							
Operating conditions	Ambient temperature		−10 to 50°C +14 to 122°F							
	Ambient humidity		35 to 85% RH (non-condensing)							
	Air pressure		860 to 1060 hPa							
	Ripple rate		DC type only, transmission wave rectification (ripple rate: approx. 48%)*3							
	Mass (Weight)		Approx. 45 g							
	Protective construction		IEC standard: IP40 (IP50 when using ADX18008 protective cover)							

Notes: \*1. Unspecified measuring conditions are rated operating voltage (in case of DC type, ripple rate of 5% or less), ambient temp. 20°C 68°F, and power off time 1 second. \*2. Power one-shot 1 s range: +2% and 10 ms
\*3. When using with a transmission wave rectification, vibration resistance and shock resistance properties worsen compared to when using a stabilized power supply.

### **Dimensions**

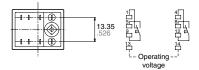
### 1. S1DXM-A



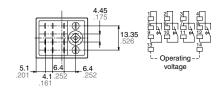
Tolerance:  $\pm 0.5 \pm .020$ 

### mm inch

# Terminal layouts and Wiring diagram Timed-out 2 Form C type

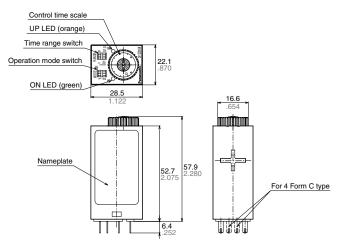


Timed-out 4 Form C type



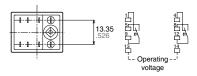
\* For the DC operating type, terminal 14 is "+" and terminal 13 is "-".

### 2. S1DXM-M

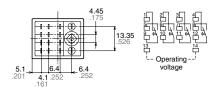


Tolerance: ±0.5 ±.020

# Terminal layouts and wiring diagram Timed-out 2 Form C type



Timed-out 4 Form C type



\* For the DC operating type, terminal 14 is "+" and terminal 13 is "-".

# **Applicable standard**

Safety standard	EN61812-1	Pollution Degree 2/Overvoltage Category II (2 Form C type); Pollution Degree 1/Overvoltage Category II (4 Form C type)		
	(EMI)EN61000-6-4			
	Radiation interference electric field strength	EN55011 Group1 ClassA		
	Noise terminal voltage	EN55011 Group1 ClassA		
	(EMS)EN61000-6-2	·		
	Static discharge immunity	EN61000-4-2	4 kV contact	
			8 kV air	
	RF electromagnetic field immunity	EN61000-4-3	10 V/m AM modulation (80 MHz to 1 GHz)	
	·		10 V/m pulse modulation (895 MHz to 905 MHz)	
EMC	EFT/B immunity	EN61000-4-4	2 kV (power supply line)	
			1 kV (signal line)	
	Surge immunity	EN61000-4-5	1 kV (power line)	
	Conductivity noise immunity	EN61000-4-6	10 V/m AM modulation (0.15 MHz to 80 MHz)	
	Power frequency magnetic field immunity	EN61000-4-8	30 A/m (50 Hz)	
	Voltage dip/Instantaneous stop/Voltage fluctuation immunity	EN61000-4-11	10 ms, 30% (rated voltage)	
			100 ms, 60% (rated voltage)	
			1,000 ms, 60% (rated voltage)	
			5,000 ms, 95% (rated voltage)	

### S1DXM-A/M

### **Precautions during usage**

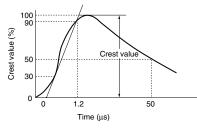
#### 1. Reset periods

After unscheduled operations have been completed, or if the timer operation power supply has been turned off at any time during operation, a reset period of at least 0.1 seconds should be allowed before resuming operation.

#### 2. External surge protection

External surge protection may be required if the following values are exceeded. Otherwise, the internal circuit will be damaged. The typical surge absorption elements include a varistor, a capacitor, and a diode. If a surge absorption element is used, use an oscilloscope to see whether or not the foreign surge exceeding the specified value appears.

• Single-pole, full-wave voltage for surge waveform [±(1.2  $\times$  50)  $\mu s]$ 



Operation voltage	Surge voltage
100 to 120V AC, 200 to 220V AC	4,000V
12V DC, 24V DC	1,000V

Since the main body cover and knob are made of polycarbonate resin, prevent contact with organic solvents such as methyl alcohol, benzine and thinner, or strong alkali materials such as ammonia and caustic soda.

#### 3. Terminal wiring

Make sure that terminals are wired carefully and correctly, referring to the terminal layout and wiring diagrams. Particularly, since the DC type has polarity, do not operate it with reverse polarity.

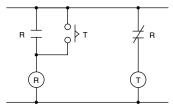
#### 4. Assembly

- 1) When installing, use a terminal socket or socket intended for the HC/HJ relay. For adjacent installations, be sure to first verify the installation conditions of the terminal sockets or sockets you will be using.
- 2) Use the separately-sold dedicated socket leaf holding clip to secure terminal sockets and sockets to the timer unit. The conditions of use for dedicated socket leaf holding clip will differ depending on the terminal socket or socket you will be using. Therefore, please test under actual conditions before putting into operation.

- 3) If terminals are to be soldered directly, please hand solder with a 30 to 60 W solder iron with a tip temperature of 300°C for no more than 3 seconds. Automatic soldering should be avoided.
  4) A flux-tight construction is not used with this timer, so be careful that flux or cleaning fluid does not get inside the case.
- 5) To assure that characteristics are maintained, do not remove the case.

#### 5. Long Continuous Current Flow

Long continuous current flow through the timer cause generation of heat internally, which degrade the electronic parts. Use the timer in combination with a relay and avoid long continuous current flow through the timer. (Refer to the circuit diagram below when using a safety circuit for continuous operation.)



# 6. Phase synchronization using AC load

If the turning on of the timer output relay is synchronized to the AC power supply phase, there may be times when the service life is shortened because of electrical factors, or when a locking phenomenon (defective relay return) occurs because of contact point welding or a shift in the contact relay. Check the operation using the actual timer.

# 7. Acquisition of CE marking Please shide by the conditions belo

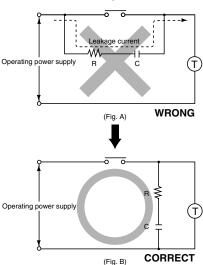
Please abide by the conditions below when using in applications that comply with EN61812-1.

- Overvoltage category II,
   pollution level 2 (2 Form C type)
   Overvoltage category II,
   pollution level 1 (4 Form C type)
- 2) The load connected to the output contact should have basic insulation. This timer is protected with basic insulation and can be double-insulated to meet EN/IEC requirements by using basic insulation on the load.
- 3) Please use a power supply that is protected by an overcurrent protection device which complies with the EN/IEC standard (example: 250 V 1 A fuse, etc.).
  4) You must use a terminal socket or socket for the installation. Do not touch the terminals or other parts of the timer when it is powered. When installing or uninstalling, make sure that no voltage is being applied to any of the terminals.

5) Do not use this timer as a safety circuit. For example when using a timer in a heater circuit, etc., provide a protection circuit on the machine side.

#### 8. Others

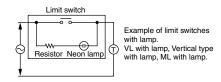
- 1) When setting the time, the dial should be kept within the range indicated on the dial face. The "0" marking on the dial indicates the minimum time during which the control time can be varied (it does not indicate 0 seconds).
- 2) Do not rotate the knob past the stopper.
- 3) Turn off the power before changing the DIP switch settings. Changing the DIP switch with the power on can cause breakdown.
- 4) When connecting the operating power supply, make sure that no leakage current enters the timer. For example, when performing contact protection, if set up like that of fig. A, leaking current will pass through C and R, enter the timer, and cause incorrect operation. The fig. B shows the correct setup.



When a contact switch having an operation indicating lamp (lamp equipped limit switch, etc.) is used to apply power to the timer, a resistor having a value equal to or greater than the value below shall be connected in series with the lamp.

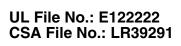
100 to 120V AC operating type: Min.  $33k\Omega$ 

200 to 220V AC operating type: Min.  $82k\Omega$ 



# **Panasonic** ideas for life

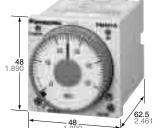
# **DIN48 SIZE MULTI-RANGE ANALOG TIMER**











mm inch





#### **Features**

- 100-240V AC free-voltage input, 48-125V DC type available
- Short body 62.5mm 2.461 inch (screw terminal type)
- Front panel of IP65 type is protected against water-splash and dust
- Built-in Screw terminals
- Screw terminal type is used for easy wiring and reducing additional cost for accessories.
- 0 setting instantaneous output operation
- Multiple time ranges 1 s to 500 h (Max.)
  8 different operation modes: (PM4H-A)
- Compliant with UL/CSA, CE and LLOYD

### **Product types**

Туре	Operation mode	Contact arrangement	Time range	Protective construction	Rated operating voltage	Terminal type	Part number
		_			100 to 240V AC	11 pins	PM4HA-H-AC240VW
					100 to 240V AC	Screw terminal	PM4HA-H-AC240VSW
					48 to 125V DC	11 pins	PM4HA-H-DC125VW
				IP65	48 to 125V DC	Screw terminal	PM4HA-H-DC125VSW
				1705	24V AC/DC	11 pins	PM4HA-H-24VW
	8 operation modes • Pulse ON-delay				24V AC/DC	Screw terminal	PM4HA-H-24VSW
	Pulse Oil-delay     Pulse Flicker				12V DC	11 pins	PM4HA-H-DC12VW
РМ4Н-А	Pulse ON-flicker	Relay			120 DC	Screw terminal	PM4HA-H-DC12VSW
FIVI4H-A	Differential ON/OFF-delay (1) (2)	Timed-out 2 Form C			100 to 240V AC	11 pins	PM4HA-H-AC240V
	Signal OFF-delay     Pulse One-shot	21011110			100 to 240 V AC	Screw terminal	PM4HA-H-AC240VS
	Pulse One-cycle				48 to 125V DC	11 pins	PM4HA-H-DC125V
				IP50	40 10 123 0 00	Screw terminal	PM4HA-H-DC125VS
				150	24V AC/DC	11 pins	PM4HA-H-24V
					24V AC/DC	Screw terminal	PM4HA-H-24VS
					12V DC	11 pins	PM4HA-H-DC12V
					124 DC	Screw terminal	PM4HA-H-DC12VS
				IP65	100 to 240V AC	8 pins	PM4HS-H-AC240VW
					100 to 240V AC	Screw terminal	PM4HS-H-AC240VSW
					48 to 125V DC	8 pins	PM4HS-H-DC125VW
		Relay Timed-out			40 to 125 v DO	Screw terminal	PM4HS-H-DC125VSW
					24V AC/DC	8 pins	PM4HS-H-24VW
					24V AO/DO	Screw terminal	PM4HS-H-24VSW
					12V DC	8 pins	PM4HS-H-DC12VW
PM4H-S	Power ON-delay		16 selectable ranges			Screw terminal	PM4HS-H-DC12VSW
F W 411-3	Tower Ort-delay	2 Form C	1s to 500h		100 to 240V AC	8 pins	PM4HS-H-AC240V
						Screw terminal	PM4HS-H-AC240VS
					48 to 125V DC	8 pins	PM4HS-H-DC125V
				IP50		Screw terminal	PM4HS-H-DC125VS
				11 30	24V AC/DC	8 pins	PM4HS-H-24V
					247710780	Screw terminal	PM4HS-H-24VS
					12V DC	8 pins	PM4HS-H-DC12V
					.27.50	Screw terminal	PM4HS-H-DC12VS
					100 to 240V AC	8 pins	PM4HM-H-AC240VW
					100 10 2 10 7 10	Screw terminal	PM4HM-H-AC240VSW
					48 to 125V DC	8 pins	PM4HM-H-DC125VW
				IP65		Screw terminal	PM4HM-H-DC125VSW
					24V AC/DC	8 pins	PM4HM-H-24VW
	5 operation modes					Screw terminal	PM4HM-H-24VSW
	(With instantaneous contact)  • Power ON-delay	Relay Timed-out			12V DC	8 pins	PM4HM-H-DC12VW
РМ4Н-М	Power Flicker	1 Form C				Screw terminal	PM4HM-H-DC12VSW
	Power ON-flicker	Instantaneous			100 to 240V AC	8 pins	PM4HM-H-AC240V
	Power One-shot	1 Form C				Screw terminal	PM4HM-H-AC240VS
	Power One-cycle				48 to 125V DC	8 pins	PM4HM-H-DC125V
				IP50		Screw terminal	PM4HM-H-DC125VS
					24V AC/DC	8 pins	PM4HM-H-24V
						Screw terminal	PM4HM-H-24VS
					12V DC	8 pins	PM4HM-H-DC12V
					124 DC	Screw terminal	PM4HM-H-DC12VS

If you use this timer under harsh environment, please order above sealed type (IP65 type). IP65 type — Protection dust and water jet splay on the front face.

# PM4H-A/S/M

# Time range

Scale	Time unit	sec	min	hrs	10h
1		0.1s to 1s	0.1 min to 1 min	0.1h to 1h	1.0h to 10h
5	Control	0.5s to 5s	0.5 min to 5 min	0.5h to 5h	5h to 50h
10	time range	1.0s to 10s	1.0 min to 10 min	1.0h to 10h	10h to 100h
50		5s to 50s	5 min to 50 min	5h to 50h	50h to 500h

Note: 0 setting is for instantaneous output operation.

PM4H-A/PM4H-S/PM4H-M All types of PM4H timer have multi-time range.

16 time ranges are selectable.1s to 500h (Max. range) is controlled.

# **Specifications**

Item		Туре	РМ4Н-А	PM4H-S	PM4H-M			
	Rated operating volta	ge	100 to 2	240V AC, 48 to 125V DC, 12V DC, 24V	AC/DC			
	Rated frequency			50/60Hz common (AC operating type)				
	Rated power consum	ption	Approx. 10VA (100 to 240V AC) Approx. 2.5VA (24V AC) Approx. 1.5W (12V DC, 24V DC, 48 to 125V DC)					
	Rated control capacit	у		5A 250V AC (resistive load)				
Rating	Operating mode		Pulse ON-delay Pulse Flicker Pulse ON-Flicker Differential ON/OFF-delay (1) (2) Signal OFF-delay Pulse One-shot Pulse One-cycle	Power ON-delay	Power ON-delay Power Flicker Power ON-flicker Power One-shot Power One-cycle (with instantaneous contact)			
	Time range			to 500h (Max.) 16 time ranges switcha				
Time	Operating time fluctuation	ation	±0.3% (p	ower off time change at the range of 0	1s to 1h)			
Time accuracy	Setting error			±5% (Full-scale value)				
Note:1)				e operating voltage changes between	,			
	Temperature error		±2% (at 20°C am	$\pm 2\%$ (at 20°C ambient temp. at the range of $-10$ to $+50^\circ$				
0	Contact arrangement		Timed-out 2 Form C		Timed-out 1 Form C Instantaneous 1 Form C			
Contact	Contact resistance (Initial value)		Max. 100mΩ (at 1A 6V DC)					
	Contact material		Silver alloy		Au flash on Silver alloy			
Life	Mechanical (contact)		2×10 <sup>7</sup>					
Life	Electrical (contact)		10 <sup>5</sup> (at rated control capacity)					
	Allowable operating v	oltage range	85 to 110% of rated operating voltage (at 20°C coil temp.)					
	Insulation resistance	(Initial value)	Min. 100MΩ	Between live and dead metal Between input and output Between contacts of different Between contacts of same po	poles (At 500V DC)			
Electrical function	Breakdown voltage (I	nitial value)	2,000Vrms for 1 min Between live and dead metal parts 2,000Vrms for 1 min Between input and output 2,000Vrms for 1 min Between contacts of different poles 1,000Vrms for 1 min Between contacts of same pole					
	Min. power off time			100ms				
	Max. temperature rise		55°C 131°F		65°C 149°F			
	Vibration resistance	Functional		cle/min double amplitude of 0.25mm (1				
Mechanical	ation recipitation	Destructive	10 to 55Hz: 1 c	ycle/min double amplitude of 0.375mm	(1h on 3 axes)			
function	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 98m/s² (4 times on 3 axes)					
		Destructive	Min. 980m/s² (5 times on 3 axes)					
	Ambient temperature			-10 to +50°C +14 to +122°F				
Operating	Ambient humidity		30 to 85%RH (at 20°C 68°F, non-condensing)					
condition	Atmospheric pressure			860 to 1,060hPa				
	Ripple factor (DC type	•		20%				
	Protective construction	on	IP65 on front pan	el (using rubber gasket ATC18002) <o< th=""><th>nly for IP65 type&gt;</th></o<>	nly for IP65 type>			
Others	Weight			100g 3.527 oz (Pin type)				
	Weight		110g 3.880 oz (Screw terminal type)					

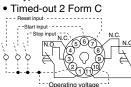
Note: 1) Unless otherwise specified, the measurement conditions at the maximum scale time standard are specified to be the rated operating voltage (within 5% ripple factor for DC), 20°C 68°F ambient temperature, and 1s power off time.

<sup>2)</sup> For the 1s range, the tolerance for each specification becomes  $\pm 10$ ms.

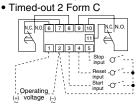
### **Terminal layouts and wiring diagrams**

#### PM4H-A

Pin type



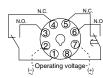
Screw terminal type



#### PM4H-M

Pin type

- Timed-out 1 Form C
- Instantaneous 1 Form C



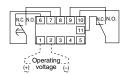
Screw terminal type

Power indicator LED

Time indicator window

Time unit indicator

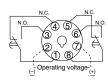
- Timed-out 1 Form C
- Instantaneous 1 Form C



#### PM4H-S

Pin type

• Timed-out 2 Form C



Screw terminal type
• Timed-out 2 Form C

1) DC Type

Туре	Pin	Screw terminal
РМ4Н-А	Connect the terminal ② to negative (–), and the terminal ⑩ to positive (+).	Connect the terminal 2 to negative (–), and the terminal
	Connect the terminal ② to negative (-), and the terminal ⑦ to positive (+).	1 to positive (+)

2) Contact



3) Voltage should not be applied to the various inputs (reset, start, and stop) of the PM4H-A multi-range timer. These inputs should be input without voltage.

# Part names

# (8)

Time range selector
16 time settings selectable
(1 s to 500 h)
1s 5s 10s 50s
1min 5min 10min 50min
1h 5h 10h 50h
10h 50h 100h 500h

PM4H-A

Instantaneous output area

When the hand is in this area,

instantaneous operation starts.

Output indicator LED
Hand
Set dial
Operation mode indicator
Operation mode selector

Selectable from 8 operation modes

ON: Pulse ON-delay
FL: Pulse Flicker
FO: Pulse ON-flicker

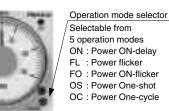
OF1 : Differential ON/OFF-delay (1)

SF: Signal OFF-delay OS: Pulse One-shot

OF2 : Differential ON/OFF-delay (2)

OC : Pulse One-cycle

#### PM4H-M



mm inch

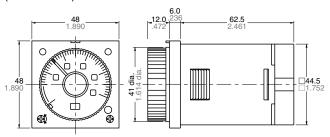
Tolerance:  $\pm 0.5 \pm .020$ 

# PM4H-A/S/M

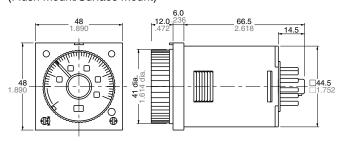
#### **Dimensions**

#### • PM4H-□

Screw terminal type (Flush mount)

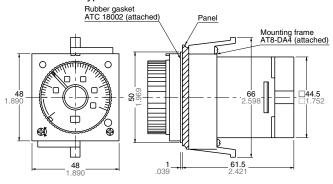


# Pin type (Flush mount/Surface mount)

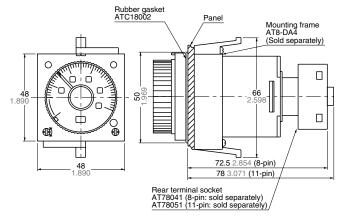


#### • Panel mount dimensions (with mounting frame)

Screw terminal type

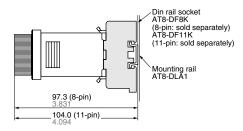


#### Pin type



#### • Surface mount dimensions

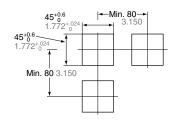
Pin type



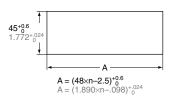
#### • Panel cut out dimensions

Standard cut out dimensions are shown below.

Use mounting frame (AT8-DA4) and rubber gasket (ATC18002).



#### Adjacent mounting



Note)

- The proper thickness of mounting panel is between 1 to 5mm.
- Adjacent mount is less water-resistant.

# Operation mode PM4H-A

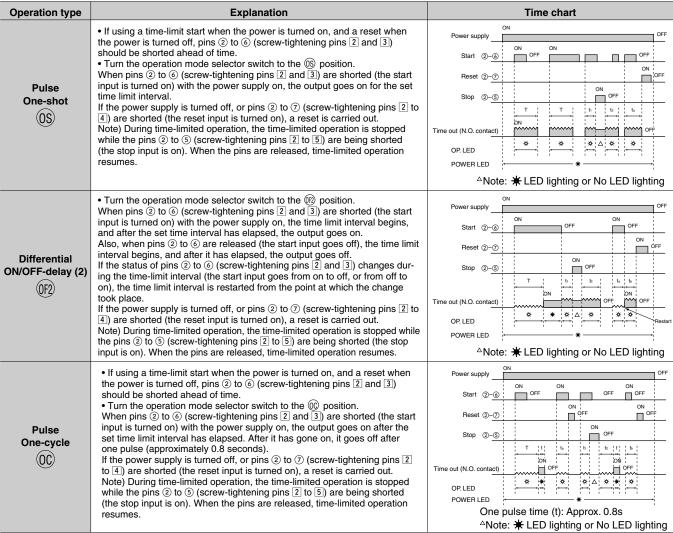
 $\left( \begin{array}{l} \bigstar \text{ LED lighting } \bigstar \text{ LED flickering} \\ \text{T: Setting time } t_1, \, t_2, \, t_a, \, t_b \! < \! T \;\; t_1 \! + \! t_2 \! = \! T \right)$ 

Oneretion turns	Funday - W	(1: Setting time ti, tz, ta, tb<1 ti+tz=1)
Operation type	Explanation	Time chart
Pulse ON-delay	• If using a time-limit start when the power is turned on, and a reset when the power is turned off, pins ② to ⑥ (screw-tightening pins ② and ③) should be shorted ahead of time. • Turn the operation mode selector switch to the ⑩ position. If pins ② to ⑥ (screw-tightening pins ② and ③) are shorted (the start input is turned on) with the power supply on, the output will go on after the set time has elapsed. If the power supply is turned off, or pins ② to ⑦ (screw-tightening pins ② to ④) are shorted (the reset input is turned on), a reset is carried out. Note) During time-limited operation, the time-limited operation is stopped while the pins ② to ⑤ (screw-tightening pins ② to ⑤) are being shorted (the stop input is on). When the pins are released, time-limited operation resumes.	Power supply  ON  ON  ON  ON  ON  OFF  Reset ②-③  ON  OFF  ON  ON
Pulse Flicker FL	<ul> <li>If using a time-limit start when the power is turned on, and a reset when the power is turned off, pins ② to ⑥ (screw-tightening pins ② and ③) should be shorted ahead of time.</li> <li>Turn the operation mode selector switch to the (¹¹) position.</li> <li>When pins ② to ⑥ (screw-tightening pins ② and ③) are shorted (the start input is turned on) with the power supply on, the limited time interval begins, and the output goes on after the set time has elapsed. After the output has gone on, it goes off when the set time has elapsed, and this process is subsequently repeated.</li> <li>If the power supply is turned off, or pins ② to ⑦ (screw-tightening pins ② to ④) are shorted (the reset input is turned on), a reset is carried out.</li> <li>Note) During time-limited operation, the time-limited operation is stopped while the pins ② to ⑤ (screw-tightening pins ② to ⑤) are being shorted (the stop input is on). When the pins are released, time-limited operation resumes.</li> </ul>	Power supply  Start ②-⑥  Nore: **LED lighting or No LED lighting
Pulse ON-flicker F0	<ul> <li>If using a time-limit start when the power is turned on, and a reset when the power is turned off, pins ② to ③ (screw-tightening pins ② and ③) should be shorted ahead of time.</li> <li>Turn the operation mode selector switch to the ⑥ position.</li> <li>When pins ② to ⑥ (screw-tightening pins ② and ③) are shorted (the start input is turned on) with the power supply on, the output goes on, and after the set time has elapsed, it goes off. This process is subsequently repeated. If the power supply is turned off, or pins ② to ⑦ (screw-tightening pins ② to ④) are shorted (the reset input is turned on), a reset is carried out. Note) During time-limited operation, the time-limited operation is stopped while the pins ② to ⑤ (screw-tightening pins ② to ⑤) are being shorted (the stop input is on). When the pins are released, time-limited operation resumes.</li> </ul>	ON OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF O
Differential ON/OFF-delay (1)	• Turn the operation mode selector switch to the (f) position. When pins ② to ③ (screw-tightening pins ② and ③) are shorted (the start input is turned on) with the power supply on, the output goes on, and after the set time has elapsed, it goes off.  Also, when pins ② to ⑥ are released (the start input goes off), the output goes on, and after the set time has elapsed, it goes off. If the status of pins ② to ⑥ (screw-tightening pins ② and ③) changes during the time-limit interval (the start input goes from on to off, or from off to on), the time-limit interval is restarted from the point at which the change took place. If the power supply is turned off, or pins ② to ⑦ (screw-tightening pins ② to ④) are shorted (the reset input is turned on), a reset is carried out. Note) During time-limited operation, the time-limited operation is stopped while the pins ② to ⑤ (screw-tightening pins ② to ⑤) are being shorted (the stop input is on). When the pins are released, time-limited operation resumes.	Power supply  ON  ON  OFF  A  ON  OFF  ON  ON
Signal OFF-delay (SF)	• Turn the operation mode selector switch to the \$\mathbb{S}\$ position. When pins 2 to 6 (screw-tightening pins 2 and 3) are shorted (the start input is turned on) with the power supply on, the output goes on, and when pins 2 to 6 (screw-tightening pins 2 and 3) are released (the start input is turned off), the time limit interval begins. After the set time has elapsed, the output goes off. If start input is entered at any point during the time limit interval, the time limit interval is reset.  Note) During time-limited operation, the time-limited operation is stopped while the pins 2 to \$\mathbb{S}\$ (screw-tightening pins 2 to \$\mathbb{S}\$) are being shorted (the stop input is on). When the pins are released, time-limited operation resumes.	Power supply  Start ②—⑥  ON  OFF  ON  OFF  ON  OFF  ON  OFF  Stop ②—⑥  Time out (N.O. contact)  OP, LED  POWER LED  ANote: *LED lighting or No LED lighting
Note: Keep 0.1s	or more for power off time.	

Note: Keep 0.1s or more for power off time.

Keep 0.05s or more for start, stop, reset input time.

### PM4H-A/S/M



Note:

Keep 0.1s or more for power off time.

Keep 0.05s or more for start, stop, reset input time.

#### PM4H-S

(★ LED lighting ☆ LED flickering)
T: Setting time

1 101-711 0		(1. Setting time			
Operation type	Explanation	Time chart			
Power ON-delay	Time limit contact relay When the power supply is turned on, the output goes on after the set time interval has elapsed. When the power supply is turned off, a reset is carried out.	Power supply			

#### РМ4Н-М

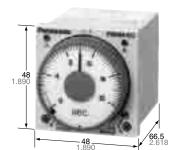
Operation type	Explanation	Tim	e chart		
Power ON-delay  ON  Power Flicker  FL  Power ON-flicker  FO  Power One-shot  OS  Power One-cycle	Turn the operation mode selector switch to display the various operations.  When the power supply is turned on, the time limit interval begins, and operation is carried out.  When the power supply is turned off, a reset is carried out.	Power ON-delay  Power supply  Time out (N.O. contact)  Instantaneous contact (N.O. contact)  OP. LED  POWER LED	ON T ON	*	OFF

Note: Keep 0.1s or more for power off time. PM4H-M timers do not have each input which is start, reset and stop



# DIN48 SIZE ANALOG STAR (△)-DELTA (△) TIMERS





UL File No.: E122222 CSA File No.: LR39291



#### **Features**

mm inch

- Select four types of time ranges between 0.2 s and 100 s on a single unit.
- There is a  $\bot$ - $\triangle$  switching indicator so you can check the operation at a glance.
- The AC free power supply and shorter body make it easier to use.
- Compliant with UL, CSA, CE and LLOYD.

**Specifications** 

Item		Туре	PM4H-SD/SDM		
	Rated operating volta	ge	100 to 240V AC, 24V AC		
	Rated frequency		50/60Hz common		
Rating	Rated power consumption		Approx. 6VA (100 to 240V AC), Approx. 1.4VA (24V AC)		
	Rated control capacit	у	5A 250V AC (resistive load)		
	Operation mode		人-△ star-delta switching (Power ON-delay)		
		ime range	2s to 100s, 4 time ranges switchable		
			0.04, 0.1, 0.3, 0.5, 0.7s (5 time range selectable)		
	Operation time fluctua	ation	±0.3% (power off time change at the range of 0.5s to 1h)		
Time	Setting error		±5% (Full-scale value)		
accuracy Note:1)	Voltage error		±0.5% (at the operating voltage changes between 85 to 110%)		
11010.17	Temperature error		$\pm 2\%$ (at 20°C ambient temp. at the range of -10 to +50°C +14 to +122°F)		
0	Contact arrangement		Star (人) side: Timed-out 1 Form A, Delta (△) side: Timed-out 1 Form A Instantaneous: 1 Form A (Instantaneous for PM4H-SDM type only)		
Contact	Contact resistance (Initial value)		Max. 100mΩ (at 1A 6V DC)		
	Contact material		Au flash on Silver alloy		
Life	Mechanical (contact)		2×10 <sup>7</sup>		
	Electrical (contact)		10⁵ (at rated control capacity)		
	Allowable operating voltage range		85 to 110% of rated operating voltage (at 20°C coil temp.)		
	Insulation resistance (Initial value)		Between live and dead metal parts  Min. $100M\Omega$ Between contacts of different poles (*3) (At 500V DC)  Between contacts of same pole		
Electrical function	Breakdown voltage (Initial value)		2,000Vrms for 1 min Between live and dead metal parts 2,000Vrms for 1 min Between input and output 2,000Vrms for 1 min Between contacts of different poles (*3) 1,000Vrms for 1 min Between contacts of same pole		
	Min. power off time		500ms		
	Max. temperature rise	•	<b>65°C</b> 131°F		
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55Hz: 1 cycle/min double amplitude of 0.25mm (10min on 3 axes)		
Mechanical	VIDIALION TESISIANCE	Destructive	10 to 55Hz: 1 cycle/min double amplitude of 0.375mm (1h on 3 axes)		
function	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 294m/s <sup>2</sup> (4 times on 3 axes)		
	OHOUR ICSISIANCE	Destructive	Min. 980m/s² (5 times on 3 axes)		
	Ambient temperature		−10 to +50°C +14 to +122°F		
Operating condition	Ambient humidity		Max. 85%RH (non-condensing)		
Condition	Atmospheric pressure	е	860 to 1,060hPa		
Othors	Protective construction	on	IP65 on front panel (using rubber gasket ATC18002) <only for="" ip65="" type=""></only>		
Others	Weight		100g 3.527 oz (Pin type), 110g 3.880 oz (Screw terminal type)		

Notes:

- 1) Unless otherwise specified, the measurement conditions at the maximum scale time standard are specified to be the rated operating voltage, 20°C 68°F ambient temperature, and 1s power off time.
- 2) For the 2s range, the tolerance for each specification becomes  $\pm 10$ ms.
- 3) Between contacts of different poles for PM4H-SDM type only.

# PM4H-SD/SDM

### Time range

Time range unit	Operating (s)	人-△ switching time (s)
2	0.2 to 2	0.04
10	1 to 10	0.1
		0.3
20	2 to 20	0.5
100	10 to 100	0.7

### **Product types**

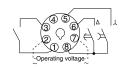
Туре	Operation mode	Contact arrangement	Time range	Protective construction	Rated operating voltage	Terminal type	Part number
					100 to 240V AC	8 pins	PM4HSD-S-AC240VW
PM4H-SD		Relay Timed-out			100 to 240V AC	Screw terminal	PM4HSD-S-AC240VSW
Star (人)-Delta (△) switching		人 side: 1 Form A △ side: 1 Form A			24V AC	8 pins	PM4HSD-S-AC24VW
(=) 59		Z didd: 11 dilli71		IP65	24V AC	Screw terminal	PM4HSD-S-AC24VSW
PM4H-SDM		Relay Timed-out	m A 4 selectable ranges over 2s to 100s (人-△ switching time: 0.04, 0.1, 0.3, 0.5, 0.7s)	1200	100 to 240V AC	8 pins	PM4HSDM-S-AC240VW
Star (人)-Delta		人 side: 1 Form A △ side: 1 Form A			100 to 240V AC	Screw terminal	PM4HSDM-S-AC240VSW
(△) switching (Instantaneous					24V AC	8 pins	PM4HSDM-S-AC24VW
contact)	Star (人)-	Instantaneous: 1 Form A				Screw terminal	PM4HSDM-S-AC24VSW
	Delta (△) switching				100 to 240V AC	8 pins	PM4HSD-S-AC240V
PM4H-SD	Ownorming	Relay Timed-out				Screw terminal	PM4HSD-S-AC240VS
Star (人)-Delta (△) switching		人 side: 1 Form A △ side: 1 Form A			24V AC	8 pins	PM4HSD-S-AC24V
(=) outloining		Z didd: 11 dilli71		IP50		Screw terminal	PM4HSD-S-AC24VS
PM4H-SDM		Relay Timed-out		150	100 to 240V AC	8 pins	PM4HSDM-S-AC240V
Star (人)-Delta		人side: 1 Form A			100 to 240V AC	Screw terminal	PM4HSDM-S-AC240VS
(△) switching (Instantaneous		△ side: 1 Form A			041/ 4.0	8 pins	PM4HSDM-S-AC24V
contact)		Instantaneous: 1 Form A			24V AC	Screw terminal	PM4HSDM-S-AC24VS

# **Terminal layouts and wiring diagrams**

#### Pin type

No instantaneous contact
 With instantaneous contact



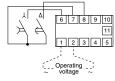


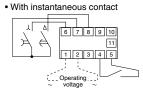
- ⑧: 人 side time-delay contact - ⑧: △ side time-delay contact - ③: Instantaneous contact (PM4H-SDM type)

mm inch

#### Screw terminal type

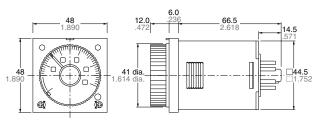
• No instantaneous contact



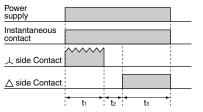


6 — [7]: ↓ side time-delay contact 8 — [7]: △ side time-delay contact 4 — [5]: Instantaneous contact (PM4H-SDM type)

### **Dimensions**



# **Operation**



- ti: 人 operation time (人 indicator LED lights) tz: 人一公 switching time ts: 公 operation time (公 indicator LED lights)



# DIN48 SIZE ANALOG MULTI-RANGE POWER OFF-DELAY TIMERS

# PM4H-F



- **48** -

UL File No.: E122222 CSA File No.: LR39291



#### **Features**

- Switch operation times between three types of time ranges of 1 s to 10 s and 1 min to 10 min.
- Instantaneous reset available.
- The shorter body makes it easier to use.
- Compliant with UL, CSA, CE and LLOYD.

mm inch

### **Specifications**

Item		Туре	PM4H-F8	PM4H-F8R	PM4H-F11R		
	Rated operating volta	ge	100 to 120'	V AC, 200 to 240V AC, 24V AC, 12V E	DC, 24V DC		
	Rated frequency			50/60Hz common (AC operating type)			
Rating	Rated power consum	ption	Approx. 1.6VA (100 to 120V AC, 200 to 240V AC), Approx. 2.3VA (24V AC) Approx. 1.1W (12V DC, 24V DC)				
_	Rated control capacit	у		3A 250V AC (resistive load)			
	Operation mode		Power OFF-delay	Power OFF-delay Power OFF-delay (with reset)			
	Time range		1s to 10s: 3 range switchable 1 min to 10 min: 3 range selectable				
	Operation time fluctua	ation		±0.3%			
Time	Setting error			±5% (Full-scale value)			
accuracy *1	Voltage error		±0.5% (at th	e operating voltage changes between	85 to 110%)		
	Temperature error		±2% (at 20°C am	bient temp. at the range of $-10$ to $+50^{\circ}$	°C +14 to +122°F)		
	Contact arrangement		Timed-out 2 Form C	Timed-out 1 Form C	Timed-out 2 Form C		
Contact	Contact resistance (In	nitial value)		Max. 100mΩ (at 1A 6V DC)			
	Contact material			Au flash on Silver alloy			
1.14.	Mechanical (contact)			10 <sup>7</sup>			
Life	Electrical (contact)			10 <sup>5</sup> (at rated control capacity)			
	Allowable operating v	oltage range	85 to 110% of rated operating voltage (at 20°C coil temp.), 90 to 110% (DC Type)				
	Insulation resistance	(Initial value)	Between live and dead metal parts  Min. 100MΩ  Between contacts of different poles (*3)  Between contacts of same pole  (At 500V DC)				
Electrical function	Breakdown voltage (li	nitial value)	1,500Vrms for 1 min Between live and dead metal parts 1,500Vrms for 1 min Between input and output 1,000Vrms for 1 min Between contacts of different poles (*3) 750Vrms for 1 min Between contacts of same pole				
	Min. power supply wid	dth	s range type: 100ms min range type: 2s				
	Min. reset time		<del></del>	50	0ms		
	Max. temperature rise	•	<b>55°C</b> 131°F				
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55Hz: 1 cy	cle/min double amplitude of 0.25mm (	10min on 3 axes)		
Mechanical	Vibration resistance	Destructive	10 to 55Hz: 1 cycle/min double amplitude of 0.375mm (1hr on 3 axes)				
function	Shock resistance	Functional		Min. 98m/s <sup>2</sup> (4 times on 3 axes)			
	SHOCK resistance	Destructive	Min. 980m/s² (5 times on 3 axes)				
	Ambient temperature		−10 to +50°C +14 to +122°F				
Operating	Ambient humidity			30 to 85%RH (non-condensing)			
condition	Atmospheric pressure			860 to 1,060hPa			
	Ripple factor (DC type	,		20%			
Others	Protective construction	on	IP65 on front pan	el (using rubber gasket ATC18002) <c< th=""><th>only for IP65 type&gt;</th></c<>	only for IP65 type>		
Culcis	Weight		100g 3.527	oz (Pin type), 110g 3.880 oz (Screw te	erminal type)		

\*Notes:

- 1) Unless otherwise specified, the measurement conditions at the maximum scale time standard are specified to be the rated operating voltage (within 5% ripple factor for DC), 20°C 68°F ambient temperature.
- 2) For the 1s range, the tolerance for each specification becomes ±10ms. When the power goes on, in rush current (0.3A) flows. Cautions should be taken. The minimum power supplying time after forced reset input is 2s or more.
- 3) Between contacts of different pools for PM4H-F8, PM4H-F11R types only.

# PM4H-F

# Time range

Time range unit	s range type	min range type
1	0.04s to 1s	0.04 min to 1 min
5	0.2s to 5s	0.2 min to 5 min
10	0.4s to 10s	0.4 min to 10 min

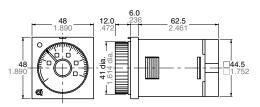
# **Product types**

Туре	Operation mode	Contact arrangement	Time range	Protective construction	Rated operating voltage	Terminal type	Part number
					100 to 120V AC	8 pins	PM4HF8-S-AC120VW
					200 to 240V AC	8 pins	PM4HF8-S-AC240VW
			3 selectable time ranges over 1s to 10s		24V AC	8 pins	PM4HF8-S-AC24VW
			over is to rus		12V DC	8 pins	PM4HF8-S-DC12VW
				IP65	24V DC	8 pins	PM4HF8-S-DC24VW
				11-05	100 to 120V AC	8 pins	PM4HF8-M-AC120VW
					200 to 240V AC	8 pins	PM4HF8-M-AC240VW
			3 selectable time ranges over 1 min to 10 min		24V AC	8 pins	PM4HF8-M-AC24VW
			over i min to 10 min		12V DC	8 pins	PM4HF8-M-DC12VW
DM411 F0	Power	Relay Timed-out			24V DC	8 pins	PM4HF8-M-DC24VW
PM4H-F8	OFF-delay (without reset)	2 Form C			100 to 120V AC	8 pins	PM4HF8-S-AC120V
	(Without reset)				200 to 240V AC	8 pins	PM4HF8-S-AC240V
			3 selectable time ranges		24V AC	8 pins	PM4HF8-S-AC24V
			over 1s to 10s		12V DC	8 pins	PM4HF8-S-DC12V
				IDEO	24V DC	8 pins	PM4HF8-S-DC24V
			3 selectable time ranges over 1 min to 10 min	- IP50 -	100 to 120V AC	8 pins	PM4HF8-M-AC120V
					200 to 240V AC	8 pins	PM4HF8-M-AC240V
					24V AC	8 pins	PM4HF8-M-AC24V
					12V DC	8 pins	PM4HF8-M-DC12V
					24V DC	8 pins	PM4HF8-M-DC24V
					100 to 120V AC	8 pins	PM4HF8R-S-AC120VW
					200 to 240V AC	8 pins	PM4HF8R-S-AC240VW
			3 selectable time ranges		24V AC	8 pins	PM4HF8R-S-AC24VW
			over 1s to 10s		12V DC	8 pins	PM4HF8R-S-DC12VW
				IP65	24V DC	8 pins	PM4HF8R-S-DC24VW
				11705	100 to 120V AC	8 pins	PM4HF8R-M-AC120VW
					200 to 240V AC	8 pins	PM4HF8R-M-AC240VW
			3 selectable time ranges		24V AC	8 pins	PM4HF8R-M-AC24VW
	Power		over 1 min to 10 min		12V DC	8 pins	PM4HF8R-M-DC12VW
DMAIL FOR	OFF-delay	Relay Timed-out			24V DC	8 pins	PM4HF8R-M-DC24VW
PM4H-F8R	(with instantaneous	1 Form C			100 to 120V AC	8 pins	PM4HF8R-S-AC120V
	reset)				200 to 240V AC	8 pins	PM4HF8R-S-AC240V
			3 selectable time ranges		24V AC	8 pins	PM4HF8R-S-AC24V
			over 1s to 10s		12V DC	8 pins	PM4HF8R-S-DC12V
				IDEO	24V DC	8 pins	PM4HF8R-S-DC24V
				IP50	100 to 120V AC	8 pins	PM4HF8R-M-AC120V
					200 to 240V AC	8 pins	PM4HF8R-M-AC240V
			3 selectable time ranges		24V AC	8 pins	PM4HF8R-M-AC24V
			over 1 min to 10 min		12V DC	8 pins	PM4HF8R-M-DC12V
					24V DC	8 pins	PM4HF8R-M-DC24V

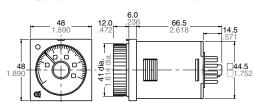
Туре	Operation mode	Contact arrangement	Time range	Protective construction	Rated operating voltage	Terminal type	Part number
					100 to 120V AC	11 pins	PM4HF11R-S-AC120VW
					100 to 120 v AC	Screw terminal	PM4HF11R-S-AC120VSW
					200 to 240V AC	11 pins	PM4HF11R-S-AC240VW
					200 to 240 v AC	Screw terminal	PM4HF11R-S-AC240VSW
				IP65	5 24V AC	11 pins	PM4HF11R-S-AC24VW
				11 05	247 70	Screw terminal	PM4HF11R-S-AC24VSW
					12V DC	11 pins	PM4HF11R-S-DC12VW
					12 00	Screw terminal	PM4HF11R-S-DC12VSW
					24V DC	11 pins	PM4HF11R-S-DC24VW
			3 selectable time ranges		24V DC	Screw terminal	PM4HF11R-S-DC24VSW
			over 1s to 10s		100 to 120V AC	11 pins	PM4HF11R-S-AC120V
					100 to 1200 AC	Screw terminal	PM4HF11R-S-AC120VS
					200 to 240V AC	11 pins	PM4HF11R-S-AC240V
					200 to 240 V AC	Screw terminal	PM4HF11R-S-AC240VS
				IP50	24V AC	11 pins	PM4HF11R-S-AC24V
		y Relay Timed-out		11-30	11 30 247 AC	Screw terminal	PM4HF11R-S-AC24VS
					12V DC	11 pins	PM4HF11R-S-DC12V
					124 BC	Screw terminal	PM4HF11R-S-DC12VS
	Power				24V DC	11 pins	PM4HF11R-S-DC24V
PM4H-F11R	OFF-delay (with					Screw terminal	PM4HF11R-S-DC24VS
PIVI4N-FIIN	instantaneous	2 Form C			100 to 120V AC	11 pins	PM4HF11R-M-AC120VW
	reset)				100 to 120 v AG	Screw terminal	PM4HF11R-M-AC120VSW
					200 to 240V AC	11 pins	PM4HF11R-M-AC240VW
						Screw terminal	PM4HF11R-M-AC240VSW
				IP65 24V AC	11 pins	PM4HF11R-M-AC24VW	
					1F65 24V AC	Screw terminal	PM4HF11R-M-AC24VSW
					12V DC	11 pins	PM4HF11R-M-DC12VW
					12 00	Screw terminal	PM4HF11R-M-DC12VSW
					24V DC	11 pins	PM4HF11R-M-DC24VW
			3 selectable time ranges		241 00	Screw terminal	PM4HF11R-M-DC24VSW
			over 1 min to 10 min		100 to 120V AC	11 pins	PM4HF11R-M-AC120V
					100 to 120 v AC	Screw terminal	PM4HF11R-M-AC120VS
					200 to 240V AC	11 pins	PM4HF11R-M-AC240V
					200 to 240 v AC	Screw terminal	PM4HF11R-M-AC240VS
				IP50	24V AC	11 pins	PM4HF11R-M-AC24V
				IFOU	24V AU	Screw terminal	PM4HF11R-M-AC24VS
					12V DC	11 pins	PM4HF11R-M-DC12V
					120 00	Screw terminal	PM4HF11R-M-DC12VS
					041/ DC	11 pins	PM4HF11R-M-DC24V
					24V DC	Screw terminal	PM4HF11R-M-DC24VS

# **Dimensions**

• Screw terminal type (Flush mount)



#### • Pin type (Flush mount/surface mount)



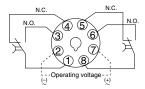
mm inch

Toletance: ±0.5 ±.020

### PM4H-F

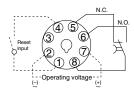
### **Terminal layouts and wiring diagrams**

PM4H-F8 (without reset input)
 Pin type
 Time-out 2 Form C



Screw-tightening pin type
The PM4H-F11R should be used for the timelimit 2C.

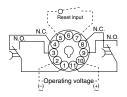
PM4H-F8R (with reset input)
 Pin type
 Time-out 1 Form C, with reset input



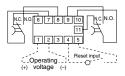
Screw-tightening pin type
The PM4H-F11R should be used for the timelimit 1C and to connect reset input.

PM4H-F11R (with reset input)

Pin type Time-out 2 Form C, with reset input

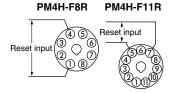


Screw terminal type Time-out 2 Form C, with reset input



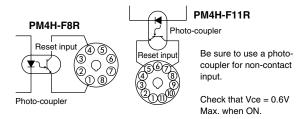
### PM4H-F (with reset) input conditions

1. Contact input (pin type example)



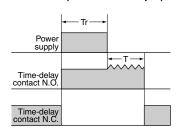
Use a contact with good contact reliability for the input. Contact bounce can lead to erroneous operation of the timer, so use a contact with short bounce time. Make the resistance between terminals for a short circuit less than 1k-ohms. Make the resistance between terminals for an open circuit greater than 100k-ohms.

#### 2. Non-contact input (pin type example)

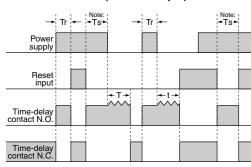


### Operation

• PM4H-F8 (without reset input)



• PM4H-F8R/F11R (with reset input)



Note:

t<T: Time setting

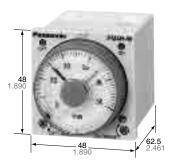
Tr: Minimum power supply application time

Ts: Min. 2s (Time to restart operation after reset input is set to OFF: both second type and minute type)



# **DIN48 SIZE ANALOG MULTI-RANGE CYCLIC TWIN TIMERS**

# PM4H-W



mm inch

**UL File No.: E122222** CSA File No.: LR39291







#### **Features**

- A single twin timer unit that repeats (variable) ON/OFF.
- Multiple ranges with a 0.1 s to 500 h time specification on a single unit.
- The output ON/OFF operation is indicated by red and green LED's. It's easy to check the operation at a glance.
- The AC free power supply and shorter body make it easier to use.
- · A new screw terminal type has been added to the conventional pin type. Wiring can be done easily with a screwdriver.
- Compliant with UL, CSA, CE and LLOYD.

### **Specifications**

Item		Туре	PM4H-W		
	Rated operating voltage		100 to 240V AC, 48 to 125V DC, 12V DC, 24V AC/DC		
	Rated frequency		50/60Hz common (AC operating type)		
Rating	Rated power consum	ption	Approx. 10VA (100 to 240V AC) Approx. 2.5VA (24V AC) Approx. 1.5W (12V DC, 24V DC, 48 to 125V DC)		
	Rated control capacit	ty	5A 250V AC (resistive load)		
	Operation mode		Cyclic (OFF-start/Twin operation)		
	Time range		1s to 500h 16 time ranges switchable (T <sub>1</sub> , T <sub>2</sub> time setting individually)		
	Operation time fluctu	ation	±0.3% (power off time change at the range of 0.3s to 1h)		
Time	Setting error		±5% (Full-scale value)		
accuracy Note:1)	Voltage error		±0.5% (at the operating voltage changes between 85 to 110%)		
11010.1)	Temperature error		$\pm 2\%$ (at 20°C ambient temp. at the range of $-10$ to $+50$ °C $+14$ to $122$ °F)		
	Contact arrangement		Timed-out 2 Form C		
Contact	Contact resistance (Ir	nitial value)	Max. 100mΩ (at 1A 6V DC)		
	Contact material		Silver alloy		
16-	Mechanical (contact)		2×10 <sup>7</sup>		
_ife	Electrical (contact)		10 <sup>5</sup> (at rated control capacity)		
	Allowable operating voltage range		85 to 110% of rated operating voltage (at 20°C coil temp.)		
	Insulation resistance (Initial value)		Between live and dead metal parts Between input and output (At 500V DC) Between contacts of different poles Between contacts of same pole		
Electrical function	Breakdown voltage (Initial value)		2,000Vrms for 1 min Between live and metal parts 2,000Vrms for 1 min Between input and output 2,000Vrms for 1 min Between contacts of different poles 1,000Vrms for 1 min Between contacts of same pole		
	Min. power off time		300ms		
	Max. temperature rise	•	55°C 131°F		
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55Hz: 1 cycle/min double amplitude of 0.25mm (10min on 3 axes)		
Mechanical	VIDIALION TESISIANCE	Destructive	10 to 55Hz: 1 cycle/min double amplitude of 0.375mm (1h on 3 axes)		
unction	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 98m/s² (4 times on 3 axes)		
	SHOCK TESISIANCE	Destructive	Min. 980m/s <sup>2</sup> (5 times on 3 axes)		
	Ambient temperature		<b>−10 to +50°C</b> +14 to +122°F		
Operating	Ambient humidity		30 to 85%RH (non-condensing)		
condition	Atmospheric pressur	е	860 to 1,060hPa		
	Ripple factor (DC type	e)	20%		
041	Protective construction	on	IP65 on front panel (using rubber gasket ATC18002) <only for="" ip65="" type=""></only>		
Others	Weight		120g 4.233 oz (Pin type), 130g 4.586 oz (Screw terminal type)		

Notes:

- 1) Unless otherwise specified, the measurement conditions at the maximum scale time standard are specified to be the rated operating voltage (within 5% ripple factor for DC), 20°C  $68^{\circ}\text{F}$  ambient temperature, and 1s power off time.
- 2) For the 1s range, the tolerance for each specification becomes  $\pm 10 \text{ms}$ .
- 3) As internal components may become worn when using continuous conduction, the product should be replaced periodically.

# PM4H-W

### Time range

All types of PM4H-W timer have multi-time range.

16 time ranges are selectable.

1s to 500h (Max. range) is controlled.

Scale	Time unit	sec	min	hrs	10h
1		0.1s to 1s	0.1 min to 1 min	0.1h to 1h	1.0h to 10h
5	Control	0.5s to 5s	0.5 min to 5 min	0.5h to 5h	5h to 50h
10	time range	1.0s to 10s	1.0 min to 10 min	1.0h to 10h	10h to 100h
50		5s to 50s	5 min to 50 min	5h to 50h	50h to 500h

# **Product types**

Туре	Operating mode	Contact arrangement	Time range	Protective structure	Rated Operating voltage	Terminal type	Part number
					100 to 240V AC	8 pins	PM4HW-H-AC240VW
					100 to 240V AC	Screw terminal	PM4HW-H-AC240VSW
					48 to 125V DC	8 pins	PM4HW-H-DC125VW
				IP65	46 to 125V DC	Screw terminal	PM4HW-H-DC125VSW
				1765	24V AC/DC	8 pins	PM4HW-H-24VW
		Cyclic Relay (OFF-start, Timed-out Twin) 2 Form C	16 selectable ranges (1s to 500h)		24V AC/DC	Screw terminal	PM4HW-H-24VSW
					12V DC	8 pins	PM4HW-H-DC12VW
PM4H-W						Screw terminal	PM4HW-H-DC12VSW
Twin timer					100 to 240V AC	8 pins	PM4HW-H-AC240V
	,					Screw terminal	PM4HW-H-AC240VS
					48 to 125V DC	8 pins	PM4HW-H-DC125V
				IP50		Screw terminal	PM4HW-H-DC125VS
				IFSU	24V AC/DC	8 pins	PM4HW-H-24V
					24V AC/DC	Screw terminal	PM4HW-H-24VS
					10V DC	8 pins	PM4HW-H-DC12V
					12V DC	Screw terminal	PM4HW-H-DC12VS

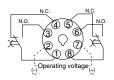
# **Terminal layouts and wiring diagrams**

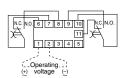
Pin Type

Cyclic timed-out relay contact: 2C

Screw terminal type

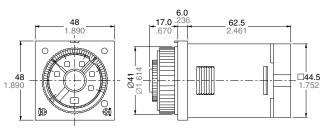
Cyclic timed-out relay contact: 2C



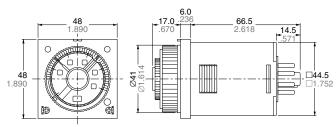


### **Dimensions**

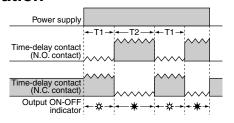
• Screw terminal type: M3.5



• Pin type



# **Operation**



- ☆: Output OFF indicator (green)★: Output ON indicator (orange)T1: OFF set time
- T2: ON set time

mm inch

Toletance:  $\pm 0.5 \pm .020$ 

# PM4H SERIES MODES AND TIME SETTING

#### 1. Operation method

# 1) Operation mode setting [PM4H-A type]

8 operation modes are selectable with operation mode selector.

Turn the operation mode selector with screw driver.

you can check by clicking sound. Confirm the mode selector position if it is correct.

If the position is not stable, the timer might mis-operate.



# 2) Time range setting [PM4H series common]

16 time ranges are selectable between 1s to 500h.

Turn the time range selector with the screw driver.

Clockwise turning increases the time range, and Counter-clockwise turning decrease the time range.

Confirm the range selector position if it is correct.

If the position is not stable, the timer might mis-operate.



#### 3) Time setting [common]

To set the time, turn the set dial to a desired time within the range.

Instantaneous output will be on when the dial is set to "0".

When the instantaneous output is used, the dial should be set under "0" range. (Instantaneous output area)

When power supply is on, the time range, setting time and operation mode cannot be changed.

Turn off the power supply or a reset signal is applied to set the new operation mode.

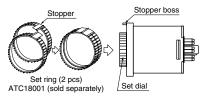
If the position is not stable, the timer might mis-operate.

#### 2. How to use "Set ring" [PM4H series common]

#### 1) Fixed time setting

Set the desired time and put 2 set rings together.

Insert the rings into stopper to fix the time.





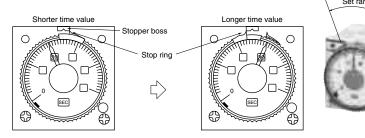
#### 2) Time range setting

Example: Time range 20s to 30s.

① Shorter time value setting Set the dial to 20s.

Place the stop ring at the right side of stopper.

② Longer time value setting Set the dial to 30s. Place the stop ring at the left side of stopper.



Note) The stoppers for the lower limit setting set ring and the upper limit setting set ring face the opposite directions.

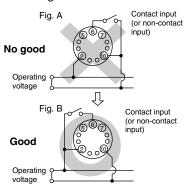
# Applicable standard (PM4H series common)

Safety standard	EN61812-1	Pollution Degree 2/Overvoltage Category III
	(EMI)EN61000-6-4	
	Radiation interference electric field strength	EN55011 Group1 ClassA
	Noise terminal voltage	EN55011 Group1 ClassA
	(EMS)EN61000-6-2	·
	Static discharge immunity	EN61000-4-2 4 kV contact
		8 kV air
	RF electromagnetic field immunity	EN61000-4-3 10 V/m AM modulation (80 MHz to 1 GHz)
		10 V/m pulse modulation (895 MHz to 905 MHz)
EMC	EFT/B immunity	EN61000-4-4 2 kV (power supply line)
		1 kV (signal line)
	Surge immunity	EN61000-4-5 1 kV (power line)
	Conductivity noise immunity	EN61000-4-6 10 V/m AM modulation (0.15 MHz to 80 MHz)
	Power frequency magnetic field immunity	EN61000-4-8 30 A/m (50 Hz)
	Voltage dip/Instantaneous stop/Voltage fluctuation immunity	EN61000-4-11 10 ms, 30% (rated voltage)
		100 ms, 60% (rated voltage)
		1,000 ms, 60% (rated voltage)
		5,000 ms, 95% (rated voltage)

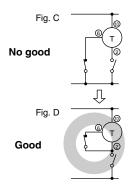
# PRECAUTIONS IN USING THE PM4H SERIES

#### 1. Input connections (PM4H-A type)

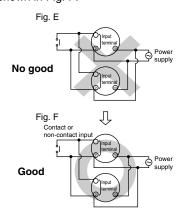
1) Be sure not to use terminal (1) as the common terminal of the input signal as shown in Fig. A. Otherwise, the internal circuit of the timer may be damaged. Use terminal (2) as the common terminal as shown in Fig. B.



If the circuits is connected as in Fig. C, the internal circuits must be broken. Be sure to connect the circuit as in Fig. D.



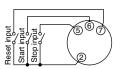
2) When one input signal is simultaneously applied to more than one timer, be sure to avoid the wiring shown in Fig. E. Otherwise, the short-circuit current will flow and cause damage. Be sure to align the polarity of the power supply as shown in Fig. F.



- 3) Terminal ②-⑥ (screw terminal ②-③) should be connected as the start input. Connect terminals ②-⑦ (screw terminal ②-④) for reset signal input. Connect terminals ②-⑤ (screw terminal ②-⑤) for stop signal input. Be sure not to connect with other terminals and apply excessive voltage. The internal circuit will be damaged.
- 4) The input wiring other than the power supply circuit should avoid these conditions, high-voltage wiring and parallel wiring with power wire. Wire in short with using the shielding wire or metal wiring tube.
- 5) For start, reset and stop input, use gold-plated contact with high reliability. Since contact bouncing causes errors in the start, use an input contact less bounce time.
- 6) Keep the minimum signal input time over 0.05 s.

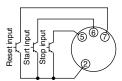
# 2. Input signal conditions (PM4H-A type)

1) Connection of contact input (Pin type example



Use gold-plated contacts with high-reliability. The bounce time at the contacts causes errors in the timer operation time. Accordingly, use start input contact whose bounce time is short. The resistance when shorted should be less than  $1k\Omega$ , and when open resistance should be more than  $100k\Omega$ .

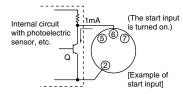
For the screw terminal type, connect the terminal 2 to the each input signal.
2) Connection of non-contact input (Pin type example)
(open-collector)



Apply the open-collector connection. The characteristics of the transistor used must be  $V_{\text{CEO}}{=}10\text{V}$  or more,  $I_{\text{C}}{=}10\text{mA}$  or more, and  $I_{\text{CBO}}{=}6\mu\text{A}$  or less. Additionally, the input impedance must be  $1k\Omega$  or less, and the residual voltage must be 0.6V or less.

For the screw terminal type, connect the terminal 2 to the each input signal.

3) Connection of non-contact input (Pin type example) (voltage input)



Even if the open collector is not used, input is also possible from the non-contact circuit of 6 to 30V DC. In this case, the start input is turned on when the signal is turned from H to L.

The residual voltage must be 0.6V or less when Q is on. On the AC type, an insulated transformer is required as the power supply for the photoelectric sensor, etc. (power supply for the input devices).

Note: Keep the minimum input signal time of each signal to 0.05s or more.

# 3. Checking the contacts before use (PM4H-F only)

When the power ON time is less than the minimum power application time, the contacts may remain in an ON state, so the state of the contacts should be checked before use. When the contacts are in an ON state, activating them once will return them to their normal state (the OFF state after time-out). (Be aware that relay characteristics may result in the contacts being in that same ON state if exposed to excessive vibration and impact during transport.)

#### 4. Time setting

To set the time, turn the set dial to a desired time within the range. Instantaneous output will be on when the dial is set to "0".

When the instantaneous output is used, the dial should be set under "0" range. (Instantaneous output area)

Note) When power supply is on, the time range, setting time and operation mode cannot be changed.

Turn off the power supply or a reset signal is applied to set the new operation mode.

If the position is not stable, the timer might mis-operate.

# PRECAUTIONS IN USING THE PM4H SERIES

# 5. Superimposed surge of power supply (PM4H series common)

For the superimposed surge of power supply, the standard waveform is taken as the standard value for surge-proof voltage.

If external surge occurs exceeding the specified value, the internal circuit may break down. In this case, use a surge

Operation voltage	Surge voltage
100 to 240V AC 100 to 120V AC 200 to 240V AC 48 to 125V DC	4,000V
12V DC, 24V DC 24V AC/DC	500V

absorption element.

The positive and negative voltages are applied each five times between the power pins.

The typical surge absorption elements include a varistor, a capacitor, and a diode. If a surge absorption element is used, use an oscilloscope to see whether or not the foreign surge exceeding the specified value appears.

#### 6. Acquisition of CE marking

Please abide by the conditions below when using in applications that comply with EN61812-1.

- 1) Overvoltage category III, pollution level 2
- 2) This timer employs a power supply without a transformer, so the power and input signal terminals are not insulated. (PM4H-A only)
- (1) When a sensor is connected to the input circuit, install double insulation on the sensor side.
- (2) In the case of contact input, use dual-insulated relays, etc.
- 3) The load connected to the output contact should have basic insulation. This timer is protected with basic insulation and can be double-insulated to meet EN/IEC requirements by using basic insulation on the load.
- 4) Please use a power supply that is protected by an overcurrent protection device which complies with the EN/IEC standard (example: 250 V 1 A fuse, etc.).

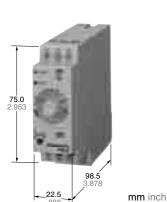
5) You must use a terminal socket or socket for the installation. Do not touch the terminals or other parts of the timer when it is powered. When installing or un-installing, make sure that no voltage is being applied to any of the terminals.
6) Do not use this timer as a safety circuit. For example when using a timer in a heater circuit, etc., provide a protection circuit on the machine side.

# Panasonic ideas for life

# DIN 24 SIZE MULTI-RANGE ANALOG TIMER

# PM5S-A PM5S-S PM5S-M

c**₩**us (€



C-UL File No.: E59504 (Vol. 3)

- 24-240V AC/DC free-voltage input
- Built-in Screw terminals

**Features** 

- 6 different operation modes: (PM5S-A)
- Multiple time ranges 1 s to 500 h (Max.)
- Slim body DIN 22.5 mm .886 inch
- 0 setting instantaneous output operation.
- UL/C-UL/CE approval.

**Product types** 

Туре	Operation mode	Contact arrangement	Time range	Protective construction	Rated operating voltage	Part number
PM5S-A	6 operation modes  Pulse ON-delay  Pulse Flicker  Pulse ON-flicker  Signal OFF-delay  Pulse One-shot  Pulse One-cycle	Relay Timed-out 2 Form C				PM5S-A-24-240V
PM5S-S	Power ON-delay	Relay Timed-out 2 Form C	16 selectable ranges 1s to 500h	IP40	24 to 240V AC/DC	PM5S-S-24-240V
PM5S-M	6 operation modes (With instantaneous contact)  Pulse ON-delay  Pulse Flicker  Pulse ON-flicker  Signal OFF-delay  Pulse One-shot  Pulse One-cycle	Relay Timed-out 1 Form C Instantaneous 1 Form C				PM5S-M-24-240V

Note: PM5S-M timer will be released soon.

### Time range

	-				
Scale	Time unit	sec	min	hrs	10h
1		0.1s to 1s	0.1 min to 1 min	0.1h to 1h	1.0h to 10h
5	Control	0.5s to 5s	0.5 min to 5 min	0.5h to 5h	5h to 50h
10	time range	1.0s to 10s	1.0 min to 10 min	1.0h to 10h	10h to 100h
50		5s to 50s	5 min to 50 min	5h to 50h	50h to 500h

Note: 0 setting is for instantaneous output operation.

PM5S-A/PM5S-S/PM5S-M All types of PM5S timer have multi-time range. 16 time ranges are selectable. 1s to 500h (Max. range) is controlled.

# **Specifications**

Item		Туре	PM5S-A	PM5S-S	PM5S-M	
	Rated operating volta	ge		24 to 240V AC/DC		
	Rated frequency			50/60Hz common		
	Rated power consum	ption	2.6 VA (AC), 1.4 W (DC)			
	Rated control capacity			5A 250V AC (resistive load)		
Rating	Operating mode		Pulse ON-delay Pulse Flicker Pulse ON-Flicker Signal OFF-delay Pulse One-shot Pulse One-cycle	Power ON-delay to 500h (Max.) 16 time ranges switcha	Pulse ON-delay Pulse Flicker Pulse ON-flicker Signal OFF-delay Pulse One-shot Pulse One-cycle (with instantaneous contact)	
	Operating time fluctua	ation		ower off time change at the range of 0.		
Time	Setting error			±10% (Full-scale value)	,	
accuracy	Voltage error		±0.5% (at th	e operating voltage changes between	85 to 110%)	
Note:1)	Temperature error			bient temp. at the range of -10 to +55°	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
_	Contact arrangement		Timed-out	2 Form C	Timed-out 1 Form C Instantaneous 1 Form C	
Contact	Contact resistance (Initial value)					
	Contact material		Silver	Au flash on Silver alloy		
Life	Mechanical (contact)		2×	1×10 <sup>7</sup>		
Life	Electrical (contact)		10 <sup>5</sup> (at rated control capacity)			
	Allowable operating v	oltage range	85 to 110% of rated operating voltage (at 20°C coil temp.)			
	Insulation resistance	(Initial value)	Min. 100MΩ	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Between live and dead metal parts} \\ \text{Between input and output} \\ \text{Between contacts of different poles} \\ \text{Between contacts of same pole} \end{array} \tag{At 50}$		
Electrical function	Breakdown voltage (I	nitial value)	2,000Vrms for 1 min Between live and dead metal parts 2,000Vrms for 1 min Between input and output 2,000Vrms for 1 min Between contacts of different poles 1,000Vrms for 1 min Between contacts of same pole			
	Min. power off time			100ms		
	Max. temperature rise		55°C		65°C 149°F	
	Shock resistance	Functional		Min. 98m/s² (4 times on 3 axes)		
Mechanical function		Destructive	40 to 5511-14	Min. 980m/s² (5 times on 3 axes)	Ourie and Ourie	
Tunction	Vibration resistance	Functional Destructive	10 to 55Hz: 1 cycle/min Single amplitude of 0.35mm (10min on 3 axes)			
	Ambient temperature	Destructive	10 to 55Hz: 1 cycle/min Single amplitude of 0.75mm (1h on 3 axes)  -10 to +55°C +14 to +131°F			
Onevetime	Ambient temperature			Max. 85%RH (non-condensing)		
Operating condition	Atmospheric pressure	e e	мах. 85%нн (non-condensing) 860 to 1,060hPa			
23	Ripple factor (DC)			20%		
	Protective construction	on		IP40		
Others	Weight			120g 4.233 oz		
Weight			120g 4.200 02			

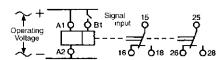
Note:

- 1) Unless otherwise specified, the measurement conditions at the maximum scale time standard are specified to be the rated operating voltage (within 5% ripple factor for DC), 20°C 68°F ambient temperature, and 1s power off time.
- 2) For the 1s range, the tolerance for each specification becomes  $\pm 10 \text{ms}$ .

# Terminal layouts and wiring diagrams

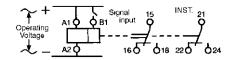
#### PM5S-A

• Timed-out 2 Form C



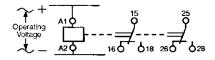
#### PM5S-M

- Timed-out 1 Form C
- Instantaneous 1 Form C

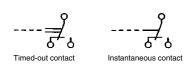


#### PM5S-S

• Timed-out 2 Form C

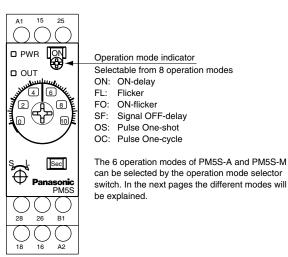


#### Contact



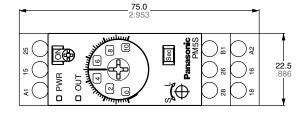
# PM5S-A/S/M

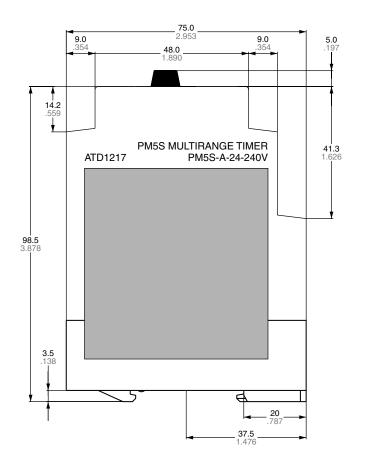
# Mode selection PM5S-A/M type

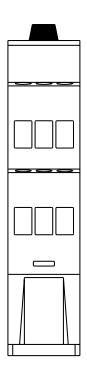


**Dimensions** mm inch

PM5S-□







# Operation mode PM5S-A/M

 $\begin{pmatrix} \bigstar \text{ LED lighting } \bigstar \text{ LED flickering} \\ \text{T: Setting time } t_1, t_2 \!\!<\!\! T \end{pmatrix}$ 

Operation type	Operation	Time chart
ON-delay ON	Turn the operation selector to ON.  Timing operation starts when terminals A1 – B1 are connected while power is on. Control output is turned on after the set time regardless of duration of operation signal	Power supply Signal A1-B1  Relay output (NO contact) OUT. LED  **  **  **  POWER LED  **  **  **  **  **  **  **  **  **
Flicker FL	Turn the operation selector to E.  Timing operation starts when terminals A1 – B1 are connected while power is on. Control output repeatedly turn OFF and ON regardless of operation signal input time.	Power supply Signal A1-B1  Relay output (NO contact) OUT. LED  **  **  **  POWER LED  **  **  **  **  **  **  **  **  **
ON-flicker F0	Turn the operation selector to [6].  Timing operation starts when terminals A1 – B1 are connected while power is on. Control output repeatedly turns ON and OFF regardless of operation signal input time.	Power supply Signal A1-B1  Relay output (NO contact) OUT. LED  * * * * * *  POWER LED  * * * * * *
Signal OFF-delay SF	Turn the operation selector to s. Timing operation starts when terminals A1 – B1 are opened while power is on. Control output is turned off after the set time. If the signal input turns OFF during timing operation, the timing operation starts at that point again.	Power supply Signal A1-B1  Relay output (NO contact) OUT. LED  **  **  **  POWER LED  POWER LED  Relay output **  **  **  **  **  **  **  **  **  *
One-shot OS	Turn the operation selector to S.  Timing operation starts when terminals A1 – B1 are connected while power is ON.  Control output continues ON state while timing operation.	Power supply Signal A1-B1  Relay output (NO contact) OUT. LED  POWER LED  **  **  **  **  **  **  **  **  **

Note:

Keep 0.1s or more for power off time. Keep 0.05s or more for signal, input time.

### PM5S-A/S/M

Operation type	Operation	Time chart
One-cycle	Turn the operation selector to  Timing operation starts when terminals A1 – B1 are connected while power is ON.  Control output is turned on after the set time, the pulse is 0.5 to 1.0 s.	Power supply Signal A1-B1 ON  Relay output (NO contact) OUT. LED POWER LED  **  **  **  **  **  **  **  **  **

Note:

Keep 0.1s or more for power off time. Keep 0.05s or more for signal, input time.

#### PM5S-S

F 10133-3		(1: Setting time
Operation type	Operation	Time chart
Power ON-delay	When power is applied continuously, the time cycle begins. The output contacts change state after the time delay is completed.	Power supply Time-out relay output (NO contact)  OUT. LED  POWER LED  ***

### Modes and time setting

#### 1) Operation mode setting [PM5S-A]

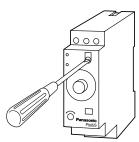
6 operation modes are selectable with operation mode selector.

Turn the operation mode selector with screw driver.

Operation mode is shown up through the window above the mode selector. The marks are [N], [F], [F], [SF], [OS], [OC]. Turn the mode selector to the mark until you can check by clicking sound.

Confirm the mode selector position if it is correct.

If the position is not stable, the timer might mis-operate.



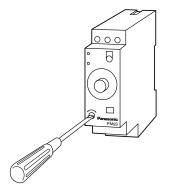
#### 2) Time setting [common]

16 time ranges are selectable between 1s to 500h.

Turn the time range selector with the screw driver.

Clockwise turning increases the time range, and Counter-clockwise turning decrease the time range.

Confirm the range selector position if it is correct.



#### 3) Time setting [common]

To set the time, turn the set dial to a desired time within the range. Instantaneous output will be on when the dial is set to "0".

★ LED lighting ★ LED flickering

When the instantaneous output is used, the dial should be set under "0" range. (Instantaneous output area)

When power supply is on, the time range, setting time and operation mode cannot be changed.

Turn off the power supply is applied to set the new operation mode.

To set the time in the range, turn the dial to a desired time scale. Do not turn the dial beyond the stopper.

# Cautions for Time setting/Operating mode setting

- 1) Time chart
- T shots setting time, t1 and t2 means the time in setting time. (t1, t2<T)
- When the output relay is turned on, No contact is closed and NC contact is opened.
- LED indication ★ shows "Turn ON"
   2) Timing operation starts when power is applied to terminals A1 B1 Input signal time should be taken over 0.05 sec.

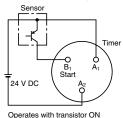
Short-circuited condition: Max.  $1k\Omega$  Open-circuited condition: Min.  $100k\Omega$ 

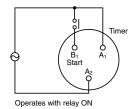
#### Input connections

The inputs of the PM5S-A/M are voltage (voltage imposition or open) inputs.

No-contact input (Connection to PNP output sensor.)





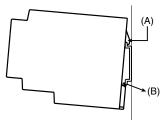


#### **Voltage Input Signal Levels**

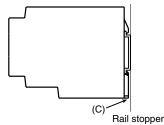
Voitage iii	ipat digital Ecvels
No-contact input	Transistor ON     Residual voltage: 1 V max.     (Voltage between terminals B <sub>1</sub> and A <sub>2</sub> must be more than the rated "H-level" voltage (20.4 V DC min.).)
	2. Transistor OFF Leakage current: 0.01 mA max. (Voltage between terminals B <sub>1</sub> and A <sub>2</sub> must be less than the rated "L-level" voltage (2.5 V DC max.).)
Contact input	Use contacts that can adequately switch 0.1 mA at each voltage to be imposed. (When the contacts are ON or OFF, voltage between terminals B <sub>1</sub> and A <sub>2</sub> must be within the following ranges: When contacts are ON:  20.4 to 264 V AC/DC When contacts are OFF:  0 to 2.5 V AC/DC

#### Mounting and dismounting

The PM5S should be mounted as horizontally as possible. When mounting the PM5S on a socket mounting track, hook portion (A) of the Timer to an edge of the track first, and then depress the Timer in the direction of (B).



When dismounting the PM5S pull out portion (C) with a flatblade screwdriver and remove the Timer from the mounting track.



#### **Cautions for use**

#### **Cautions**

1) Prevent using the timer in such places where flammable or corrosive gas is generated, a lot of dust exisits, oil is splashed or considerable shock and vibration occur.

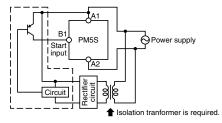
2) Since the body cover is consisted of polycarbonate resin, prevent from contact with organic solvents such as methyl alcohol, benzine and thinner, or strong alkali materials such as ammonia and caustic soda.

# **Power supplies**

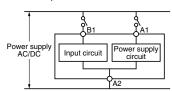
The PM5S Series is provided with a transformerless power supply system. An electric shock may be received if the input terminal or the output type selector switch is touched while power is being supplied.

Use the bar terminal for wiring the PM5S. Using a stranded-wire terminal may cause a short-circuit due to a stray wire entering into the Timer.

For the power supply of the input device, use a single-phase or double-phase insulated power transformer. The second-phase side must not be grounded.



• Input and Power supply circuit (PM5S-A/M)

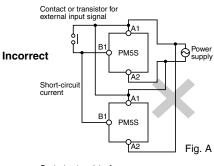


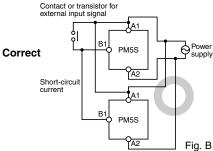
 Since input circuit and power supply circuit is independent, it is possible to switch ON and OFF for input circuit regardless power ON and OFF.
 Note that the contact of input circuit is given same voltage as power voltage.

# PM5S-A/S/M

#### **Terminal connections**

- Refer to the terminal layout and wiring diagram and securely connect the terminals accordingly.
- Do not allow control output to exceed rated control capacity.
- 1. When one input signal is simultaneously applied to more than one timer, be sure to avoid the wiring shown in Fig. A. Otherwise, the short-circuit current will flow and cause damage. Be sure to align the polarity of the power supply as shown in Fig. B.

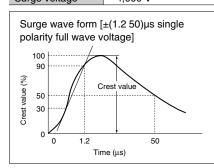




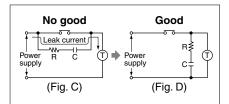
The PM5S series is provided with a transformer less power supply system.

2. External surge protection may be required if the following values are exceeded. Otherwise, the internal circuit will be damaged.

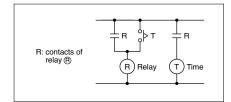
Operating voltage	24 to 240 V AC	
Surge voltage	4 000 V	



3. For connecting and disconnecting operating voltage to the timer, a circuit should be used to prevent the flow of leakage current. For example, a circuit for contact protection as shown in Fig. C will permit leakage current to flow through R and C, causing erroneous operation of the timer. Instead, the circuit shown in Fig. D should be used.



4. In order to maintain the characteristics of the timer, long continuous current flow through the timer, causing generation of heat internally should be avoided because of the degradation it can cause. For such long continuous operation, the circuit shown below should be used.

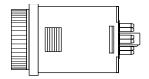


# **INSTALLING DIN SIZE TIMER**

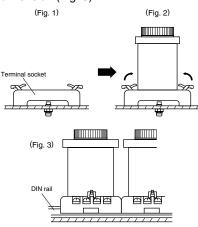
#### Installations

#### 1. Surface mount

1) For the timers of PM4H and LT4H series, use the pin type timer. With the PM4S and QM4H series, only pin-type timers are available.



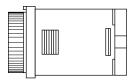
- 2) Put the terminal socket on the board directly or put it on the DIN rail (Fig. 1).3) Insert the timer into the terminal socket and fix it with clip (Fig. 2)
- 4) On DIN rail mounting, mount the timer on the DIN rail tightly to get the proper dimension (Fig. 3).



- 5) 8-pin type should be connected with terminal socket (AT8-DF8K). 11-pin type should be connected with terminal socket (AT8-DF11K).
- 6) DIN rail (AT8-DLA1) is also available (1 m).

#### 2. Flush mount

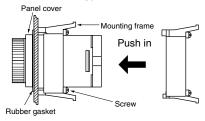
1) For the timers of PM4H and LT4H series, it is recommended to use the built-in screw terminal type for flush mount. (Mounting frame and rubber gasket are provided when timer is shipped.)

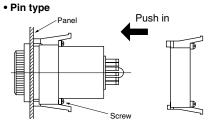


If the pin type is used, the mounting frame (AT8-DA4) and rubber gasket (ATC18002 for surface waterproofing) that are available at extra costs are necessary. If the pin connection socket is the 8-pin type, use the 8P cap (AD8-RC); or if it is the 11-pin type, use the 11P cap (AT8-DP11).

2) How to mount the timer From the panel front, pass the timer through the square hole. Fit the mounting frame from the rear, and then push it in so that the clearance between the mounting frame and the panel surface is minimized. In addition, lock the mounting frame with a screw.

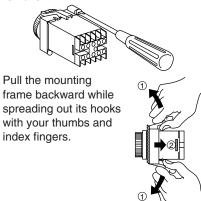
#### Screw terminal type





- 3) Caution in mounting the timerPM4H, and LT4H series
- (a) If the PM4H and the LT4H series are used as the waterproof types, tighten the reinforcing screws on the mounting frames so that the timers, the rubber gaskets, and the panel surfaces are tightly contacted with each other.
- (Tighten the two screws with uniform force and make sure that there is no rattling. If the screws are tightened too excessively, the mounting frame may come off.)
- (b) If the timer is installed with the panel cover and the rubber gasket removed, the waterproofing characteristic is lost.
  4) Installation

Loosen the screws on the mounting frame, spread the edge of frame and remove it.



5) Correctly connect the pins while seeing the pin connection diagram. Tighten the terminal screws with a torqu of 0.8 N·cm or less. The screws are M3.5. (screw-tightened terminal type) 6) If the pin type is used, the rear terminal block (ATC78041) or the 8P cap (AD8-RC) is necessary to connect the pins. For the 11-pin type, use the rear terminal block (ATC78051) or the 11P cap (AT8-DP11) and avoid directly soldering the round pins on the timer. 7) Panel cutout dimensions



45\*0.6

The standard panel cutout dimensions are shown in the left figure (Panel thickness: 1 to mm .039 to .197 inch)

8) Although the timers can be mounted adjacent to each other in this case, it is recommended to arrange the mounting holes as shown in the right figure to facilitate attaching and detaching the mounting frame.
9) Adjacent

mounting

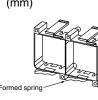
Although the

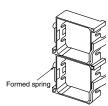
timers can be



mounted adjacent to each other, remember that the panel surface of PM4H or LT4H series timer will lose its water-resistant effect. (Panel thickness: 1 to 5 mm .039 to .197 inch)

mm .039 to .197 inch)  $A = (48 \times n - 2.5)^{+}\%^{8} \text{ (mm)}$ When lining up the timers horizontally, set the frames in such a position so the formed spring areas are at the top and bottom. When lining up the timers vertically, set the frames in such a position as the formed spring areas are at the right and left.





# **DIN SIZE TIMERS COMMON OPTIONS**

# Terminal sockets (Unit: mm inch, Tolerance: ±1 ±.039)

Туре	Appearance	Dimensions	Terminal wiring (Top view)	Mounting hole dimensions
PM4H-S PM4H-M PM4H-F8 PM4H-F8R PM4H-W LT4H LT4H-W QM4H (8-pin type)	• DIN rail socket (8-pin)	50 1.969 40 1.575 M.138 24 945 19 19 19 19 2.φ.177 35.5 70 1.390 2.756 1.390 2.756	Note: Terminal No. on the main body are identifical to those on the terminal socket.	2.4M 2-M 157 screw holes (or 4.2 <sup>24</sup> 165 <sup>24</sup> 1.575 screw he holes (or 4.2 <sup>24</sup> 165 <sup>24</sup> 1.575 screw he holes which are parallel different he holes which are parallel different her holes which are parallel different
PM4H-A PM4H-F11R LT4H LT4H-W (11-pin type)	• DIN rail socket (11-pin)  30.5 1,969  ATC180041	50 1.969 40 1.575 M.138 2.φ.177 2.756 Δ Δ Δ Δ Δ Δ Δ Δ Δ Δ Δ Δ Δ	Note: Terminal No. on the main body are identifical to those on the terminal socket.	2.4M 2-M.157 2.756  2.756  2.4M 2-M.157 acrow holes (or 4.2 <sup>m</sup> .165 <sup>m</sup> )

Note: The socket's numbering system matches that of the timer terminals.

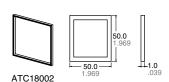
### Sockets (Unit: mm inch, Tolerance: ±1 ±.039)

Туре	Appearance	Dimensions	Terminal wiring (Top view)	Mounting hole dimensions
PM4H-S PM4H-M PM4H-SD PM4H-F8 PM4H-F8R	• Rear terminal socket  121 827 AT78041495  AT78041495	M3.5.138  38  1.496  630  1.614  2		-
PM4H-W LT4H LT4H-W (8-pin type) QM4H	• 8P cap 34.6 	# 314 # 30 # 314 # 30 # 32.5 # 32.5 # 3.15 # 3.15		-
PM4H-A PM4H-F11R	• Rear terminal socket  121 827 AT78051  • Rear terminal socket	M3.5.138  45 1.772  1.772  1.772  1.772  43.4  43.4  1.779  2.2  1.772  43.4  1.779  2.2  1.772  43.4  43.4  1.779	@ © @ @ @  	_
LT4H LT4H-W (11-pin type)	• 11P cap 	\$\begin{align*} \phi_{31.4} & \phi_{31.4} & \phi_{31.4} & \phi_{31.4} & \phi_{31.5} &	(5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5)	_

Note: The terminal socket's numbering system matches that of the timer terminals.

# **DIN SIZE TIMERS COMMON OPTIONS**

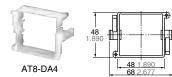
#### Rubber gasket



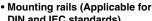
Applicable for PM4H series and LT4H series

The rubber gasket is enclosed in the PM4H (screw terminal type) and the LT4H series.

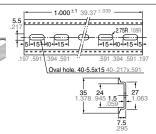
#### Mounting frame



Applicable for PM4H series LT4H series and QM4H series



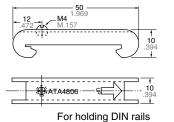




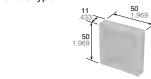
Fastening plate

ATA4806

AQM4801



• Protective cover for DIN 48 size: LT4H, QM4H series Flexible type



• Protective cover for DIN 48 size: QM4H series Hard type

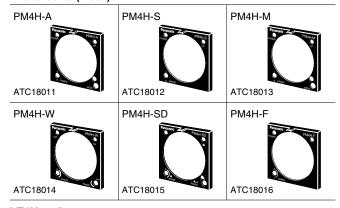


#### **Accessories**

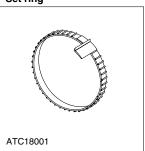
AQM4803

#### PM4H series

• Panel cover (Black)



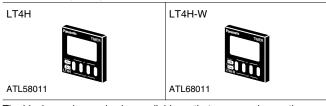
Set ring



When you control the fixed time range, the setting rings (a set of 2 pcs.) make it easy to do the time setting and keep the time range all the time. (Excluding PM4H-W)

#### LT4H series

• Panel cover (Black)



The black panel cover is also available so that you can change the appearance of the panel by changing the panel cover. The color of the standard panel cover is ash gray.

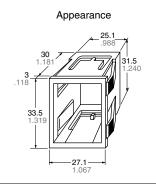
# S1DXM-A/M/S1DX COMMON OPTIONS

#### **Accessories** Note: Accessories are the same as those for the S1DX timer.

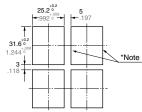
Mounting frame



ADX18002 (Titanium-gray) ADX18006 (Gray) ADX18007 (Black)



Panel cutout dimensions



Board thickness 1 to 3 mm Note: Make sure the holes area stays as right angles.

• Protective cover



• Cap block



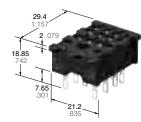
ADX18011

• Cap



ADX18004

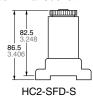
Socket



ADX18003

#### **Terminal socket**

 HC2 slim DIN terminal socket



 HC2 DIN high terminal socket



• HC4 DIN high terminal socket

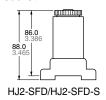


HC4 socket

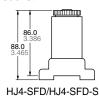


HC4-SS-K

HJ2 terminal socket



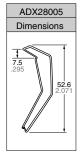
HJ4 terminal socket



# Socket leaf holding clip

#### 

# Socket line holding clip for S1DXM-A/M



Туре		Application				
Terminal socket		ADX18001	ADX18012	AD68002	ADX28005	
	HC2-SFD-S	_	_	0	0	
For HC relay	HC2-SFD-K	0	_	Δ	0	
	HC4-SFD-K	0	_	Δ	0	
	HJ2-SFD	_	0	_	_	
For U.I. rolov	HJ2-SFD-S	_	0	_	_	
For HJ relay	HJ4-SFD	_	Δ	_	_	
	HJ4-SFD-S	_	Δ	_	_	

Note: The triangles indicate that removal will be slightly difficult when installed laterally in succession.

# **S1DX TIMER OPTIONS**

# **HC** relay terminal sockets

	Name/Part No.	Dimensions	Terminal layout	Mounting hole dimensions	S1DX(2c)	le timers S1DX(4c) S1DXM(4c)
al rails	• Terminal socket, HC 2-pin	Oval hole: 24.2×5	1 5 9 13 0 0 0 1 1 1 1	Screw hole: 2-M3.5 (or \$\phi 4.2±0.1 hole) (or \$\phi -165±.004 hole) (	Available	Not available
For general rails	• High terminal socket, HC 1-, 2- and 4-pin	Oval hole: 2-4-2×9	02 06 010 01 05 09 013 40 80 20 0 30 70 110 14	9.5 .374 22.5 .886 .886 .886 .886 .886 .886 .886 .8	Available	Available
	• Slim DIN terminal socket, HC2  HC2-SFD-S	4 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	4 1 5 5 5 0 12 9 9 14 13	9.354 15) <sup>0.2</sup> .591·.008 5.91·.008 2.67 Screw hole: 2-M3.5 570·038 (or φ.4.2±0.1 hole) 2.244·008 (or φ.165±.004 hole) 2.079	Available	Not available
For DIN rails	• DIN high terminal socket, HC2  HC2-SFD-K	Terminal scree MO 21 d4 4 133 d2 d4	4 8 0 5 5 12 0 14	10.394 1.024 1.024 1.024 267 2.638 1.319	Available	Not available
	DIN high terminal socket, HC4  HC4-SFD-K	20 mm 10.3 mm	4 3 2 1 5 8 7 7 6 5 5 1 1 1 10 9 1 13	30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 3	Available	Available

# S1DXM-A/M/S1DX COMMON OPTIONS

# HJ relay terminal sockets

Name/Part No.	Dimensions	Terminal layout	Mounting hole dimensions	Applicabl S1DX(2c) S1DXM(2c)	S1DX(4c)
• HJ2 terminal socket	2-M4.2×5.165×5 mounting holes  1.181	80 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	15:02   591=00      59:03   2.323=012	Available	Not available
• HJ2 terminal socket (Finger protect type)	2-M4.2-5_165×5 mounting holes 1.181 1.81 1.81 1.81 1.81 1.81 1.81 1.	8 0 1 0 9 9 14 13	2-M3 .118 or M4 .157 or 4.5 .177 dia. hole	Available	Not available
• HJ4 terminal socket  HJ4-SFD	2-M4.2-5.165-5 mounting holes	3 2 1 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	22:0.2 86G:-000- 	Available	Available
• HJ4 terminal socket (Finger protect type)	2-M4.2×5.165×5 mounting holes  M3.118  Leminal screw  1.181  1.18	3 2 1 0 5 5 0 5 5 0 0 9 9 0 9 9 4 14 13	2-M3 .118 or M4 .157 or 4.5 .177 dia. hole	Available	Available

# S1DXM-A/M/S1DX COMMON OPTIONS

# **Sockets**

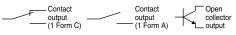
			Applicab	le timers
Name/Order No.	Dimensions	Mounting hole dimensions	S1DX(2c) S1DXM(2c)	S1DX(4c) S1DXM(4c)
• Socket, HC 2-pin	• The difference between the HC2 and HC4 sockets is only the number of the pins. Their appearances and sizes are the same.  4.45 4.45 1.75 1.75 1.75 1.75 1.75 1.75 1.75 1.7	The thickness of applicable chassis plates ranges from 1.0 to 2.0 mm. To install the socket easily, insert the socket top surface into the drilled holes and press the two points on the fastening plate indicated by arrows as shown in the fig. below.	Available	Not available
• Socket, HC 4-pin	General tolerance: ±0.5  General tolerance: ±0.5	25.8 1.016 21.6 850 The interval size between the sockets which are	Available	Available

Sockets for PC board

HC2 – Socket for PC board: AP3825K HC4 – Socket for PC board: AP3845K

# **COUNTERS SELECTOR CHART**

			Electronic counters		
Appearance	Flush mounting type  PC board mounting type	CE THE STATE OF TH	4-digit 6-digit	C €  4-digit 6-digit	(€
	AEL3	AEL3	display display	display display	
Name of product	LC2H Counter	LC2H Counter	LC4H Counter	LC4H-S Counter	LC4H-W Counter  Preset counter
Input mode/Input method	Total counter  UP type	Preset counter UP, DOWN type	Preset counter  UP, DOWN, and DIR (multi-mode)/DIP switch	Preset counter  UP, DOWN, and DIR (multi-mode)/DIP switch	UP, DOWN, and DIR (multi-mode) 2 modes selectable/DIP switch
Features	8.7 mm tall 8-digit display Bright 2-color back light	8.7 mm tall 8-digit display Preset function equipped in half size Display has backlight for instant recognition	Bright and easy-to-read display Simple operation Short body Conforms to IP66's weather resistant standards	Bright and easy-to-read display Simple operation Pre-scale function Built-in power supply for high-capacity sensor (100 to 240 V AC type) Conforms to IP66's weather resistant standards	Bright and easy-to-read display Simple operation Upper and lower limit settings are available. Conforms to IP66's weather resistant standards
Rated operating voltage	Flush mounting type: Unnecessary (Built-in battery) PC board mounting type: 3 V DC (Battery in externally installed)	24 V DC	100 to 240 V AC 24 V AC, 12 to 24 V DC	100 to 240 V AC	100 to 240 V AC 24 V AC 12 to 24 V DC
Number of digits (counter capacity)	8-digit	8-digit	4-digit 6-digit  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	4-digit 6-digit    0	6-digit   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0
Counter/Indication	Zero-suppress function (LCD)	Zero-suppress function (LCD)	7-segment LCD Counter value (backlight red LED) Setting value (backlight yellow LED)	7-segment LCD Counter value (backlight red LED) Setting value (backlight yellow LED)	7-segment LCD Counter value (backlight red LED) Setting value (backlight yellow LED)
Counting speed	Flush mounting type:  2kHz/30Hz (Changeable by a switch) PC board mounting type:  2kHz/30Hz (Different type)	30Hz/5kHz switchable	30Hz/5kHz	30Hz/5kHz	30Hz/5kHz
Input	\	Counting (signal) input and reset input • Input by short-circuiting or opening contacts • Open collector input	2-input (multi-mode) and reset input Input by short-circuiting or opening contacts. Open collector input	2-input (multi-mode) and reset input     Input by short-circuiting or opening contacts.     Open collector input	2-input (multi-mode) and reset input • Input by short-circuiting or opening contacts. • Open collector input
Reset (Reset input specifications conform to those of counting input)	Front reset button and external reset input terminal     External reset dip terminal	Manual reset with and external terminal and front reset key     Manual reset types inside one-short output models	Manual reset with and external terminal and front reset key     Manual reset types inside one-short output models	Manual reset with and external terminal and front reset key     Manual reset types inside one-short output models	Manual reset with and external terminal and front reset key     Manual reset types inside one-short output models
Preset	_	Counter number setting with key switches	<ul> <li>Operation mode setting with dip switches</li> <li>Counter number setting with key switches</li> </ul>	Operation mode setting with dip switches     Counter number setting with key switches	Output mode setting with dip switches     Counter number setting with key switches
Control output	_	+		or K	or +
Power supply output	_	_	_	External power supply 12 V DC 100 mA max. (AC type only)	_
Options	Flush mounting type (No need for easy installation type) Mounting frame, rubber gasket	Mounting frame, rubber gasket	11 P plug-in (terminal block, socket) 8 P plug-in (terminal block, socket)	11 P plug-in (terminal block, socket)	11 P plug-in (terminal block, socket)
Available standards	UL/C-UL	UL/C-UL	UL/C-UL	UL/C-UL	UL/C-UL



# **COUNTER-RELATED TERMINOLOGY**

### **Types of Counters**

#### 1. Electro Preset Counter

The counter is equipped with semiconductor counting circuitry. When the counter counts up to a preset number, its output circuit sends a signal.

#### 2. Electro Magnetic Counter

A magnet is magnetized and demagnetized to drive the dial and count up numbers.

### Rating

#### 1. Rated Operating Voltage

The voltage is applied to start the counter.

### Countings

#### 1. Pulse

This is a voltage or current signal sent at intermittent time intervals.

#### 2. Count

Pulses are used to count up and down.

#### 3. Miss-count

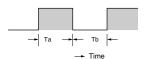
This happens if the number of pulses does not correspond to the number of counts.

#### 4. Hertz

This unit of counting speed is used to give the number of counts per one second.

#### 5. Make Ratio

This is the ratio of ON time (Ta) to OFF time (Tb).



#### 6. Maximum Counting Speed

Suppose that the counter is operated with an input pulse of a make ratio of 1. The highest counting speed is the peak of a range in which the output circuit can send signals without mis-counting. The speed is expressed in units of Hz (cps: counts per a second).

#### 7. Over Count

Counting continues beyond a preset number.

#### 8. Recount

When counting is up, the counter display resets to zero and counting restarts.

#### 9. Down Count

Numbers are counted down one by one from a preset number.

#### 10. Up Count

Numbers are counted up one by one from zero.

#### 11. Up/Down Count

Numbers are counted up or down depending on input conditions.

#### 12. Rejection (gate) Input

This signal is used to keep the counter from counting.

#### **Outputs**

#### 1. Count Up

When a preset number is reached, the output circuit sends a signal.

#### 2. Retained Output

The output is held until a reset signal is sent.

#### 3. One Shot Output

This output has a specified width of time.

### Resettings

#### 1. Reset

The counting process, display and output sections are all brought back to the initial status.

#### 2. Power off Reset

The operating voltage is turned off to reset the counter.

#### 3. Manual Reset

The counter is manually reset.

#### 4. Remote Reset

A signal is sent from a remote point to the reset terminal so as to reset the counter.

#### 5. Automatic Reset

When counting is up, internal circuitry is activated to automatically reset the counter.

#### 6. Reset Signal Width

This is the time during which the power is off so as to reset the counter or during which an external (manual) reset signal is sent.

#### 7. Reset time

This is the time from the moment a reset signal is sent to the instant the counter is ready to start counting again.

#### **OTHERS**

#### 1. Function of Memorizing Condition

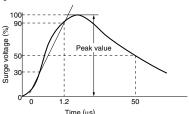
Counting data up until the operating voltage is turned off can be stored in memory. When the power is reactivated, the data can be reproduced.

#### 2. Anti-surge

The strength against power voltage surge is determined by applying a single-pole full-wave voltage (several hundred to several thousand volt wave for  $\pm (1.2x50)~\mu s$ ) acrosss the control power terminals.

Surge waveform

[Single-pole full-wave voltage for  $\pm$ (1.2x50)  $\mu$ s]



#### 3. Noise Immunity

This is the strength against external noise. Relay noise tests, noise simulator tests, etc. are conducted.

# PRECAUTIONS IN USING THE COUNTER

#### **Cautions for circuits**

#### 1. Protective circuit for counter contact

In the circuit that switches an inductive load, a contact failure may occur at a contact point due to surge or inrush current resulting from that switching. Therefore, it is recommended that the following protective circuit be used to protect the contact point.

		CR circuit (r: resistor c: capacitor)		Diode circuit	Varistor circuit	
		Counter contact	Counter contact	Counter contact	Counter contact	
Circuit		inductive load	nductive load	Diode Diode Inductive load	ZNRvaristor Z	
Application	AC	(see note.)	Available	Not available	Available	
Application	DC	Available	Available	Available	Available	
Features/Others		If the load is a relay or solenoid, the release time lengthens.  Effective when connected to both contacts if the power supply voltage is 24 or 48 V and the voltage across the load is 100 to 200 V.		The diode connected in parallel causes the energy stored in the coil to flow to the coil in the form of current and dissipates it as joule heat	Using the rated voltage characteristics of the varistor, this circuit prevents excessively high voltages from being applied across the	
		If the load is a timer, leakage current flows through the CR circuit causing faulty operation.  Note: If used with AC voltage, be sure the impedance of the load is sufficiently smaller than that of the CR circuit.		at the resistance component of the inductive load. This circuit further delays the release time compared to the CR circuit. (2 to 5 times the release time listed in the catalog)	contacts. This circuit also slightly delays the release time.	
Device Sele	As a guide in selecting r and c, c: $0.5$ to $1  \mu F$ per $1  A$ contact current r: $0.5$ to $1  \Omega$ per $1  V$ contact voltage Values vary depending on the properties of the load and variations in counter characteristics. Capacitor c acts to suppress the discharge the moment the contacts open. Resistor r acts to limit the current when the power is turned on the next time. Test to confirm. Use a capacitor with a breakdown voltage of 200 to 300 V. Use AC type capacitors (non-polarized) for AC circuits.		Use a diode with a reverse break- down voltage at least 10 times the circuit voltage and a forward cur- rent at least as large as the load current. In electronic circuits where the circuit voltages reverse breakdown voltage of about 2 to 3 times the power supply voltage.	_		

#### 2. Type of Load and Inrush Current

The type of load and its inrush current characteristics, together with the switching frequency, are important factors which cause contact welding. Particularly for loads with inrush currents, measure the steady state current and inrush current and use a relay or magnet switch which provides an ample margin of safety. The table below shows the relationship between typical loads and their inrush currents.

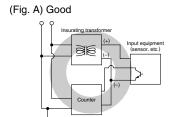
Type of load	Inrush current
Resistive load	Steady state current
Solenoid load	10 to 20 times the steady state current
Motor load	5 to 10 times the steady state current
Incandescent lamp load	10 to 15 times the steady state current
Mercury lamp load	1 to 3 times the steady state current
Sodium vapor lamp load	1 to 3 times the steady state current
Capacitive load	20 to 40 times the steady state current
Transformer load	5 to 15 times the steady state current

When you want large load and long life of the counter, do not control the load direct with a counter. When the counter is designed to use a relay or a magnet switch, you can acquire the longer life of the counter.

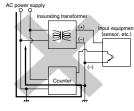
# 3. Connection of input (Except for LC4H-S/AC type)

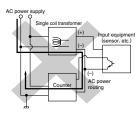
The LC4H series use power supply without a transformer (power and input terminals are not insulated). In connecting various kinds of input signals, therefore, use a power transformer in which the primary side is separated from the ungrounded secondary side as shown in Fig. A, for the power supply for a sensor and other input devices so that short-circuiting can be prevented.

Do not use a single coil transformer (e.g., Sly-Duck). Otherwise, the internal circuit of the counter will be short-circuited as shown in Fig. B resulting in breakdown.



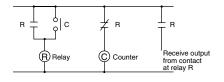
(Fig. B) No good





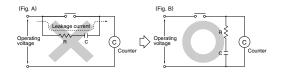
#### 4. Long Continuous Current Flow

Avoid keeping the counter on for a long period of time (over one month). Otherwise heat is generated and accumulated inside the counter, which may deteriorate its electronic parts. If the counter must be kept on for a long period of time, a relay is added. See the circuit diagram below.



#### 5. Leakage current

1) For connecting operating voltage to the counter, a circuit should be used, which will prevent the flow of leakage current. For example, a circuit for contact protection as shown in Fig A. will permit leakage current flow through R and C, causing erroneous operation of the counter. Instead, the circuit shown in Fig. B should be used.



2) If the counter is directly switched with a non-contact element, leak current may flow into the counter and cause it to malfunction.

# PRECAUTIONS IN USING THE COUNTER

# Cautions for use (common for all models)

#### 1. Terminal connections

Correctly connect the pins while seeing the terminal layout/wiring diagram. In particular, the DC type, which has polarities, does not operate with the polarities connected reverse. Any incorrect connection can cause abnormal heating or ignition.

#### 2. Connection to operating voltage

- 1)Apply the entire supply voltage through a switch, relay or other contact.
- 2) The operating voltage for the DC type must be at the specified ripple percentage or less. The average voltage must fall within the allowable operating voltage range.

Rectification type	Ripple percentage
Single-phase, full-wave	Approx. 48%
Three-phase, full-wave	Approx. 4%
Three-phase, half-wave	Approx. 17%

3) Make sure that no induced voltage and residual voltage are applied between the power terminals on the counter after the power switch is turned OFF. (If the power line is wired in parallel with the high-voltage and motor lines, induced voltage may be produced between the power pins.)

#### 3. Control output

1) Keep the load capacity below the counter's rated control capacity. If used above the rating, the counter's service life may shorten. With the transistor output type counters, transistors may be damaged.

#### 4. Installing the counter

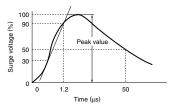
- 1) To install the counter, use the dedicated pin bracket or socket (cap). Avoid connecting the pins on the counter by directly soldering them.
- 2) In order to maintain the characteristics, do not remove the counter cover (case).

# 5. Superimposed surge of power supply

For the superimposed surge of power supply, the standard waveform (±1.2x50µs or ±1x40µs) is taken as the standard value for surge-proof voltage. (The positive and negative voltages are applied each three or five times between the power pins.)

For the standard values for the LC4H type counters, see the respective items in "Cautions for use."

# • Single-pole, full-wave voltage for surge waveform [±(1.2x50) μs]



If external surge occurs exceeding the specified value, the internal circuit may break down. In this case, use a surge absorption element. The typical surge absorption elements include a varistor, a capacitor, and a diode. If a surge absorption element is used, use an oscilloscope to see whether or not the foreign surge exceeding the specified value appears.

#### 6. Signal input

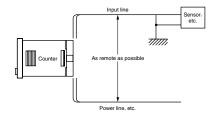
The counter's signal input comes in two ways. One is by opening and closing the input terminal. The other is by applying a specified H-level or L-level voltage to the input terminal.

For an input sensor's residual voltage, input impedance, input voltage level and other signal input conditions, see the ratings for each type of product.

#### 7. Operating environment

- 1) For the ambient operating temperature and humidity, see the ratings for each type of product.
- 2) Avoid using the counter in a location where inflammable or corrosive gas is generated, the counter is exposed to much dust and other foreign matter; water or oil is splashed on the counter; or vibrations or shocks are given to the counter.

- 3) The counter cover (case), the knobs, and the dials are made of polycarbonated resin. Therefore, prevent the counter from being exposed to organic solvents such as methyl alcohol, benzine, and thinner, strong acid substances such as caustic soda, and ammonia and avoid using the counter in atmosphere containing any of those substances.
- 4) If the counter is used where noises are emitted frequently, separate the input signal elements (such as a sensor), the wiring for the input signal line, and the counter as far as possible from the noise source and the high power line containing noises.



#### 8. Checking the actual load

In order to increase the reliability in the actual use, check the quality of the counter in the actual usage.

#### 9. Others

uct liabilities.

- 1) If the counter is used exceeding the ratings (operating voltage and control capacity), the contact life, or any other specified limit, abnormal heat, smoke, or ignition may occur.
- 2) The LC2H series counter, incorporates a lithium battery.

Never disassemble the lithium battery or throw it into fire because this may affect humans and facilities. The lithium battery must be disposed of as an incombustible like other used batteries.

3) If any malfunction of the counter is likely to affect human life and properties, give allowance to the rated values and performance values. In addition, take

appropriate safety measures such as a

duplex circuit from the viewpoint of prod-

# Panasonic ideas for life

# DIN HALF SIZE LCD COUNTER

LC2H





Panel mounting type
One-touch installation type



Panel mounting type Installation frame type



PC board mounting type

#### **Features**

• 8.7 mm .343 inch Character Height (previously 7 mm)

Easy-to-read character height increased from 7 mm to 8.7 mm .276 inch to .343 inch



Plenty of Digits

- Counting Speed Switchable between 2 kHz and 30 Hz
- · Panel Mounting Type Features
- Installation Methods

Comes with very easy one-touch installation type and also installation frame type that uses the bracket on the timer/counter. Choose a method that suits the application.

 Battery Replacement Easy on Environment

To replace battery simply remove body for the one-touch installation type, and remove battery lid for the installation frame type.  Screw Terminals Designed for Safety

Built in finger protection.

- Panel Covers Replacable (Standard color is ash gray.)
   Change the panel design by replacing with a black panel cover.
- Conforms to IP66 Protective Construction (Only installation frame type.) (Front panel surface)
- Input Methods
- 1) Non-voltage input method
- 2) Voltage input method
- 3) Free voltage input method
- Backlight Type Added to Series and Now 2-color Switchable (green/ red)

Easy viewing even in dark places and switchable between green and red (Voltage input type).

Compliant with UL, c-UL and CE.

#### **Product chart**

Туре			Backlight type		
Installation type		Non-voltage input type	Voltage input type (4.5 to 30 V DC)	Free voltage input type (24 to 240 V AC/DC)	Voltage input type (4.5 to 30 V DC)
Panel	One-touch installation type	0	0	0	0
mounting type	Installation frame type	0	0	0	0
PC board mounting type		0	_	_	_

#### **Product types**

- 1. Panel mounting type
- 1) One-touch installation type
- ① Standard type

9						
No. digits	Counting speed	Front reset	Input method	Part No.		
8 digits	0 141-/00 11		Non-voltage input type	LC2H-FE-2KK		
	2 kHz/30 Hz switchable	Yes	Voltage input type (4.5 to 30 V DC)	LC2H-FE-DL-2KK		
	30 Hz		Free voltage input type (24 to 240 V AC/DC)	LC2H-FE-FV-30		

Note) Please ask us about types without front resetting.

#### ② Backlight type

No. digits	Counting speed	Front reset	Input method	Part No.
8 digits	2 kHz/30 Hz switchable	Yes	Voltage input type (4.5 to 30 V DC)	LC2H-FE-DL-2KK-B

#### 2) Installation frame type

#### ① Standard type

No. digits	Counting speed	Front reset	Input method	Part No.
8 digits	2 kHz/30 Hz switchable		Non-voltage input type	LC2H-F-2KK
	2 KHZ/30 HZ SWITCHAble	Yes	Voltage input type (4.5 to 30 V DC)	LC2H-F-DL-2KK
	30 Hz		Free voltage input type (24 to 240 V AC/DC)	LC2H-F-FV-30

Note) Please ask us about types without front resetting.

#### ② Backlight type

No. digits	Counting speed	Front reset	Input method	Part No.
8 digits	2 kHz/30 Hz switchable	Yes	Voltage input type (4.5 to 30 V DC)	LC2H-F-DL-2KK-B

#### 2. PC board mounting type

No. digits	Counting speed	Front reset	Input method	Part No.
8 digits	2 kHz	No	Non-voltage input type	LC2H-C-2K-N
	30 Hz	No		LC2H-C-30-N

# Specifications 1. Panel mounting type

	Туре	Standa	rd type	Backlight type	Standard type	
Item		Non-voltage input	Voltage	e input	Free voltage type	
No. digits		8 digits				
External	power supply	Not required (built-in battery)				
Max. counting speed		2 kl	Hz/30 Hz (Switchable by swit	tch)	30 Hz (Note 2)	
Min. input signal width (ON: OFF = 1:1)		0.25 r	ns/16.7 ms (Switchable by s	witch)	16.7 ms	
Count input	Input method (signal)	Non-voltage input using contacts or open collector connection	High level: 4. Low level: 0		High level: 24 to 240 V AC/DC Low level: 0 to 2.4 V AC/DC	
	Input impedance	When shorted: Max. 10 k $\Omega$ When open: Max. 750 k $\Omega$	Approx.	4.7 kΩ	_	
	Residual voltage	Max. 0.5 V	_		_	
	Min. input signal width		200 ms			
Donat	Input method (signal)	Non-voltage input using contacts or open collector connection	High level: 4.5 to 30 V DC Low level: 0 to 2 V DC		Non-voltage input using contacts or open collector connection	
Reset input	Input impedance	When shorted: Max. 10 k $\Omega$ When open: Max. 750 k $\Omega$	Appox. 4.7 kΩ		When shorted: Max. 10 kΩ When open: Max. 750 kΩ	
	Residual voltage	Max 0.5 V	_	_	Max. 0.5 V	
Display i	method	7-segment LCD With		7-segment LCD With green/red backlight	7-segment LCD	
Breakdown voltage (initial)		Between charged and uncharged parts: 1,000 V AC for 1 minute. unchar			Between charged and uncharged parts: 2,000 V AC for 1 minute.	
Insulatio	n resistance (initial)	Min. 100 M $\Omega$ (meas	sured at 500 V DC) Measure	ement location same as for b	reak down voltage.	
Backligh	t power	_	_	24 V DC (±10%)	_	
Protectiv	ve construction (Note 3)	IEC	Standard IP66 (only panel f	ront: when using rubber gas	ket)	
Accesso	ories (Note 3)		Rubber gasket, r	mounting bracket		
Battery I	ife	7 years (at 25°C 77°F) Note 1 6 years (at 25°C 77				

Notes) 1. The value given for battery life is calculated based on continuous operation (count input signal ON/OFF = 1:1), therefore, this value is not guaranteed.
Also, battery life is decreased 30% when operation is continuous with 2 kHz count inputting in 2 kHz mode.
2. Operation is at 25 Hz when using 24 V AC.
3. Only for installation frame type.

#### 2. PC board mounting type

Type		PC board mounting type			
Input method		Non DC voltage input			
No. digit	S	8 di	gits		
Rated o	peration voltage	3 V	DC		
Allowabl	e operation voltage range	2.7 to 3.	3 V DC		
Current	consumption	Max. 30 μA (max. 250	μA during reset input)		
Max. counting speed		2 kHz	30 Hz		
	Min. input signal width (ON: OFF = 1:1)	0.25 ms	16.7 ms		
Count	Input method	Non-voltage input using contacts or open collector connection			
input	Input impedance	When shorted: Max. 10 k $\Omega$ When open: Max. 750 k $\Omega$			
	Residual voltage	Max.	0.5 V		
	Min. input signal width	10 ms			
Donot	Input method	Non-voltage input using contact	ts or open collector connection		
Reset input	Input impedance	When shorted: Max. 10 k $\Omega$ When open: Max. 750 k $\Omega$			
	Residual power	Max.	0.5 V		
Break de	own voltage (initial)	Between charged and uncharged parts: 1,000 V AC for 1 minute.			
Insulatio	n resistance (initial)	Min. 100 M $\Omega$ (measured at 500 V DC) Measurement location same as for break down voltage.			

#### 3. Common

Item	Туре	Panel mounting/PC board mounting types		
Vibration registers	Functional	10 to 55 Hz (1 cycle/min.), single amplitude: 0.15 mm .006 inch (10 min. on 3 axes)		
Vibration resistance	Destructive	10 to 55 Hz (1 cycle/min.), single amplitude: 0.375 mm .015 inch (1 hr. on 3 axes)		
Shock resistance	Functional	in. 98 m/s <sup>2</sup> (4 times on 3 axes)		
Shock resistance	Destructive	Min. 294 m/s² (5 times on 3 axes)		
Operation temperatur	e	-10 to +55°C +14 to +131°F (without frost or dew)		
Storage temperature		-25 to +65°C -13 to +149°F (without frost or dew)		
Ambient humidity		35 to 85% RH (non-condensing)		

### Applicable standard

(EMI)EN61000-	0.4		
Noise terminal of (EMS)EN61000 Static discharge RF electromagn EFT/B immunity Conductivity no	erence electric field strength voltage -6-2 e immunity netic field immunity	EN61000-4-3	p1 ClassA  4 kV contact 8 kV air 10 V/m AM modulation (80 MHz to 1 GHz) 10 V/m pulse modulation (895 MHz to 905 MHz) 2 kV (power supply line)

#### Part names

#### 1. Front reset button

This button resets the count value. It does not work when the lock switch is ON. Be aware that battery life will decrease if this switch is used frequently.

### 2. Lock switch (Refer to chart on right.)

Disable the front reset button.

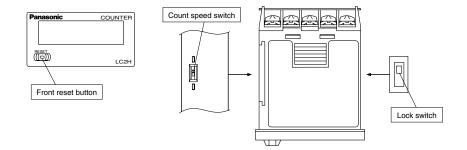
Note) Turn ON at the LCD side (reset disabled) and OFF at the terminal block side (reset enabled).

### 3. Count speed switch (Refer to chart on right.)

Use this switch to switch the count speed between 30 Hz and 2 kHz. (On the non-voltage and voltage input types, 30 Hz is on the LCD side and 2 kHz is on the terminal block side. Fixed at 30 Hz for free voltage input type.)

Note) You must press the front reset button when you change the count speed switch setting.

Confirm, however, that the Lock Switch is OFF (front switches operable).



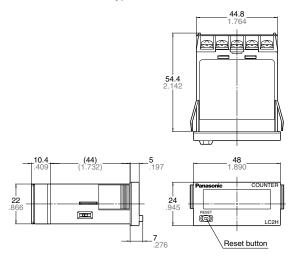
	Non-voltage input/voltage input	Free voltage input
Lock switch (Unit display 1)	(Terminal block s	OFF*  ON
Count speed switch (Unit display 2)	(Terminal block side) 2k Hz  (LCD side) 30Hz米	— (Fixed at 30 Hz)

Notes) 1. \*Default setting when shipped.

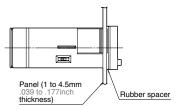
#### **Dimensions**

- 1. Panel mounting type
- External dimensions

1) One-touch installation type



#### • Panel installation diagram

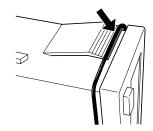


Note) When installing to a 4.5 mm .177 inch thick panel, remove the rubber spacer first.

When installing the one-touch installation type model, make sure that the installation spring does not pinch the rubber gasket.

To prevent the installation spring from pinching the rubber gasket:

- 1. Set the rubber gasket on both ends of the installation spring (left and right).
- 2. Confirm that the installation spring is not pinching the rubber gasket, and then insert and fix the installation spring in place from the rear of the timer unit.

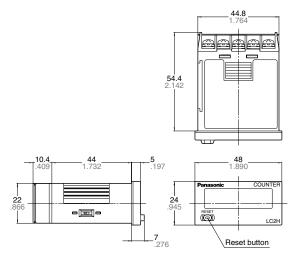


mm inch

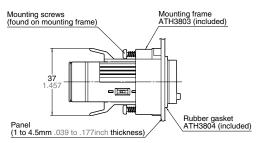
General tolerance: ±1.0 ±.039

<sup>2.</sup> Make the switch setting before installing to panel.

#### 2) Installation frame type

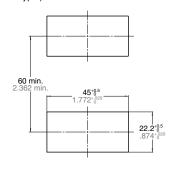


#### • Panel mounting diagram

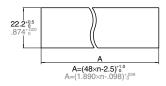


#### • Panel cut-out dimensions

The standard panel cut-out is shown below. Use the mounting frame (ATH3803) and the rubber packing (ATH3804). (Only installation frame type.)



## • For connected installation (sealed installation) (Only installation frame type.)

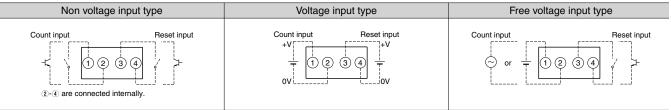


Notes) 1. Suitable installation panel thickness is 1 to 4.5 mm .039 to .177 inch.

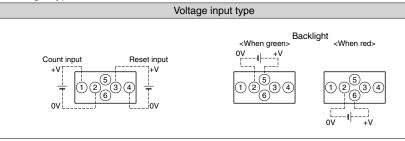
2. Waterproofing will be lost when installing repeatedly (sealed installation)

#### • Terminal layout and wiring diagrams

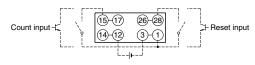
#### 1) Standard type



#### 2) Backlight type



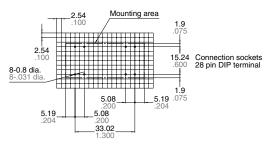
#### • Terminal layout and wiring diagrams



①-③, ⑫-⑭, ⑮-⑰ and ⑯-⑳ are connected internally. An external power supply is required.

#### General tolerance: $\pm 1.0 \pm .039$ mm incl

#### PC board pattern (BOTTOM VIEW)



General tolerance: ±0.1 ±.004

Note: The AXS212811K is recommended as a compatible connection socket.

#### Input method

#### 1. Standard type

Non-voltage input type						
Panel mou	unting type	PC board mounting type				
Contact innut	Transistor input	Contact innut	Transistor input			
Contact input	NPN transistor	Contact input	NPN transistor			
Count Reset input  (② and ④ are connected internally.)	Count 1 2 3 4 Reset input 0V (② and ④ are connected internally.)	Count (19-02) Reset (19-02) 3 - 10 Input (19-02) - 3 V DC -	Count Solution (1997) (1998) (			

Notes) 1. When using contact input, since current flow is small from terminals ① and ③ on the panel mounting type and terminals ⑥ to ⑰ and ⑳ to ⑳ on the PC board mounting type, please use relays and switches with high contact reliability.

2. When using transistor input, use the following as a guide for which transistors (Tr) to use for inputting. (Collector withstand voltage  $\geq$  50 V, leakage current < 1  $\mu$ A

Contact input	Transist	tor input	Free voltage input type
Contact input	NPN transistor	PNP transistor	
Count input + 1 2 3 4 + -	+V Count 1 2 3 4 Reset input input	+V +	nodu ja segu

Notes) 1. ② and ④. (The input and reset circuits are functionally insulated.)

When using transistor (Tr) input, use the right as a guide. (Collector withstand voltage ≥ 50 V, leakage current < 1 µA)</li>
 Be aware that the application of voltage that exceeds the voltage range of the H level to the count input terminal, and the application of voltage to the reset input terminal, can cause damage to the internal elements.

#### 2. Backlight type

Contact input	Transist	tor input	Backlight connection		
Contact input	NPN transistor	PNP transistor			
Count Input +	Count input ov ov	Count 1 2 5 3 4 Reset input	Green Red  1 24V DC  1 2 6 3 4 1 24V DC		

- Notes) 1. Do not reverse the polarities when connecting the DC voltage for the backlight.

  2. ② and ③. (The input and reset circuits are functionally insulated.)

  3. When using transistor (Tr) input, use the right as a guide. (Collector withstand voltage ≥ 50 V, leakage current < 1 µA)

  4. Be aware that the application of voltage that exceeds the voltage range of the H level to the count input terminal, and the application of voltage to the reset input terminal, can cause damage to the internal elements.

### **Explanation of operation**

- 1. Counting takes place when the count input signal is ON.
- 2. Counting resumes again when the count value reaches 99999999 (full scale value) and then returns to "0" with a new count input.
- 3. No measurement takes place when a reset is input.
- 1) When reset is ON, resetting takes place and the count becomes "0".
- 2) Press the front reset button when you want to reset manually (only panel installation type).

Note) Be aware that battery life will decrease if the count input or reset input are left ON.



Note) \*Count becomes "1" when the reset input is turned OFF while the count signal is being input.

#### Cautions for use

#### 1. Non-voltage input type For both panel mounting and PC board mounting types

- 1) Never apply voltage to the non-voltage input type. This will damage the internal elements. Also, since there is a possibility of erroneous operation, do not connect in parallel the inputs of a non-voltage input type and another counter from a single input signal.
- 2) Since the current flow is very small from the count input and reset input terminals (1) and 3) on the panel mounting type and terminals (6) to (7) and (26) to (28) on the PC board mounting type) please use relays and switches with high contact reliability.
- 3) When inputting with an open collector of a transistor, use a transistor for small signals in which ICBO is 1  $\mu$ A or less and always input with no voltage.
- 4) When wiring, try to keep all the input lines to the count and reset inputs as short as possible and avoid running them together with high voltage and power transmission lines or in a power conduit. Also, malfunctions might occur if the floating capacitance of these wires exceeds 500 pF (10 m 32.808 ft. for parallel wires of 2 mm²). When using 2 kHz mode, use with a wiring floating capacitance of 120 pF (3 m 9.843 ft. for parallel wires of 2 mm²). In particular, when using shielded wiring, be careful of the capacitance between wires.

#### PC board mounting type

- 1) For external power supply use manganese dioxide or lithium batteries (CR type: 3V).
- 2) Always reset after external power is applied and confirm that the display reads "0".
- 3) Make the wiring from the battery to the counter unit as short as absolutely possible. Also, be careful of polarity.
- 4) Calculate battery life with the following formula.
- t = A/I
  - t: battery life [h]
  - I: LC2H current consumption [mA]
  - A: battery capacity until minimum operation voltage is reached [mAh]
- 5) Hand solder to the lead terminal. Do not dip solder. With the tip of the soldering iron at 300°C 572°F perform soldering within 3 seconds (for 30 to 60 W soldering iron).

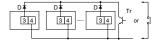
#### 2. Voltage input type

1) Be aware that applying more than 30 V DC to count input terminals ① and ②, and reset input terminals ③ and ④ will cause damage to the internal elements.

- 2) For external resetting use H level (application of 4.5 to 30 V DC) between reset terminals ③ and ④ of the rear terminals. In this case, connect + to terminal ③ and to terminal ④. This is the valid polarity; therefore, the counter will not work if reversed.
- 3) When wiring, try to keep all the input lines to the count and reset inputs as short as possible and avoid running them together with high voltage and power transmission lines or in a power conduit. Also, malfunctions might occur if the floating capacitance of these wires exceeds 500 pF (10 m 32.808 ft. for parallel wires of 2 mm²).

#### 3. Free voltage input type

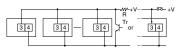
- 1) Use count input terminals ① and ② for free voltage input and reset terminals ③ and ④ for non-voltage input.
- 2) Be aware that the application of voltage that exceeds the voltage range of the H level to the count input terminal, and the application of voltage to the reset input terminal, can cause damage to the internal elements.
- 3) Since the current flow is very small from reset input terminal ③, please use relays and switches with high contact reliability.
- 4) When inputting a reset with an open collector of a transistor, use a transistor for small signals in which ICBO is 1  $\mu$ A or less and always input with no voltage.
- 5) To reset externally, short reset input terminals ③ and ④ on the rear.
- 6) Input uses a high impedance circuit; therefore, erroneous operation may occur if the influence of induction voltage is present. If you plan to use wiring for the input signal that is 10 m or longer (wire capacitance 120 pF/m at normal temperature), we recommend the use of a CR filter or the connection of a bleeder resistor.
- 4. How to reset multiple panel mounting type counters all at once (input is the same for count)
  Non-voltage input type



- Notes) 1. Use the following as a guide for choosing transistors used for input (Tr).

  Leakage current < 1 µA
  - Use as small a diode (D) as possible in the forward voltage so that the voltage between terminals 3 and 4 during reset input meets the standard value (0.5 V).
     (At IF = 20 μA, forward voltage 0.1 and

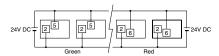
#### Voltage input type



Note) Make sure that H (reset ON) level is at least 4.5 V.

#### 5. Backlight luminance

To prevent varying luminance among backlights when using multiple Backlight types, please use the same backlight power supply.



#### 6. Environment for use

- 1) Ambient conditions
- Overvoltage category II, pollution level 2
- Indoor use
- Acceptable temperature and humidity range: -10 to +55°C, 35 to 85%RH (with no condensation at 20°C)
- Under 2000 m elevation
- 2) Use the main unit in a location that matches the following conditions.
- There is minimal dust and no corrosive gas.
- There is no combustible or explosive gas.
- There is no mechanical vibration or impacts.
- There is no exposure to direct sunlight.
- Located away from large-volume electromagnetic switches and power lines with large electrical currents.
- 3) Connect a breaker that conforms to EN60947-1 or EN60947-3 to the voltage input section.
- 4) Applied voltage should be protected with an overcurrent protection device (example: T 1A, 250 V AC time lag fuse) that conforms to the EN/IEC standards. (Free voltage input type)

# Panasonic ideas for life

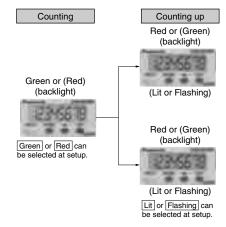
# PRESET COUNTERS





#### **Features**

- Preset function equipped in half size (24  $\times$  48 mm 0.945  $\times$  1.890 inch).
- Display has backlight for instant recognition.



 8.7 mm 0.343 inch Character Height (previously 7 mm 0.276 inch)
 Easy-to read character height increased

LC2H

Easy-to read character height increased from 7 mm to 8.7 mm 0.276 inch to 0.343 inch.



Plenty of Digits



- Counting Speed Switchable between 30 Hz and 5 kHz
- Conforms to IP66 Protective Construction (Front panel surface)

Weatherproofing supported by using optional mounting frame and rubber gasket

- Includes reassuring lock mode and lock switch to prevent erroneous operation.
- Screw terminals are constructed to protect fingers to ensure safety.
- · Compliant with UL, c-UL and CE.

### **Product types**

No. digits	Counting speed	Output mode	Output	Operating voltage	Part No.	
8 digits	30 Hz/5 kHz switchable	Maintain output/hold count     Maintain output/over count     One shot/over count     One shot/recount	Transistor (1a)	24 V DC	LC2HP-FEW-B-	-DC24V
Options		Mounting frame		Llee for waterproofin	ATH3803	
	Орионъ	Rubber gask	et	Use for waterproofing (front panel surface)		ATH3804

Note: Mounting frame and rubber gasket are not included.

### **Specifications**

	Item	Descriptions		
	Rated operating voltage	24 V DC		
	Rated power consumption	Max. 1.5 W		
	Rated control capacity	100 mA 30 V DC		
	Input mode	Addition/Subtraction (selectable by front switch)		
	Max. counting speed	30 Hz/5 kHz (selectable by slide switch on side)		
	Counting input	Min. input signal width: 16.7 ms at 30 Hz/0.1 ms at 5 kHz, ON time : OFF time = 1 : 1		
	Reset input	Min. input signal width: Min. 30 ms		
Rating	Input signal	• Non-voltage input using contacts or open-collector connection • Input impedance; when shorted: Max. 1 k $\Omega$ , when open: Min. 100 k $\Omega$ • Residual voltage: Max. 2 V		
	Output mode	<ul> <li>Maintain output/hold count</li> <li>One shot/over count</li> <li>One shot/recount</li> <li>(Selectable by front switch)</li> </ul>		
	Display method	7-segment LCD (Switch between red and green for backlight, and between lit and flashing for count u		
	Digit	-9999999 to 99999999 (-7 digits to +8 digits) (0 to 99999999 for preset value)		
	Memory	EEP-ROM (Overwriting times: 10⁵ operations or more)		
Contact arran	gement	1 Form A (Open collector)		
Electrical life (	(contact)	10 <sup>7</sup> operations (at rated control voltage)		
	Allowable operating voltage range	85 to 110% of rated operating voltage		
Electrical	Break down voltage (Initial value)	Between input and output: 1,500 V AC, for 1 min.		
	Insulation resistance (Initial value)	Between input and output: 100 M $\Omega$ (at 500 V DC)		
	Functional vibration resistance	10 to 55 Hz (1 cycle/min), Single amplitude: 0.15 mm (10 min. on 3 axes)		
Mechanical	Destructive vibration resistance	10 to 55 Hz (1 cycle/min), Single amplitude: 0.375 mm (1 hr. on 3 axes)		
viecilariicai	Functional shock resistance	Min. 98 m/s <sup>2</sup> (4 times on 3 axes)		
	Destructive shock resistance	Min. 294 m/s <sup>2</sup> (5 times on 3 axes)		
	Operation temperature	-10 to 55°C +14 to +131°F (without frost or dew)		
Operating conditions	Storage temperature	-25 to +65°C −13 to +149°F (without frost or dew)		
Jonations	Ambient humidity	30 to 85% RH (at 25°C 77°F, non-condensing)		
Protective cor	nstruction	IP66 (front panel with mounting bracket and rubber gasket)		

<sup>\*</sup> The factory default preset value is set to 1000000.

### Applicable standard

	(EMI)EN61000-6-4		
	Radiation interference electric field strength	EN55011 Grou	ıp1 ClassA
	Noise terminal voltage	EN55011 Grou	ıp1 ClassA
	(EMS)EN61000-6-2		
	Static discharge immunity	EN61000-4-2	4 kV contact
EMC			8 kV air
LIVIO	RF electromagnetic field immunity	EN61000-4-3	10 V/m AM modulation (80 MHz to 1 GHz)
			10 V/m pulse modulation (895 MHz to 905 MHz)
	EFT/B immunity	EN61000-4-4	2 kV (power supply line)
			1 kV (signal line)
	Conductivity noise immunity	EN61000-4-6	10 V/m AM modulation (0.15 MHz to 80 MHz)
	Power frequency magnetic field immunity	EN61000-4-8	30 A/m (50 Hz)

mm inch

### LC2H

#### Part names

#### 1. Front reset key

This key resets the count value. It does not work when the lock switch is ON.

#### 2. Mode key

Use to switch between each mode.

#### 3. Setting key

Used to set digits of preset values or set each mode.

#### 4. Set kev

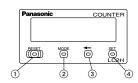
Use to set preset values or to switch between modes.

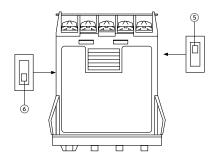
#### 5. Lock switch

Disable the operation of the front panel reset key and the mode key. With the lock switch on, Lock is displayed for about two seconds when the reset key or mode switch is operated.

#### 6. Count speed switch

Use this switch to switch the count speed between 30 Hz and 5 kHz.



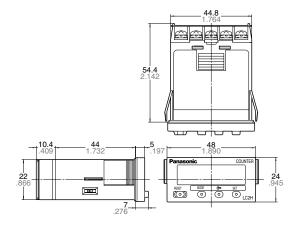


※: Default setting when shipped.

(5)	Lock switch (unit display 1)	(Terminal block side)  (LCD side)	OFF* ON
6	Count speed switch (unit display 2)	(Terminal block side)  (LCD side)	5kHz \$\int \text{30Hz*}

#### **Dimensions**

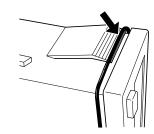
#### External dimensions



When installing the one-touch installation type model, make sure that the installation spring does not pinch the rubber gasket.

To prevent the installation spring from pinching the rubber gasket:

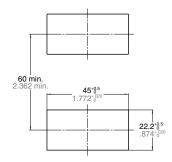
- 1. Set the rubber gasket on both ends of the installation spring (left and right).
- 2. Confirm that the installation spring is not pinching the rubber gasket, and then insert and fix the installation spring in place from the rear of the timer unit.



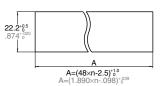
General tolerance: ±1.0 ±.039

#### Panel cut out dimensions

The standard panel cut out is shown below. Use the mounting bracket (ATH3803) and the rubber gasket (ATH3804). (Only installation frame type)



#### • When installing repeatedly (sealed installation) (Only installation frame type)



Notes: 1. Suitable installation panel thickness is 1 to 4.5 mm 0.39 to 0.177 inch. 2. Waterproofing will be lost when installing repeatedly (sealed installation).

Notes: 1. Make the switch setting before installing to panel.

2. Please turn the power off if you change the setting of the count speed switch when the power is on. The setting will become valid when the power is turned back on.

#### How to set

#### 1. Preset value setting mode

This is the mode for setting preset values.



1) Pressing the MODE key takes you to the preset value setting mode.



- 2) Pressing the setting key moves the flashing digit left by one. Following the highest digit it returns to the lowest digit and each time the digit setting key is pressed it moves one to the left.
- 3) Pressing the set key increases the value by one. (After 9 it returns to 0 and then changes to 1, 2, 3, etc.)
- 4) Pressing the front panel reset key sets the displayed preset value and returns you to the regular operation mode.
- 5) In the preset value setting mode if you do not operate the digit setting key or the set key for ten seconds or more you will be returned to regular operation. In this case the preset value will not change.

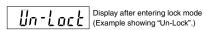
#### 2. Lock mode

This mode prohibits everything except the preset value setting mode.

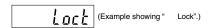


1) Pressing the set key while holding down the mode key takes you to the lock mode.

2) The display reads "Un-Lock" after entering the lock mode (initial setting).



 Pressing the setting key changes the display between "Lock" and "Unlock".



4) Pressing the front panel reset key sets the content displayed and returns you to regular operation mode.

Note: You will not be returned to regular operation mode if you do not press the front panel reset key.

5) When the lock mode display reads "Lock", you will not be able to move to the backlight setting mode, the input setting mode, or the output setting mode.

#### 3. Backlight setting mode

This is the mode for setting the backlight during count up.



- Pressing the SET key two times while holding down the MODE key takes you to the backlight setting mode.
- 2) The display in the backlight setting mode reads " LEd"



3) The LED backlight will be red (initial setting).

- 4) The backlight changes from flashing green to flashing red to lit green and to lit red with each press of the setting key.
- 5) Pressing the front panel reset key sets the current backlight color and returns you to regular operation mode.

Note: You will not be returned to regular operation mode if you do not press the front panel reset key.

#### 4. Input setting mode

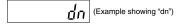
This is the mode for setting addition or subtraction.



- 1) Pressing the SET key three times while holding down the MODE key takes you to the input setting mode.
- 2) The display after entering the input setting mode reads " UP" (initial setting).



3) Pressing the setting key changes the display to "dn" (subtraction) and pressing it again changes it to "UP" (addition). The display alternates between "dn" and "UP"

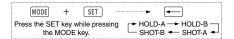


4) Pressing the front panel reset key sets the content displayed and returns you to regular operation mode.

Note: You will not be returned to regular operation mode if you do not press the front panel reset key.

#### 5. Output setting mode

This sets the operation mode.



- 1) Pressing the SET key four times while holding down the MODE key takes you to the output setting mode.
- 2) The display reads "HoLd-A" (initial setting) after entering the output setting mode



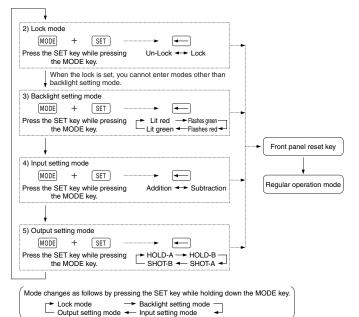
3) Pressing the setting key causes the display to change as follows: HOLD-B (Output maintain/over count I)

SHOT-A (One shot/over count)

SHOT-B (One shot/recount I)

HOLD-A (Output maintain/hold count)
4) Pressing the front panel reset key sets
the display content and returns you to
regular operation mode.

Note: You will not be returned to regular operation mode if you do not press the front panel reset key.



Please be aware that after doing a front panel reset key and returning to regular operation mode, the preset values, count value and output will be as shown in this table

	Preset value	Count value	Output change
Lock mode	×	×	×
Backlight setting mode	×	×	×
Input setting mode	×	Addition: "0" Subtraction: "Preset value"	ON→OFF
Output setting mode	×	Addition: "0" Subtraction: "Preset value"	ON→OFF

Note: "x" sign: No change

#### Changing the preset value

- 1. It is possible to change the preset value even during counting. However, be aware of the following points.
- 1) If the preset value is changed to less than the count value with counting set to the addition direction, counting will continue until it reaches full scale, returns to zero, and then reaches the new preset value. If the preset value is changed to a value above the count value, counting will continue until the count value reaches the new preset value.
- 2) Suppose that the counter is preset to count down. Whether a preset count down value is smaller or larger than the count value, the counter counts down to "0 (zero)".
- 2. If the preset value is changed to "0", the counter will not complete countup. It starts counting up when the counting value comes to "0 (zero)" again.
- Addition (up-count) input when counting is set to the addition direction, counting will continue until full scale is reached, return to zero, and then complete count-up.

### Compliance with the CE marking

• EMC Directive (89/336/EEC)

The LC2H Preset Counter conforms to the EMC Directive as a simple counter. Applicable standards: EN61000-6-4, EN61000-6-2

### Operation mode

Output mode	Operation	Example w	/hen i	nput	mode	is eit	her a	dditio	n or S	Subjec	t:ubti	actio	n
Output maintain/ hold count HOLD-A	Output control is maintained after count-up completion and until resetting.  During that time, the count display does not change from that at count-up completion.	Output Counting able/unable Addition	0	1	2	OFF  Able	4		n–1	•	— Una	n able	
		Subtraction	n	n-1	n-2	n–3	n-4		1		(	)	
												n: Prese	et value
Output maintain/	Output control is maintained after count-up completion and until resetting. However,	Output				OFF					0	N	
	counting is possible despite completion of count-up.	Counting able/unable	•					- Able -					-
over count I HOLD-B	Count-up.	Addition	0	1	2	3		n–2	n–1	n	n+1	n+2	n+3
HOLD-B		Subtraction	n	n-1	n–2	n–3	••	2	1	0	-1	-2	-3
												n: Prese	et value
	Output control is maintained after count-up completion for a fixed time (approx. 1 sec.).	Outrat				OFF		(	One sho		width: ap	oprox. 1	sec.
One shot/	Counting is possible despite completion of count-up.	Output  Counting able/unable	_			OFF		– Able -			ON		
over count SHOT-A		Addition	0	1	2	3		n-2	n-1	n	n+1	n+2	n+3
31101-4		Subtraction	n	n-1	n-2	n-3		2	1	0	-1	-2	-3
												n: Prese	et value
	Output control is maintained after count-up completion for a fixed time (approx. 1 sec.).	One shot pulse width: approx. 1 sec.											
0 1 1/	Counting is possible despite completion of	Output			OI	FF			]	ON			
One shot/ recount I	count-up. However, reset occurs simultaneous with completion of count-up.	Counting able/unable	_	_				- Able -					
SHOT-B	While output is being maintained, restarting	Addition	0	1	2	3		n-1	0	1	2	3	4
	of the count is not possible.	Subtraction	n	n–1	n–2	n–3	••	1	n	n–1	n–2	n–3	n-4
											1	n: Prese	et value

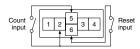
### PRECAUTIONS IN USING THE LC2H SERIES

#### Cautions for use

#### 1. Input and output connection

- 1) Input connection
- (1) Contact input

Use highly reliable metal plated contacts. Since the contact's bounce time leads directly to error in the count value, use contacts with as short a bounce time as possible. In general, select input to have a maximum counting speed of 30 Hz.



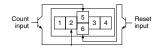
(2) Non-contact input (Transistor input) Connect with an open collector. Use transistors whose characteristics satisfy the criteria given below.

VCEO = Min. 20 V IC = Min. 20 mA ICBO = Max. 6 µA

Also, use transistors with a residual voltage of less than 2 V when the transistor is on.

 $^{\star}$  The short-circuit impedance should be less than 1 k $\Omega.$ 

(When the impedance is 0  $\Omega$ , the current coming from the count input terminal is approximately 5 mA and from the reset input terminal is approximately 1.5 mA.) Also, the open-circuit impedance should be more than 100 k $\Omega$ .



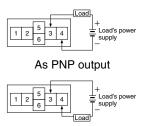
#### (3) Input wiring

When wiring, use shielded wires or metallic wire tubes, and keep the wire lengths as short as possible.

2) Output connection

Since the transistor output of counter is insulated from the internal circuitry by a photo-coupler, it can be used as an NPN output or PNP (equal value) output.

As NPN output



#### 2. Self-diagnosis function

If a malfunction occurs, one of the following displays will appear.

Display	Contents	Output condition	Restoration procedure	Preset values after restoration
Err-00	Malfunctioning CPU	OFF	Enter front reset key or restart	The preset value at start-up before the CPU malfunction occurred.
Err-01	Malfunctioning memory*		counter	0

<sup>\*</sup> Includes the possibility that the EEP-ROM's life has expired.

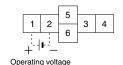
#### 3. Terminal connection

1) When wiring the terminals, refer to the terminal layout and wiring diagrams and be sure to perform the wiring properly without errors.

An external power supply is required in order to run the main unit.

Power should be applied between terminals (1) and (2). Terminal (1) acts as the positive connection and terminal (2) as the negative.

so that it is applied at one time.



2) After turning the counter off, make sure that any resulting induced voltage or residual voltage is not applied to power supply terminals (1) through (2). (If the power supply wire is wired parallel to the high voltage wire or power wire, an induced voltage may be generated at the power supply terminal.)
3) Have the power supply voltage pass through a switch or relay

### PRECAUTIONS IN USING THE LC2H SERIES

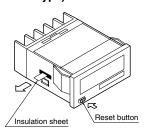
#### Cautions for use

#### 1. Insulation sheet

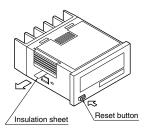
Before using a panel mounting type, please pull and remove the insulation sheet from the side of the product in the direction of the arrow.

In consideration that the product might be stored for long periods without being used, an insulation sheet is inserted before shipping. Remove the insulation sheet and press the front reset button.

### LC2H total counter (one-touch installation type)



## LC2H total counter (installation frame type)



#### 2. Waterproof construction

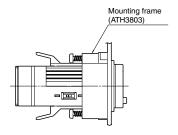
### • LC2H total counter (installation frame type)

The operation part of the panel installation type (installation frame type) is constructed to prevent water from entering the unit and a rubber gasket is provided to prevent water from entering the gap between the unit and the panel cutout.

There must be sufficient pressure applied to the rubber gasket to prevent water from entering.

Be sure to use the mounting reinforcement screws when installing the mounting frame (ATH3803).

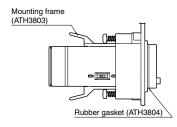
Note: The one-touch installation type is not waterproof.



#### • LC2H preset counter

1) The front plate will not be waterproof when this product is installed on a panel. To make the front plate waterproof, please install the following.

When using the waterproof type (IP66: panel front only), install the counter to the front plate with mounting frame ATH3803 (sold separately) and rubber gasket ATH3804 (sold separately). Be sure to tighten using mounting screws.



When installing the mounting frame and rubber gasket please remove the pre-attached o-ring.

- 2) Panel installation order
  - (1) Remove o-ring.
  - (2) Place rubber gasket.
  - (3) Insert counter into panel.
  - (4) Insert mounting frame from the
  - (5) Secure with mounting screws (two locations)

### 3. Do not use in the following environments

- 1) In places where the temperature changes drastically.
- 2) In places where humidity is high and there is the possibility of dew.

(When dew forms the display may vanish and other display errors may occur.)

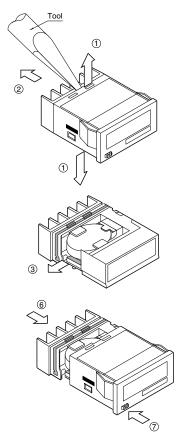
#### 4. Conditions of use

1) Do not use on places where there is flammable or corrosive gas, lots of dust, presence of oil, or where the unit might be subject to strong vibrations or shocks.

2) Since the cover is made of polycarbonate resin, do not use in places where the unit might come into contact with or be exposed to environments that contain organic solvents such as methyl alcohol, benzene and thinner, or strong alkali substances such as ammonia and caustic soda.

### 5. Cautions regarding battery replacement

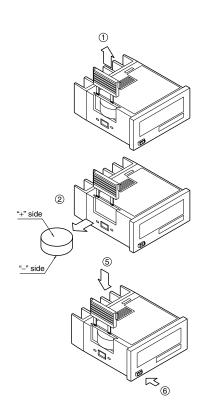
- 1) Remove wiring before replacing the battery. You may be electrocuted if you come into contact to a part where high voltage is applied.
- 2) Make sure you are not carrying a static electric charge when replacing the battery.
- Battery replacement procedure For LC2H total counter (one-touch installation type)
  - (1) Remove the up/down hook of the case using a tool.
  - (2) Pull the unit away from the case.
  - (3) Remove the battery from the side of the unit. Do not touch the display or other parts.
  - (4) Before inserting wipe clean the surface of the new battery.
  - (5) Insert the new battery with the "+" and "-" sides in the proper position.
  - (6) After replacing the battery, return the unit to the case. Verify that the hook of the case has properly engaged.
  - (7) Before using, press the reset button on the front.



### PRECAUTIONS IN USING THE LC2H SERIES

For LC2H total counter (installation frame type)

- (1) Remove the battery cover from the case.
- (2) Remove the battery from the side of the case. The battery will come loose if you put the battery side face down and lightly shake the unit.
- (3) Before inserting wipe clean the surface of the new battery.
- (4) Insert the new battery with the "+" and "-" sides in the proper position.
- (5) After replacing the battery, return the battery cover to the case. Verify that the hook of the battery cover is properly engaged.
- (6) Before using press the reset button on the front.



#### 6. Terminal connection

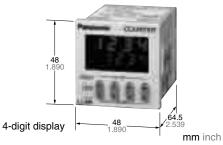
Tighten the terminal screws with a torque of 0.8 N·cm or less.

### **DIN 48 SIZE LCD ELECTRONIC** COUNTER

LC4H

**UL File No.: E122222** C-UL File No.: E122222

## **₽**Us ( €









Pin type

Screw terminal type

#### **Features**

- Bright and Easy-to-Read Display A brand new bright 2-color backlight LCD display. The easy-to-read screen in any location makes checking and setting procedures a cinch.
- Simple Operation Seesaw buttons make operating the unit even easier than before.
- Short Body of only 64.5 mm 2.539 inch (screw type) or 70.1 mm 2.760 inch (pin type)
- With a short body, it easily installs in even narrow control panels. • Conforms to IP66's Weather

**Resistant Standards** The water-proof panel keeps out water and dirt for reliable operation even in poor environments.

• Screw terminal and Pin Type are **Both Standard Options** 

The two terminal types are standard options to support either front panel installation or embedded installation.

- Changeable Panel Cover Also offers a black panel cover to meet your design considerations.
- 4-digit or 6-digit display Two sizes of displays are offered for you to choose the one that suits your
- Compliant with UL, c-UL and CE.

### **Product types**

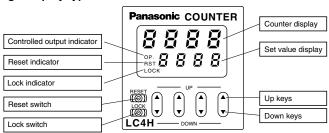
	71									
Digit	Count speed	Output mode	Output	Operating voltage	Power down insurance	Terminal type	Part number			
						8 pins	LC4H8-R4-AC240V			
				100 to 240 V AC		11 pins	LC4H-R4-AC240V			
						Screw terminal	LC4H-R4-AC240VS			
			Dolov			8 pins	LC4H8-R4-AC24V			
			Relay	24 V AC		11 pins	LC4H-R4-AC24V			
			(1c)			Screw terminal	LC4H-R4-AC24VS			
						8 pins	LC4H8-R4-DC24V			
				12 to 24 V DC		11 pins	LC4H-R4-DC24V			
4						Screw terminal	LC4H-R4-DC24VS			
4						8 pins	LC4H8-T4-AC240V			
				100 to 240 V AC		11 pins	LC4H-T4-AC240V			
		Maintain output/				Screw terminal	LC4H-T4-AC240VS			
		hold count	Transistor			8 pins	LC4H8-T4-AC24V			
			(1a)	24 V AC		11 pins	LC4H-T4-AC24V			
		Maintain output/ over count I	(Ta)			Screw terminal	LC4H-T4-AC24VS			
				12 to 24 V DC	Available	8 pins	LC4H8-T4-DC24V			
	20 Hz (ana)/	Maintain output/ over count II     One shot/over				11 pins	LC4H-T4-DC24V			
	30 Hz (cps)/ 5 KHz (Kcps)					Screw terminal	LC4H-T4-DC24VS			
	switchable	count				8 pins	LC4H8-R6-AC240V			
	Switchable	One shot/recount I		100 to 240 V AC		11 pins	LC4H-R6-AC240V			
		One shot/recount II				Screw terminal	LC4H-R6-AC240VS			
		One shot/hold count	Relay	24 V AC		8 pins	LC4H8-R6-AC24V			
			(1c)			11 pins	LC4H-R6-AC24V			
		(7 modes)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)			Screw terminal	LC4H-R6-AC24VS
		(7 modes)					8 pins	LC4H8-R6-DC24V		
				12 to 24 V DC	İ	11 pins	LC4H-R6-DC24V			
6						Screw terminal	LC4H-R6-DC24VS			
U						8 pins	LC4H8-T6-AC240V			
				100 to 240 V AC		11 pins	LC4H-T6-AC240V			
						Screw terminal	LC4H-T6-AC240VS			
			Transistor			8 pins	LC4H8-T6-AC24V			
			(1a)			11 pins	LC4H-T6-AC24V			
						Screw terminal	LC4H-T6-AC24VS			
						8 pins	LC4H8-T6-DC24V			
				12 to 24 V DC		11 pins	LC4H-T6-DC24V			
						Screw terminal	LC4H-T6-DC24VS			

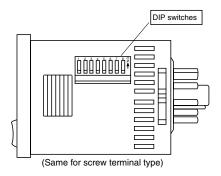
<sup>\*</sup> A rubber gasket (ATC18002) and a mounting frame (AT8-DA4) are included.

### LC4H

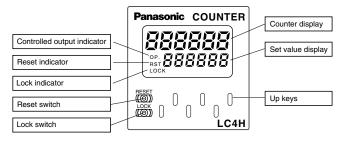
#### Part names

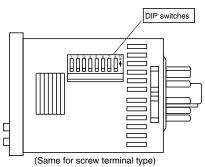
#### • 4-digit display type





#### • 6-digit display type





### **Specifications**

	Itom		Relay ou	tput type	Transistor ou	itput type		
	Item		AC type	DC type	AC type	DC type		
	Rated opera	ting voltage	100 to 240 V AC, 24 V AC	12 to 24 V DC	100 to 240 V AC, 24 V AC	12 to 24 V DC		
	Rated freque	ency	50/60 Hz common	_	50/60 Hz common	_		
	Rated power	rconsumption	Max. 10 V A	Max. 3 W	Max. 10 V A	Max. 3 W		
	Rated contro	ol capacity	5 A 250 V AC (	(resistive load)	100 mA 30	V DC		
	Input mode		Addition (U		on (DIR)/Individuality (IND)/Phase ble by DIP switch	(PHASE)		
	Max. counting	ng speed		30 Hz/5 kHz (selec	table by DIP switch)			
	Counting inp	ut (Input 1, 2)	Min. inpu	t signal width: 16.7 ms at 30 Hz	0.1 ms at 5 kHz, ON time: OFF tir	ne = 1:1		
Rating	Reset input			Min. input signal width: 1 ms,	20 ms (selected by DIP switch)			
nauriy	Lock input			Min. input sign	al width: 20 ms			
	Input signal				: 1 k $\Omega$ or less, Input residual volta, , Max. energized voltage: 40 V DC			
	Output mode	9	HOLD-A/HOLD-B/	HOLD-C/SHOT-A/SHOT-B/SH	OT-C/SHOT-D (7 modes selectable	e by DIP switch)		
	One shot ou	tput time			ox. 1 s			
	Indication		7-segment L	.CD, Counter value (backlight re	d LED), Setting value (backlight ye	ellow LED)		
	Digit			4-digit display type –999 to 9999 (–3 digits to +4 digits) (0 to 9999 for setting) 6-digit display type –99999 to 999999 (–5 digits to 6 digits) (0 to 999999 for setting)				
	Memory		EEP-ROM (Overwriting times: 10 ope. or more)					
	Contact arra	ngement	1 Form C 1 Form A (Open collection)			n collector)		
Contact	Initial contac	t resistance	100 mΩ (at	1 A 6 V DC)	_			
	Contact mat	erial	Ag alloy/	Au flush	_			
Life	Mechanical	(contact)	2x10 <sup>-</sup> ope. (Except for s	switch operation parts)	_			
LIIE	Electrical (co	ontact)	10₅ ope. (At rated	l control voltage)	10 <sup>,</sup> ope. (At rated of	control voltage)		
	Allowable opera	ting voltage range		85 to 110 % of rated operating voltage				
	Break down (Initial value)		Between input and output	and dead metal parts: 2,000 Vrms for 1 min (11-pin type) veen input and output: 2,000 Vrms for 1 min ween open contacts: 1,000 Vrms for 1 min Between input and output: 2,000 V AC for				
Electrical	Insulation re (At 500 V DO	sistance C) (Initial value)	Between live and dead metal pa Between input and o Between open con	output: Min. 100 MΩ	Between live and dead metal par Between input and ou			
	Temperature	e rise	Max. 65° C (under the flow of nominal	operating current at nominal voltage)				
	Vibration	Functional	10 to	o 55 Hz (1 cycle/min), single am	plitude: 0.35 mm (10 min on 3 axe	es)		
	resistance	Destructive	10	to 55 Hz (1 cycle/min), single a	mplitude: 0.75 mm (1 h on 3 axes)	)		
Mechanical	Shock	Functional		Min. 98 m 321.522 ft.	/s² (4 times on 3 axes)			
	resistance	Destructive	Min. 294 m 964.567 ft./s- (5 times on 3 axes)					
	Ambient tem	perature	<b>−10° C to 55° C</b> +14° F to +131° F					
Operating	Ambient hun	nidity		Max. 85 % RH (	non-condensing)			
conditions	Air pressure			860 to 1	060 h Pa			
	Ripple rate		_	20 % or less	_	20 % or less		
Connection				8-pin/11-pin/s	screw terminal	·		
Protective co	onstruction			IP66 (front panel w	ith a rubber gasket)			

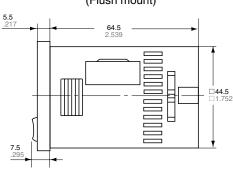
### **Applicable standard**

Safety standard	EN61812-1	Pollution Degree 2/Overvoltage Category II
	(EMI)EN61000-6-4	
	Radiation interference electric field strength	EN55011 Group1 ClassA
	Noise terminal voltage	EN55011 Group1 ClassA
	(EMS)EN61000-6-2	
	Static discharge immunity	EN61000-4-2 4 kV contact
		8 kV air
	RF electromagnetic field immunity	EN61000-4-3 10 V/m AM modulation (80 MHz to 1 GHz)
		10 V/m pulse modulation (895 MHz to 905 MHz)
EMC	EFT/B immunity	EN61000-4-4 2 kV (power supply line)
		1 kV (signal line)
	Surge immunity	EN61000-4-5 1 kV (power line)
	Conductivity noise immunity	EN61000-4-6 10 V/m AM modulation (0.15 MHz to 80 MHz)
	Power frequency magnetic field immunity	EN61000-4-8 30 A/m (50 Hz)
	Voltage dip/Instantaneous stop/Voltage fluctuation immunity	EN61000-4-11 10 ms, 30% (rated voltage)
		100 ms, 60% (rated voltage)
		1,000 ms, 60% (rated voltage)
		5,000 ms, 95% (rated voltage)

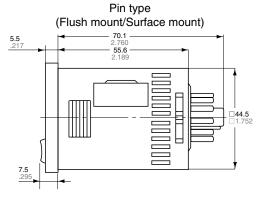
#### **Dimensions**

• 4-digit display type

Screw terminal type: M3.5 (Flush mount)

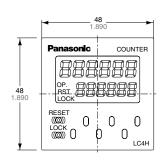


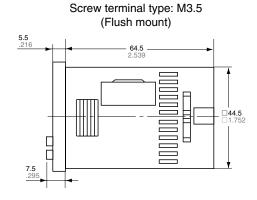
\$mm inch General tolerance:  $\pm 1.0 \pm .039$ 

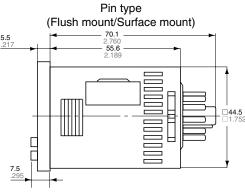


#### • 6-digit display type

**48** 1.890





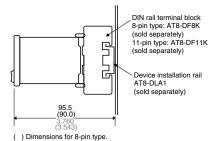


### LC4H

#### • Dimensions for flush mounting (with adapter installed)

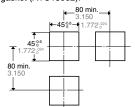
Screw terminal type: M3.5 Pin type Rubber gasket ATC18002 (supplied) 8-pin type (8p cap AD8-RC sold separately) Rubber gasket ATC18002 (supplied) Mounting frame for flush mount AT8-DA4 (supplied) Mounting frame for flush mount AT8-DA4 (supplied) 11-pin type (11p cap AT8-DP11 COUNTER Panasonic COUNTER  $\blacksquare$ Ħ ## 66 RESET RESET A 0 0 0 9 0 LC4H LOCK D COCK O **48** \_**48**\_ 90

#### . Dimensions for front panel installations

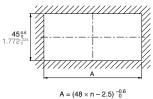


#### · Installation panel cut-out dimensions

The standard panel cut-out dimensions are shown below. Use the mounting frame (AT8-DA4) and rubber gasket (ATC18002).



#### For connected installations



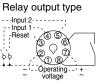
Note 1: The installation panel thickness should be between 1 and 5 mm .039 and .197 inch.

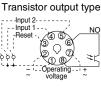
Note 2: For connected installations, the waterproofing ability

between the unit and installation panel is lost.

#### Terminal layouts and wiring diagrams

#### • 8-pin type

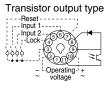


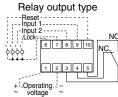


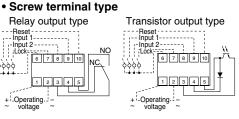


• 11-pin type









Note) For connecting the output leads of the transistor output type, refer to 5) Transistor output on page 115.

#### Setting the operation mode and set value

Setting procedure 1) Setting the operation mode (input mode and output mode)

Set the input and output modes with the DIP switches on the side of the counter.

#### **DIP** switches

DIP switch Item ON 2 Output mode Refer to table 1 Minimum reset input signal width 20 ms 1 ms 4 Maximum counter speed 5 30 Hz 5 kHz 7 Input mode Refer to table 2

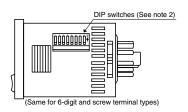


Table 1: Setting the output mode

	DI	P switch N	No.	0.44			
	1	2	3	Output mode			
	ON	ON	ON	SHOT-A			
$\exists$	OFF	OFF	OFF	SHOT-B			
	ON	OFF	OFF	SHOT-C			
	OFF	ON	OFF	SHOT-D			
	ON	ON	OFF	HOLD-A			
	OFF	OFF	ON	HOLD-B			
	ON	OFF	ON	HOLD-C			
	OFF	ON	ON	— (See note 1)			

Table 2: Setting the input mode

DI	P switch N	No.	la acut manda		
6	7	8	Input mode		
ON	ON	ON	Addition input		
OFF	OFF	OFF	Subtraction input		
ON	OFF	OFF	Directive input		
OFF	ON	OFF	Independent input		
ON	ON	OFF	Phase input		
OFF	OFF	ON	— (See note 1)		
ON	OFF	ON	— (See note 1)		
OFF	ON	ON	— (See note 1)		

- Notes:1) The counter and set value displays will display DIP Err.
  2) Set the DIP switches before installing the counter on the panel.
  3) When the DIP SW setting is changed, turn off the power once.
  4) The DIP switches are set as ON before shipping.

#### Setting procedure 2) Setting the set value

Set the set value with the UP and DOWN keys on the front of the counter.

#### Front display section

#### 4-digit display type

- 1 Counter display
- 2 Set value display
- (3) Controlled output indicator
- 4 Reset indicator
- 5 Lock indicator
- 6 UP keys Changes the corresponding digit of the set value in the addition direction (upwards).

#### · 6-digit display type

- 1 Counter display
- 2 Set value display
- 3 Controlled output indicator
- (4) Reset indicator
- 5 Lock indicator

#### **Panasonic COUNTER** 8 (3)-8 8 4 (5) 8 ത്ത് LC4H



#### · Changing the set value

#### 1. It is possible to change the set value with the up and down keys (4digit type only) even during counting. However, be aware of the following points.

1) If the set value is changed to less than the count value with counting set to the addition direction, counting will continue until it reaches full scale (9999 with the 4-digit type and 999999 with the 6-digit type), returns to zero, and then reaches the new set value. If the set value is changed to a value above the count value, counting will continue until the count value reaches the new set value.

- 2) Suppose that the counter is preset to count down. Whether a preset countdown value is smaller or larger than the count value, the counter counts down to "0(Zero)".
- 2. If the set value is changed to "0," the unit will not complete count-up. It starts counting up when the counting value comes to "0 (Zero)" again.
- 1) Up-count (addition) input when counting is set to the addition direction, counting will continue until full scale is reached (9999 with the 4-digit type and 999999 with the 6-digit type), return to zero, and then complete count-up.

#### O DOWN keys

Changes the corresponding digit of the set value in the subtraction direction (downwards).

8 RESET switch

Resets the counting value and the output.

9 LOCK switch

Locks the operation of all keys on the counter.

#### 6 UP kevs

Changes the corresponding digit of the set value in the addition direction (upwards).

7 RESET switch

Resets the counting value and the output.

(8) LOCK switch

Locks the operation of all keys on the counter.

2) Down-count (subtraction) input when counting is set to the subtraction direction, counting will continue until full scale is reached (-999 with the 4-digit type and -99999 with the 6-digit type), and then the display will change to with the 4-digit type and with the 6-digit type. The counting value does not become "0" and so the counter does not count up. 3) For directive, independent, and phase input, when the counting value increases or decreases from the value "0" and then returns back to the value "0," count-up is completed.

### LC4H

## Operation modes 1. Input mode

• Phase

For the input mode, you can choose one of the following five modes

UP Addition Subtraction DOWN • Directive DIR • Independent IND

PHASE

Input mode	Operation	*Minimum input signal width 30 Hz: 16.7 ms; 5 kHz: 0.1 ms
Addition UP	IN1 or IN2 works as an input block (gate) for the other input.	• Example where IN1 is the count counting and IN2 is the input block (gate).  IN1  H  Blocked  Counting (addition)  O 1 2 3 n-3 n-2 n-1 n  Counting (subtraction)  n n-1 n-2 n-3 3 2 1 0  A Reset  Counting (subtraction)
Subtraction DOWN		• Example where IN2 is the counting input and IN1 is the input block (gate).  IN1  H  Blocked  0 1 2 3 4 n-1 n  Counting (addition)  Counting (subtraction)  Reset  * "A" must be more than the minimum input signal width.
Directive DIR	IN1 is the counting input and IN2 is the addition or subtraction directive input. IN2 adds at L level and subtracts at H level.	IN1  H  Addition
Independent IND	IN1 is addition input and IN2 is subtraction input.	* IN1 and IN2 are completely independent, so there is no restriction on signal timing.
Phase PHASE	Addition when the IN1 phase advances beyond IN2, and subtraction when the IN2 phase advances beyond IN1.	* "B" must be more than the minimum input signal width.

### LC4H

#### 2. Output mode

For the output mode, you can choose one of the following seven modes

Maintain output/hold count
 Maintain output/over count I
 Maintain output/over count II
 Maintain output/over count II
 One shot/over count
 SHOT-A
 One shot/recount II
 One shot/recount II
 SHOT-C
 One shot/hold count
 SHOT-D

• One snot/not	a count (SHO1-D)									
Output mode	Operation	(Example when input mode is either addition or subtraction)								
	Output control is maintained after count-up completion and until reset-	Counting (addition)		n-3	n-2	n-1		n		
Maintain output	ting. During that time, the count display does not change from that at count-up	Counting (subtraction)		3	2	1		0		
Hold count	completion.	Counting able/unable	-	Able		,	¦ -  <b>4</b>	Unable	•	
HOLD-A		Output control	OFF				ON			
		* n: Set value								
	Output control is maintained after count-up completion and until resetting.	Counting (addition)		n-2	n-1	n	n+1	n+2		
Maintain output	However, counting is possible despite	Counting (subtraction)		2	1	0	-1	-2		
Over count I HOLD-B	completion of count-up.	Counting able/unable				Able				
[HOLD-B]		Output control	OFF			ON				
		* n: Set value								
	Output control is maintained after	Counting (addition)		n-2	n-1	n	n+1	n+2		
Maintain	count-up completion and until the next signal enters. However, counting is			I	I.	<u> </u>	I I	I		
Maintain output Over count II	possible despite completion of count-	Counting (subtraction)		2	1	0	-1	-2		
HOLD-C	up.	Counting able/unable	•			Able ION	Able			
			OFF				OFF			
		* n: Set value						<u> </u>		
	Output control is maintained after count-up completion for a fixed time	Counting (addition)		n-2	n-1	n	n+1	n+2		
One shot	(approx. 1 sec). Counting is possible	Counting (subtraction)		2	1	0				
Over count	despite completion of count-up.	Counting able/unable				Able		 		
SHOT-A		Output control OFF  * n: Set value				OFF				
						Approx. 1s				
	Output control is maintained after	Counting (addition)		n-2	n-1	0	1	2		
One shot	count-up completion for a fixed time (approx. 1 sec). Counting is pos-	Counting (subtraction)		2	1	n	n-1	n-2		
Recount I	sible despite completion of count-up. However, reset occurs simultaneous		A Reset (automatic)							
SHOT-B	with completion of count-up. While	Counting able/unable				Able ION			-	
	output is being maintained, restarting of the count is not possible	Capat control	OFF				ox. 1s	OFF		
	Output control is maintained after	* n: Set value			<u> </u>	<u> </u>		.	l	
	Output control is maintained after count-up completion for a fixed time	Counting (addition)		n-1	n	n+1	0	1	I	
One shot	(approx. 1 sec). Counting is possible despite completion of count-up.	Counting (subtraction)		1	0	-1	n AReset (a	n-1		
Recount II SHOT-C	However, reset occurs simultaneous	Counting able/unable	-			Able	I I	omano)		
0.101 0	with output OFF.	Output control	OFF		ON		OFF			
		* n: Set value			Appr	ox. 1s				
	Output control is maintained after	Counting (addition)		n-1		n	0	1		
One shot	count-up completion for a fixed time (approx. 1 sec). During that time, the	Counting (subtraction)		1		0	n	n-1		
Hold count	count display does not change from				!	-	<del>,</del>	automatic)	1	
SHOT-D	that at count-up completion. Reset occurs simultaneous with output OFF.	Counting able/unable	Able	$\overline{}$	Una I ION	able	<u>i</u>	Able	-	
		Output control	OFF			ox. 1s	OFF			
		* n: Set value			<b>└</b>	· •				

# Panasonic ideas for life

### DIN 48 SIZE LCD ELECTRONIC COUNTER

## LC4H-S



4-digit type



6-digit type





11 pin type

Screw terminal type

#### UL File No.: E122222 C-UL File No.: E122222

#### **Features**

- Bright and Easy-to-Read Display
   A brand new bright 2-color backlight
   LCD display. The easy-to-read screen
   in any location makes checking and
   setting procedures a cinch.
- Easy to use, simple operation, simple settings
- Operation modes (input/output modes) can be set easily, using DIP switches on the side panel.
- Values can be set easily, using key switches on the front panel.
- Pre-scaling function provided
   A pre-scaling function enables conversion of lengths and volumes to any desired values, and displays the results.
- Built-in power supply for highcapacitance sensor
   An internal power supply drives a 12

VDC, 100 mA high-capacitance sensor. (AC power supply types only)
Photoelectric switches, proximity switches and encoders can be directly connected.

- Dual-path AC sensor can be connected.
- Basic insulation between the power supply and the input terminal (only for the sensor type model with power supply)

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There is no need for caution when connecting between terminals.

 Conforms to IP66's Weather Resistant Standards

The water-proof panel keeps out water and dirt for reliable operation even in poor environments.

- 4-digit or 6-digit display
   Two sizes of displays are offered for you to choose the one that suits your needs.
- Screw terminal and Pin Type are Both Standard Options
   The two terminal types are standard options to support either front panel

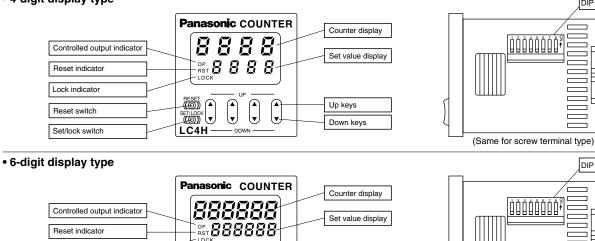
installation or embedded installation.
• Compliant with UL, c-UL and CE.

### **Product types**

Digit	Count speed	Output	Operation voltage	Power down insurane	Additional function	Terminal	P/N
					Scale Factor	11 Pin	LC4H-PS-R4-AC240V
			100-240 V AC		Scale Factor	Screw	LC4H-PS-R4-AC240VS
			with 12V DC power supply		Scale Factor / Voltage Signal Input	11 Pin	LC4H-PSV-R4-AC240V
		Relay			Scale Factor / Voltage Signal Input	Screw	LC4H-PSV-R4-AC240VS
					Scale Factor	11 Pin	LC4H-S-R4-24V
4					Scale Factor	Screw	LC4H-S-R4-24VS
					Scale Factor / Voltage Signal Input	11 Pin	LC4H-SV-R4-24V
			12-24 V DC / 24 V AC		Scale Factor / Voltage Signal Input	Screw	LC4H-SV-R4-24VS
					Scale Factor	11 Pin	LC4H-S-T4-24V
	30 Hz (cps) 5 kHz (kcps)	Transistor			Scale Factor	Screw	LC4H-S-T4-24VS
					Scale Factor / Voltage Signal Input	11 Pin	LC4H-SV-T4-24V
				Available	Scale Factor / Voltage Signal Input	Screw	LC4H-SV-T4-24VS
	switchable	Relay			Scale Factor	11 Pin	LC4H-PS-R6-AC240V
			100-240 V AC		Scale Factor	Screw	LC4H-PS-R6-AC240VS
			with 12V DC power supply		Scale Factor / Voltage Signal Input	11 Pin	LC4H-PSV-R6-AC240V
					Scale Factor / Voltage Signal Input	Screw	LC4H-PSV-R6-AC240VS
					Scale Factor	11 Pin	LC4H-S-R6-24V
					Scale Factor	Screw	LC4H-S-R6-24VS
6					Scale Factor / Voltage Signal Input	11 Pin	LC4H-SV-R6-24V
			12-24 V DC / 24 V AC		Scale Factor / Voltage Signal Input	Screw	LC4H-SV-R6-24VS
					Scale Factor	11 Pin	LC4H-S-T6-24V
		Transistor			Scale Factor	Screw	LC4H-S-T6-24VS
					Scale Factor / Voltage Signal Input	11 Pin	LC4H-SV-T6-24V
					Scale Factor / Voltage Signal Input	Screw	LC4H-SV-T6-24VS

#### Part names

• 4-digit display type



0

DIP switches

DIP switches

(Same for screw terminal type)

**Specifications** 

Reset indicator Lock indicator

Reset switch Set/lock switch

	Itom		Relay ou	tput type	Transistor output type				
	Item		AC type	DC/AC type	DC/AC type				
	Rated opera	ting voltage	100 to 240 V	12 to 24 V DC/24 V AC	12 to 24 V DC/24 V AC				
	Rated freque	ency	50/60 Hz common						
	Rated powe	r consumption	Max. 10 V A	Max	. 3 W				
	Rated contro	ol capacity	5 A 250 V AC	(resistive load)	100 mA, 30 V DC				
	Input mode		Addition (UP)/Subtract	tion (DOWN)/Direction (DIR)/Individuality 5 modes selectable by DIP switches	(IND)/Phase (PHASE)				
	Max. counting	ng speed		30 Hz, 5 kHz (selectable by DIP switches	)				
	Counting input	t (input 1, input 2)	16.7 ms	at 30 Hz/0.1 ms at 5 kHz ON time: OFF t	ime = 1:1				
	Reset input		Min. input s	signal width: 1 ms, 20 ms (selected by DI	P switches)				
	Lock input			Min. input signal width: 20 ms					
Rating	Input signal		Contact, Open collector input/DC two-wir	e system sensor Input impedance: 1 k $\Omega$ αnce: 100 k $\Omega$ or less, Max. energized volt					
	Output mod	е	HOLD-A, HOLD-B, HOLD-C, SH	HOT-A, SHOT-B, SHOT-C, SHOT-D, 7 m	odes selectable by DIP switches				
	One shot ou	tput time		1 s, 0.5s, 0.2s, 0.1s, 0.05, 0.01s					
	Indication		7-segment LCD, Counte	er value (backlight red LED), Setting value	e (backlight yellow LED)				
	Digit		4-digit display type –999 to 9999 (0 to 9999 for setting) 6-digit display type –99999 to 999999 (0 to 999999 for setting)						
	Decimal poi	nt		Can be set to three digits					
	Pre-scaling		0.001 to	9.999 (4-digit type), 0.001 to 99.999 (6-d	igit type)				
	Memory		EE	P-ROM (Overwriting times: 10 ope. or me	ore)				
	Power for senser		12 V DC (±10%) 100 mA Max.	_					
	Contact arra	ingement	1 Fo	1 Form A (Open collector)					
Contact	Initial contact	ct resistance	100 mΩ (at	_					
	Contact mat	erial	Ag alloy/	_					
Life	Mechanical	(contact)	2x10 <sup>,</sup> ope. (Except for	_					
LIIC	Electrical (co	ontact)	10 ope. (At rated	10 ope. (At rated control voltage)					
	Operating vo	oltage range	85 to 264 V AC	, 20.4 to 26.4 V AC					
Electrical	Initial withsta	and voltage	Between live and dead metal parts: 2,000 Vrms for 1 min (pin type)  Between input and output: 2,000 Vrms for 1 min						
Electrical	Initial insulation (At 500 V De	tion resistance C)	Between live and dead metal parts: Min. 100 M $\Omega$ (pin type) Between input and output: Min. 100 M $\Omega$						
	Temperature	e rise	Max. 65° C (under the flow of nominal operating current at nominal voltage)						
	Vibration	Functional	10 to 55 Hz (1 cycle/min), single amplitude: 0.35 mm (10 min on 3 axes)						
Maahaniaal	resistance	Destructive	10 to 55 Hz (1	cycle/min), single amplitude: 0.75 mm (	1 h on 3 axes)				
Mechanical	Shock	Functional		Min. 98 m/s <sup>2</sup> (4 times on 3 axes)					
	resistance	Destructive							
O 11	Ambient ten	nperature		-10° C to 55° C +14° F to +131° F					
Operating conditions	Ambient hur	midity		Max. 85 % RH (non-condensing)					
Conditions	Air pressure			860 to 1,060 h Pa					
Connection				11-pin/screw terminal					
Protective co	onstruction			IP66 (front panel with a rubber gasket)					

Up keys

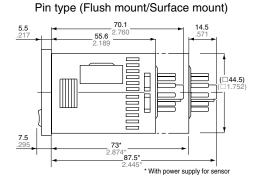
#### **Applicable standard**

Safety standard	EN61812-1	Pollution Degree 2/Overvoltage Category II
	(EMI)EN61000-6-4	
	Radiation interference electric field strength	EN55011 Group1 ClassA
	Noise terminal voltage	EN55011 Group1 ClassA
	(EMS)EN61000-6-2	
	Static discharge immunity	EN61000-4-2 4 kV contact
		8 kV air
	RF electromagnetic field immunity	EN61000-4-3 10 V/m AM modulation (80 MHz to 1 GHz)
		10 V/m pulse modulation (895 MHz to 905 MHz)
EMC	EFT/B immunity	EN61000-4-4 2 kV (power supply line)
		1 kV (signal line)
	Surge immunity	EN61000-4-5 1 kV (power line)
	Conductivity noise immunity	EN61000-4-6 10 V/m AM modulation (0.15 MHz to 80 MHz)
	Power frequency magnetic field immunity	EN61000-4-8 30 A/m (50 Hz)
	Voltage dip/Instantaneous stop/Voltage fluctuation immunity	EN61000-4-11 10 ms, 30% (rated voltage)
		100 ms, 60% (rated voltage)
		1,000 ms, 60% (rated voltage)
		5,000 ms, 95% (rated voltage)

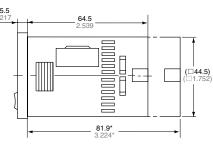
#### **Dimensions**

mm inch

General tolerance: ±1.0 ±.039



Screw terminal type: M3.5 (Flush mount)

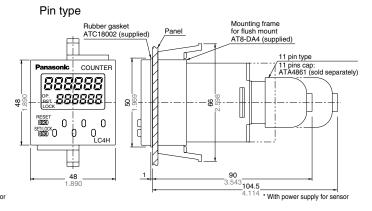


\* With power supply for sensor

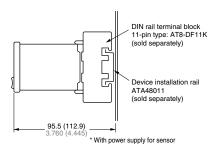
(\* 6-digit display type has the same dimensions.)

#### • Dimensions for flush mounting (with adapter installed)

Screw terminal type Mounting frame for flush mount Rubber gasket ATC18002 (supplied) AT8-DA4 (supplied) COUNTER 8888 8888 50 SET/LOCK V \* With power supply for sensor

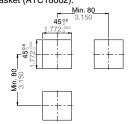


#### • Dimensions for front panel installations

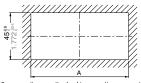


#### • Installation panel cut-out dimensions

The standard panel cut-out dimensions are shown below. Use the mounting frame (AT8-DA4) and rubber gasket (ATC18002).



#### For connected installations



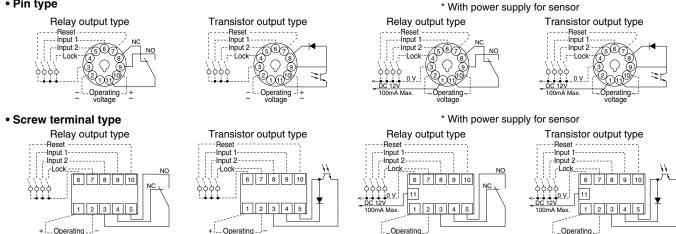
When n units are attached in a continuous series, the dimension of (A) is:  $A = (48 \times n - 2.5)^{-0.6}$ 

Note 1: The installation panel thickness should be between 1 and 5 mm .039 and .197 inch.

Note 2: For connected installations, the waterproofing ability between the unit and installation panel is lost.

### **Terminal layouts and wiring diagrams**

• Pin type



Note) For connecting the output leads of the transistor output type, refer to 5) Transistor output on page 115.

#### Setting the operation mode and counter

Setting procedure 1) Setting the operation mode (input mode and output mode)

Set the input and output modes with the DIP switches on the side of the counter.

#### **DIP** switches

Item OFF ON 2 Output mode Refer to table 1 3 4 Minimum reset input signal width 5 Maximum counter setting 30 Hz 5 kHz 6 Input mode Refer to table 2

DIP switches (See note 2) (Same for 6-digit, screw-down terminal type

Table 1: Setting the output mode

DII	P switch N	No.	Outrout mode
1	2	3	Output mode
ON	ON	ON	SHOT-A
OFF	OFF	OFF	SHOT-B
ON	OFF	OFF	SHOT-C
OFF	ON	OFF	SHOT-D
ON	ON	OFF	HOLD-A
OFF	OFF	ON	HOLD-B
ON	OFF	ON	HOLD-C
OFF	ON	ON	— (See note 1)

Table 2: Setting the input mode

DII	P switch N	No.	la sant san ala		
6	7	8	Input mode		
ON	ON	ON	Addition input		
OFF	OFF	OFF	Subtraction input		
ON	OFF	OFF	Directive input		
OFF	ON	OFF	Independent input		
ON	ON	OFF	Phase input		
OFF	OFF	ON	— (See note 1)		
ON	OFF	ON	— (See note 1)		
OFF	ON	ON	— (See note 1)		

Notes:1) The counter and set value displays will display DIP Err

- 2) Set the DIP switches before installing the counter on the panel.

  3) When the DIP SW setting is changed, turn off the power once.

  4) The DIP switches are set as ON before shipping.

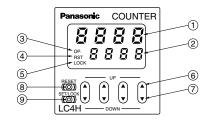
#### Setting procedure 2) Setting the set value

Set the set value with the UP and DOWN keys on the front of the counter.

#### Front display section

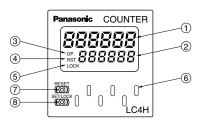
#### 4-digit display type

- 1 Counter display
- 2 Set value display
- (3) Controlled output indicator
- 4 Reset indicator
- 5 Lock indicator
- 6 UP keys Changes the corresponding digit of the set value in the addition direction (upwards)



#### · 6-digit display type

- 1 Counter display
- 2 Set value display
- 3 Controlled output indicator
- (4) Reset indicator
- (5) Lock indicator



#### 7 DOWN keys

Changes the corresponding digit of the set value in the subtraction direction (downwards)

® RESET switch

Resets the counting value and the output

9 SET/LOCK switch

This is used to handle pre-scaling values, one-shot times, decimal point position settings, and key lock operations (to disable Up key, Down key, and Reset key operations).

#### 6 UP keys

Changes the corresponding digit of the set value in the addition direction (upwards)

(7) RESET switch

Resets the counting value and the output

8 SET/LOCK switch

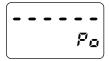
This is used to handle pre-scaling values, one-shot times, decimal point position settings, and key lock operations (to disable Up key, Down key, and Reset key operations).

#### Setting procedure 3) Setting the input mode

The input mode is set using the key switch in the [Display] section on the front of the counter.

#### Decimal point position setting mode

1 Holding down the [SET/LOCK] key, press the key for the second digit to access the decimal point position setting mode.



Example) 6-digit type Decimal point position setting mode display (Example shows default value displayed)

When the setting mode has been accessed, release the [SET/LOCK] key.

3 The decimal point is set using the [UP] and [DOWN] keys to specify the 2nd, 3rd, and 4th digits (this applies only to 4-digit models).(The 1st digit is set using the [UP] key or [DOWN] key in settings where there is no decimal point (this applies only to 4-digit models).)



Example) 6-digit type Example shows 2nd digit displayed using [UP] key

Press the [RESET] key to set the displayed decimal point position and return to normal operation.

#### · Setting the pre-scaling value

1 Holding down the [SET/LOCK] key, press the key for the first digit to access the pre-scaling value setting mode.

Example) 4-digit type



Example) 6-digit type



Pre-scaling value setting mode displayed (Example shows default values displayed)

- (2) When the setting mode has been accessed, release the [SET/LOCK] key.
- ③ Use the [UP] or [DOWN] key to set the pre-scaling value (this applies only to 4-digit models).

Select either: 0.001 to 9.999 (4-digit) or 0.001 to 99.999 (6-digit)

Press the [RESET] key to set the displayed pre-scaling value and return to normal operation.

#### . Setting the one-shot output time

1 Holding down the [SET/LOCK] key, press the key for the third digit to access the one-shot output time setting mode.



Example) 6-digit type One-shot output time setting mode displayed (Example shows default value displayed)

- (2) When the setting mode has been accessed, release the [SET/LOCK] key.
- 3 Each time the 1st-digit [UP] key is pressed, the one-shot output time changes in the following sequence, moving to the

$$ightarrow$$
 1 s  $ightarrow$  0.5 s  $ightarrow$  0.2 s  $ightarrow$  0.1 s  $ightarrow$  0.05 s  $ightarrow$  0.01 s  $ightarrow$ 

(With a 4-digit type, the [DOWN] key can also be used to move to the left.)

Press the [RESET] key to set the displayed one-shot output time and return to normal operation.

### Changing the set value

- 1. It is possible to change the set value with the up and down keys (4digit type only) even during counting. However, be aware of the following points.
- 1) If the set value is changed to less than the count value with counting set to the addition direction, counting will continue until it reaches full scale (9999 with the 4-digit type and 999999 with the 6-digit type), returns to zero, and then reaches the new set value. If the set value is changed to a value above the count value, counting will continue until the count value reaches the new set value.
- 2) Suppose that thew counter is preset to count down. Whether a preset countdown value is smaller or larger than the count value, the counter counts down to "0 (zero)".
- 2. If the set value is changed to "0," the unit will not complete count-up. It starts counting up when the counting value comes to "0 (zero)" again.
- 1) Up-count (addition) input When counting is set to the addition direction, counting will continue until full scale is reached (9999 with the 4-digit type and 999999 with the 6-digit type), return to zero, and then complete countup.
- 2) Down-count (subtraction) input When counting is set to the subtraction direction, counting will continue until full scale is reached (-999 with the 4-digit type and -99999 with the 6-digit type), and then the display will change to
- - with the 4-digit type and --- with the 6-digit type.
- The counting value does not become "0

(zero)" and so the counter does not count up.

3) Directive, independent, and phase inputs

The counting value is counted up or down to any number other than "0" once. When it comes to "0 (zero)" again, the counter starts counting up.

#### Cautions for use

For more information regarding the cautions for use of LC4H series counter, refer to page 114 "PRECAUTIONS IN USING THE LC4H SERIES".

Operation mode

1. Input mode
For the input mode, you can choose one of the following five modes

- UP Addition DOWN Subtraction DIR • Directive
- IND • Independent PHASE • Phase

Input mode	Operation	*Minimum input signal width 30 Hz: 16.7 ms; 5 kHz: 0.1 ms
Addition UP	IN1 or IN2 works as an input block (gate) for the other input.	• Example where IN1 is the counting input and IN2 is the input block (gate).  IN1  H  A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A
Subtraction DOWN		• Example where IN2 is the counting input and IN1 is the input block (gate).  IN1  H Blocked  O 1 2 3 4 n-1 n  Counting (subtraction)  Reset  * "A" must be more than the minimum input signal width.
Directive DIR	IN1 is the counting input and IN2 is the addition or subtraction directive input. IN2 adds at L level and subtracts at H level.	IN1  H  Addition
Independent IND	IN1 is addition input and IN2 is subtraction input.	* IN1 and IN2 are completely independent, so there is no restriction on signal timing.
Phase PHASE	Addition when the IN1 phase advances beyond IN2, and subtraction when the IN2 phase advances beyond IN1.	IN1 H Phase advance Phase retard  Counting 0 1 2 3 2 1 0  AReset  * "B" must be more than the minimum input signal width.

#### 2. Output mode

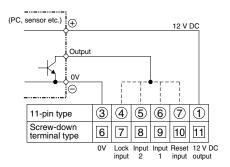
For the output mode, you can choose one of the following seven modes

Maintain output/hold count
 Maintain output/over count I
 Maintain output/over count II
 One shot/over count
 One shot/recount I
 One shot/recount II
 One shot/recount II
 One shot/recount II
 SHOT-D

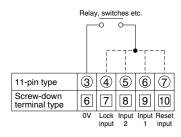
	d count									
Output mode	Operation	(Exam	ple when ir	nput mo	de is e	ither ac	ldition o	r subtra	action)	
	Output control is maintained after count-up completion and until reset-	Counting (addition)		n-3	n-2	n-1		n		
Maintain output	ting. During that time, the count display	Counting (subtraction)		3	2	1		0		
Hold count	does not change from that at count-up completion.	Counting able/unable		Able		Unable				
HOLD-A	, completion	Outrot control	OFF			-	ON			
		Output control  * n: Set value	OFF							
	Output control is maintained after			1	I		1	1		
	count-up completion and until resetting.	Counting (addition)		n-2	n-1	n	n+1	n+2		
Maintain output	However, counting is possible despite completion of count-up.	Counting (subtraction)		2	1	0	-1	-2		
Over count I HOLD-B	completion or count up.	Counting able/unable	-			Able				
		Output control	OFF			ON				
		* n: Set value								
	Output control is maintained after	Counting (addition)		n-2	n-1	l n	n+1	n+2	l	
Maintain autout	count-up completion and until the next signal enters. However, counting is				l	l	1	<u> </u>	1 T	
Maintain output Over count II	possible despite completion of count-	Counting (subtraction)		2	1	0	-1	-2		
HOLD-C	up.	Counting able/unable	•			Able ION	!		•	
		Output control	Output control OFF					OFF		
		* n: Set value								
	Output control is maintained after	Counting (addition)		n-2	n-1	n	n+1	n+2		
One shot	count-up completion for one shot output time. Counting is possible despite com-	Counting (subtraction)		2	1	0	-1	-2		
Over count	pletion of count-up.	Counting able/unable				Able	1	!	'	
SHOT-A		Output control	Output control OFF					OFF	-	
			OFF			Approx. 1s				
	0	* n: Set value			Ι.	<u> </u>		Ι.	T	
	Output control is maintained after count-up completion for one shot out-	Counting (addition)		n-2	n-1	0	1	2		
One shot	put time. Counting is possible despite completion of count-up. However, reset	Counting (subtraction)		2	1	n	n-1	n-2		
Recount I SHOT-B	occurs simultaneous with completion of	Counting able/unable	•			Able Able	automatic)			
[61101-6]	count-up. While output is being maintained, restarting of the count is not	Output control	OFF			ION		OFF		
	possible	* n: Set value				Appr	rox. 1s			
	Output control is maintained after	Counting (addition)		n-1	n	n+1	0	1		
	count-up completion for one shot out- put time. Counting is possible despite	Counting (subtraction)		1	0	-1	n	n-1		
One shot Recount II	completion of count-up. However, reset	g (oddaolion)					Reset (a	1	1	
SHOT-C	occurs simultaneous with output OFF.	Counting able/unable	-			Able	1			
		Output control	OFF		ON .		OFF			
		* n: Set value			Appr	ox. 1s				
	Output control is maintained after	Counting (addition)		n-1		n	0	1		
One shot	count-up completion for one shot output time. During that time, the count display	Counting (subtraction)		1		0	n	n-1		
Hold count	does not change from that at count-up				i I	4	Reset (	automatic)	•	
SHOT-D	completion. Reset occurs simultaneous with output OFF.	Counting able/unable	Able	<b></b>	Un: ION	able		Able	-	
		Output control	OFF			nx 1s	OFF			
		* n: Set value	Set value				Approx. 1s			

#### Input connections

- Signal input type
  - 1) Open collector



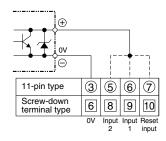
#### 3) Contact input



Input 1, input 2, and reset input specifications

- Impedance during short-circuit: 1 k $\Omega$  max. (At 0  $\Omega$ , the outflow current is approximately 12 mA.)
- Residual voltage during short-circuit: 2 V max.
- Impedance when released: 100 k $\Omega$  min.
- Max. applied voltage: 40 VDC max.
- \* There is no 12 V DC with 12 24 V DC/24 V AC types.

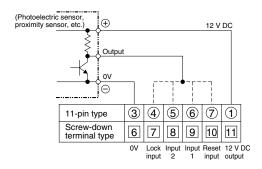
#### 5) For a dual-line sensor



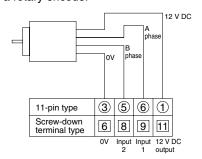
**Dual-line sensor specifications** 

- Leakage current: 1.5 mA max.
- Breaker capacitance: 5 mA min.
- Residual voltage: 3.0 V max.
- Usable voltage: Runs on 10 VDC
- \* If a dual-line sensor is connected to a 12 24 VDC/24 VAC type, 24 VDC (21.6 to 26.4 VDC) and 24 VAC (21.6 to 26.4 VAC) should be applied to the power supply voltage of the counter.

#### 2) For voltage output



#### 4) For a rotary encoder



Lock input specifications

- Impedance during short-circuit: 1 k $\Omega$  max. (At 0  $\Omega$ , the outflow current is approximately 1.5 mA.)
- Residual voltage during short-circuit: 2 V max.
- Impedance when released: 100 k $\Omega$  min.
- Max. applied voltage: 40 DVC max.
- The contact relay should be one which can open/close 5 V, 1.5 mA.

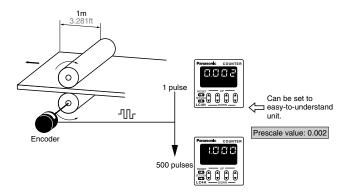
#### What is the prescale function?

The prescale function converts the count into an actual value (amount) and displays it.

Example

For a device that outputs 500 pulses when 1 m has been fed:

- 1. Set decimal position to the last 3rd place.
- 2. Set the prescale value to 0.002 (1/500).



### **DIN 48 SIZE** LCD ELECTRONIC COUNTER

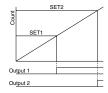
LC4H-W

**UL File No.: E122222** C-UL File No.: E122222

## **191** Us ( E

### **Features**

• Two-stage presetting (upper and lower limits)



• Bright and Easy-to-Read Display

A brand new bright 2-color backlight LCD display. The easy-to-read screen in any location makes checking and setting procedures a cinch.

 Simple Operation Seesaw buttons make operating the unit even easier than before.

• Short Body of only 64.5 mm 2.539 inch (screw type) or 70.1 mm 2.760 inch (pin type) With a short body, it easily installs in

even narrow control panels.

 Conforms to IP66's Weather **Resistant Standards** 

The water-proof panel keeps out water and dirt for reliable operation even in poor environments.

• Screw terminal and Pin Type are **Both Standard Options** 

The two terminal types are standard options to support either front panel installation or embedded installation.

- Changeable Panel Cover Also offers a black panel cover to meet your design considerations.
- Compliant with UL, c-UL and CE.



mm inch





11-pin type

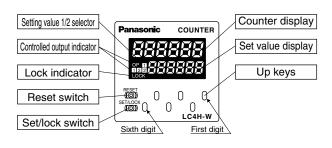
Screw terminal type

#### **Product types**

Digit	Countained	Output mode		Outros	Operating	Power down	Tamainal tuna	Dout nousehou
Digit	Count speed	Output 1	Output 2	Output	voltage	insurance	Terminal type	Part number
					400 +- 040 \/ 40		11 pins	LC4H-W-R6-AC240V
			- Maintain autout/bald		100 to 240 V AC		Screw terminal	LC4H-W-R6-AC240VS
			Maintain output/hold count	Relay	041/40		11 pins	LC4H-W-R6-AC24V
	30 Hz (cps)/	Maintain output/over count I     Maintain output/over count II     Maintain output/over count III     One shot/over count (4 modes)	Maintain output/over count I     Maintain output/over count II     Maintain output/over count III     One shot/over count I     One shot/recount I     One shot/recount II	(1a+1a)	24V AC	Available	Screw terminal	LC4H-W-R6-AC24VS
					12 to 24 V DC		11 pins	LC4H-W-R6-DC24V
6							Screw terminal	LC4H-W-R6-DC24VS
О	5 KHz (Kcps) switchable						11 pins	LC4H-W-T6-AC240V
							Screw terminal	LC4H-W-T6-AC240VS
							11 pins	LC4H-W-T6-AC24V
	One shot/hold count (1a)	(1a+1a)	24V AC		Screw terminal	LC4H-W-T6-AC24VS		
			(8 modes)		10 to 04 V DC		11 pins	LC4H-W-T6-DC24V
					12 to 24 V DC		Screw terminal	LC4H-W-T6-DC24VS

<sup>\*</sup> A rubber gasket (ATC18002) and a mounting frame (AT8-DA4) are included.

#### Part names



- : Used to set the corresponding digits for the count-up mode.
- : Used to reset counting and its output.

SET/LOCK key : Used to select between the Setting 1 display and Setting 2 display and to lock the keys (UP and RESET keys not responsive to touch). Used also to set and confirm the input mode.

## LC4H-W

### **Specifications**

lla ma		Relay output type		Transistor output type		
	Item		AC type	DC type	AC type	DC type
	Rated operating voltage		100 to 240 V AC 24 V AC	12 to 24 V DC	100 to 240 V AC 24 V AC	12 to 24 V DC
	Rated frequency		50/60 Hz common	_	50/60 Hz common	_
	Rated power consumption		Max. 10 V A	Max. 3 W	Max. 10 V A	Max. 3 W
Rating	Rated control capacity		3 A, 250 V AC (resistive load)		100 mA, 30 V DC	
	Input mode		Addition (UP)/Subtraction (DOWN)/Direction (DIR)/Individuality (IND)/Phase (PHASE) (5 modes selectable by DIP switch)			
	Counting speed		30 Hz(cps)/5 KHz(cps) (selectable by DIP switch)			
	Counting input (Input 1, 2)		Min. input signal width: 16.7 ms at 30 Hz(cps)/0.1 ms at 5 KHz(cps) ON time: OFF time = 1:1			
	Reset input		Min. input signal width: 1 ms, 20 ms (selected by DIP switch)			
	Input signal		Contact or Open collector input/Input impedance: 1 k $\Omega$ or less, Input residual voltage: 2 V or less, Open impedance: 100 k $\Omega$ or more, Max. energized voltage: 40 V DC			
	Output mode		Output 1. HOLD-B, C, D SHOT-A (4 modes) Output 2. HOLD-A, B, C SHOT-A, B, C, D (8 modes) (selectable by DIP switch)			
	One shot output time		Approx. 1 s			
	Indication 7-segment LCD, Counter value (backligh				ed LED), Setting value (backlight yellow LED)	
	Digit		-99999 to 999999 (-5 digits to 6 digits) (0 to 999999 for setting)			
	Memory		EEP-ROM (Overwriting times: 10 <sup>s</sup> ope. or more)			
	Contact arrangement		1 Form A + 1 Form A		1 Form A + 1 Form A (Open collector)	
Contact	Contact resistance (Intial value)		100 mΩ (at 1 A 6 V DC)		_	
	Contact material		Ag alloy/Au flush		_	
1:4-	Mechanical (contact)		Min. 2x10 <sup>,</sup> ope.		_	
Life	Electrical (contact)		Min. 10 <sup>-</sup> ope. (At rated control voltage)  Min. 10 <sup>-</sup> ope. (At rated control voltage)			ted control voltage)
	Allowable operating voltage range		85 to 110 % of rated operating voltage			
Electrical	Break down voltage (Initial value)		Between live and dead metal part Between input and outp Between open contacts	ut: 2,000 Vrms for 1 min	Between live and dead metal parts: 2,000 Vrms for 1 min Between input and output: 2,000 V AC for 1 min	
	Insulation resistance (At 500 V DC) (Initial value)		Between live and dead metal Between input and o Between open cor	output: Min. 100 MΩ	Between live and dead metal parts: Min. 100 M $\Omega$ (pin type) Between input and output: Min. 100 M $\Omega$	
	Temperature rise		Max. 65°C		_	
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz (1 cycle/min), single amplitude: 0.35 mm (10 min on 3 axes)			
Marshautast		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz (1 cycle/min), single amplitude: 0.75 mm (1 h on 3 axes)			
Mechanical	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 98 m/s² (4 times on 3 axes)			
		Destructive	Min. 294 m/s <sup>2</sup> (5 times on 3 axes)			
	Ambient temperature		<b>−10°C to 55°C</b> +14°F to +131°F			
Operating	Ambient humidity		Max. 85 % RH (non-condensing)			
conditions	Air pressure		860 to 1,060 h Pa			
	Ripple rate		_	20 % or less	_	20 % or less
Connection			11-pin/screw terminal			
Protective construction			IP66 (front panel with a rubber gasket)			

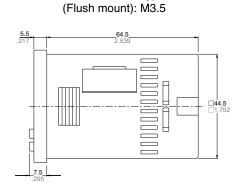
### Applicable standard

Safety standard	EN61812-1	Pollution Degree 2/Overvoltage Category II		
	(EMI)EN61000-6-4			
	Radiation interference electric field strength	EN55011 Group1 ClassA		
	Noise terminal voltage (EMS)EN61000-6-2	EN55011 Group1 ClassA		
	Static discharge immunity	EN61000-4-2 4 kV contact		
		8 kV air		
	RF electromagnetic field immunity	EN61000-4-3 10 V/m AM modulation (80 MHz to 1 GHz)		
	,	10 V/m pulse modulation (895 MHz to 905 MHz)		
EMC	EFT/B immunity	EN61000-4-4 2 kV (power supply line)		
	,	1 kV (signal line)		
	Surge immunity	EN61000-4-5 1 kV (power line)		
	Conductivity noise immunity	EN61000-4-6 10 V/m AM modulation (0.15 MHz to 80 MHz)		
	Power frequency magnetic field immunity	EN61000-4-8 30 A/m (50 Hz)		
	Voltage dip/Instantaneous stop/Voltage fluctuation immunity	EN61000-4-11 10 ms, 30% (rated voltage)		
	, ,	100 ms, 60% (rated voltage)		
		1,000 ms, 60% (rated voltage)		
		5,000 ms. 95% (rated voltage)		

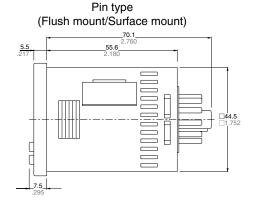
#### **Dimensions**

#### • LC4H-W electrical counter



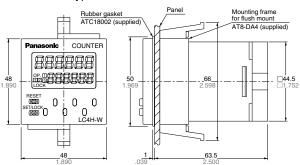


Screw terminal type

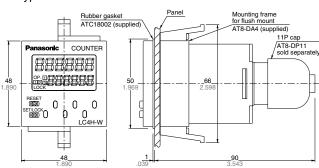


#### • Dimensions for flush mounting (with adapter installed)

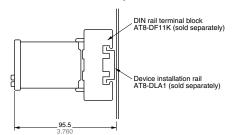
Screw terminal type





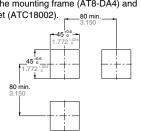


#### • Dimensions for front panel installations

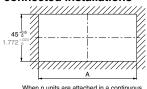


#### · Installation panel cut-out dimensions

The standard panel cut-out dimensions are shown below. Use the mounting frame (AT8-DA4) and rubber gasket (ATC18002).



#### For connected installations



When n units are attached in a continuous series, the dimension of (A) is:

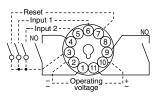
 $A = (48 \times n - 2.5)^{+0.6}_{0}$ 

- Note 1): The installation panel thickness should be between 1 and 5 mm .039 and .197 inch.
  - 2): For connected installations, the waterproofing ability between the unit and installation panel is lost.

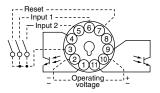
### **Terminal layouts and wiring diagrams**

#### • Pin type

#### Relay output type

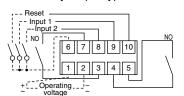


#### Transistor output type

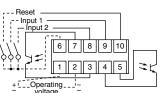


#### Screw terminal type

#### Relay output type



#### Transistor output type



Note) For connecting the output leads of the transistor output type, refer to 5) Transistor output on page 115.

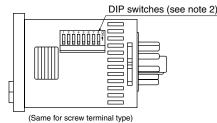
## Setting the operation mode and counter

#### Setting procedure 1) Setting the output mode (output 1, 2)

Set the output 1 and output 2 with the DIP switches on the side of the counter.

The minimum input signal width and maximum counting speed for the reset are set at the same time.

DIP 8	switches			
	Item	OFF	ON	
1				
2	Output mode	Refer to table 1		
3	Output 1			
4	Minimum reset input signal width	20ms	1ms	
5	Maximum counter setting	30Hz	5kHz	
6				
7	Output mode	Refer to table 2		
8	Output 2			



DI	P swith N	Output mode	
1	2	3	(Output 1)
ON	ON	ON	— (See note 1)
OFF	OFF	OFF	HOLD-B
ON	OFF	OFF	HOLD-C
OFF	ON	OFF	HOLD-D
ON	ON	OFF	SHOT-A
OFF	OFF	ON	— (See note 1)
ON	OFF	ON	— (See note 1)
OFF	ON	ON	— (See note 1)

Table 2

DI	P swith N	Output mode		
6	7	8	(Output 2)	
ON	ON	ON	HOLD-A	
OFF	OFF	OFF	HOLD-B	
ON	OFF	OFF	HOLD-C	
OFF	ON	OFF	HOLD-D	
ON	ON	OFF	SHOT-A	
OFF	OFF	ON	SHOT-B	
ON	OFF	ON	SHOT-C	
OFF	ON	ON	SHOT-D	

Notes:1) The counter and set value displays will display DIP Err.

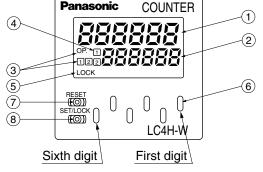
- 2) Set the DIP switches before installing the counter on the panel. 3) When the DIP SW setting is changed, turn off the power once.
  - 4) The DIP switches are set as ON before shipping.

#### Setting procedure 2) Setting the set value

Set the set value with the UP keys on the front of the counter.

- 1 Counter display
- 2 Set value display
- 3 Controlled output indicator
- (4) Setting 1/2 selection display (\*Note)
- 5 Lock indicator

Pressing the [SET/LOCK] key switches the display between the set value 1 and Display either set value [1] or [2], and set the value.



6 UP keys

[Changes the corresponding digit of the set value in the addition direction (upwards)]

(7) RESET switch

Resets the counting value and the output

® SET/LOCK switch

Used to select between the Setting 1 display and Setting 2 display, to set and confirm the input mode, and to lock the keys (UP and RESET keys not responsive to touch).

#### Procedure 3) Setting the input mode

Set the input mode using the key and switch in the front display section on the counter front.

- (1) Hold down the SET/LOCK key and press the UP key for the first digit. The setting mode is accessed.
- (2) Now release the SET/LOCK key.

  (3) Press the UP key for the first digit and the input position changes counterclockwise.

Input mode displayed (UP: addition mode)





(4) Press the RESET key and the input mode being displayed is set. The display then goes back to normal.

#### · Checking the input mode

Hold down the SET/LOCK key and press the UP key for the second digit. The input mode is displayed for about 2 seconds and then the display goes back to normal. (During these 2 seconds, all operations other than the display are being performed.)

#### Locking the keys

Hold down the SET/LOCK key and press the UP key for the sixth digit. The keys will lock. This means that the UP and RESET keys do not respond to touch. To unlock the kevs.hold down the SET/LOCK kev and press the UP key for the sixth digit again.

- The input mode, maximum counting speed and minimum reset signal width cannot be preset independently for Setting 1 and Setting 2.
- . Selecting the Setting 1 or Setting 2 dis-

Press the SET/LOCK key and the display changes between Setting 1 and Setting 2. (This operation does not affect overall operation.)

#### . Changing the setting

1. While the counter is working, the UP key can be used to change the setting. Keep the following points in mind, however.

- 1) Suppose that a preset count-up value is smaller than the displayed count value. The counter counts up to the full scale mark (999999), goes back to "0", and counts up again to the preset number. When the preset count-up value is larger than the displayed count value, the counter counts up to the preset
- 2) Suppose that the counter is preset to count down. Whether a preset count-down value is smaller or larger than the count value, the counter counts down to "0".
- 2. When the preset value is "0", the counter does not start in the count-up mode. It starts counting up when the count value comes to "0" again.
- 1) Up-count input

The counter counts up to the full scale mark (99999), goes back to "0" and starts counting up again.

2) Down-count input

The counter counts down to the full scale mark (-99999) and the display reads • • • • • . The count value does not become "0" and so the counter does not count up.

3) Direction input, individual input, and phase input The preset value is counted up or down to any number other than "0" once. When it comes to "0" again, the counter starts counting up.

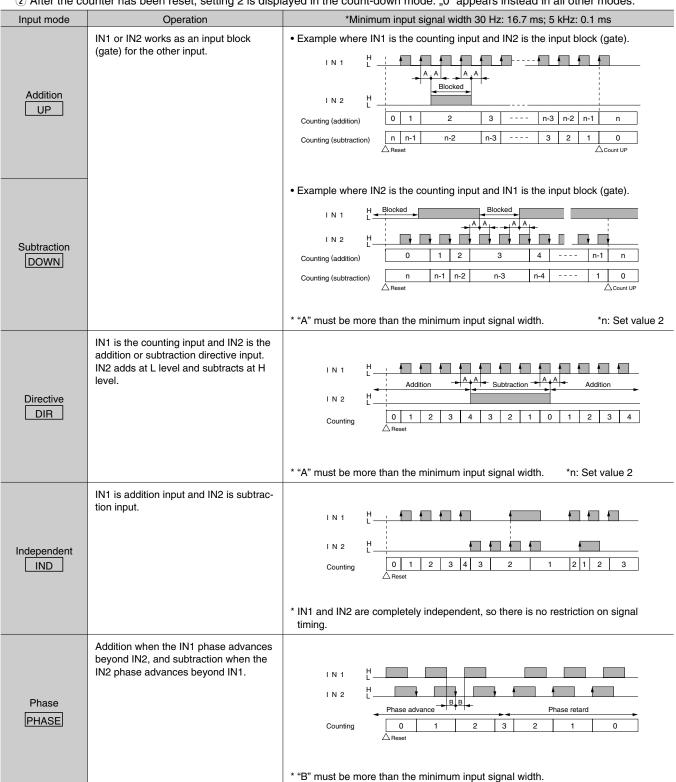
## **Operation modes**

#### 1. Input mode

1) For the input mode, you can choose one of the following five modes.

UP Addition DOWN Subtraction • Directive DIR Independent IND • Phase PHASE

2 After the counter has been reset, setting 2 is displayed in the count-down mode. "0" appears instead in all other modes.



#### 2. Output mode

For the set value 1, you can choose one of the following four modes.

• Maintain output/over count I

HOLD-B

Maintain output/over count IIMaintain output/over count III

HOLD-D SHOT-A

One shot/over count

For the set value 2, you can choose one of the following eight modes.

Maintain output/hold count

HOLD-A

Maintain output/over count I

HOLD-B

Maintain output/over count IIMaintain output/over count III

HOLD-D

One shot/over count

SHOT-A

• One shot/recount I

SHOT-B

One shot/recount II

SHOT-C

• One shot/hold count

SHOT-D

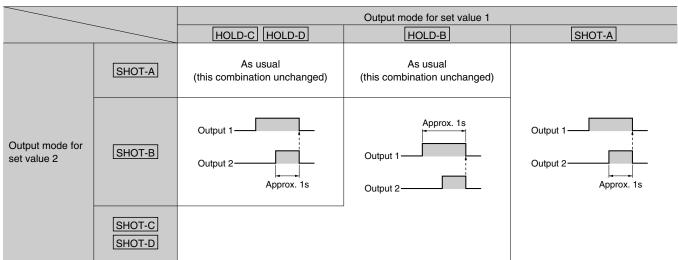
#### • Output mode for set value 1

Output mode	Operation	(Example when input mode is either addition or subtraction)							
Maintain output Over count I HOLD-B	Output control is maintained after count-up completion and until resetting. However, counting is possible despite completion of count-up.	Counting (addition)  Counting (subtraction)  Counting able/unable		n-2 n+2	n-1 n+1	n n Able	n+1	n+2	
		Output control 1	OFF			O N			
		* n: Set value 1							
	Output control is maintained after count-up completion and until the next signal enters. However, counting is	Counting (addition)		n-2	n-1	n	n+1	n+2	
Maintain output	possible despite completion of count- up.	Counting (subtraction)		n+2	n+1	n	n-1	n-2	
Over count II	αр.	Counting able/unable	_			Able	!		_
HOLD-C		Output control 1	OFF			O N	OFF		
		* n: Set value 1							
	If the count value is greater than or equal to the preset value when counting up, the control output is held. The count operation is possible anyway.	Counting (addition)		n-2	n-1	n	n+1	n+2	
Maintain autout		Counting (subtraction)		n+2	n+1	n	n-1	n-2	
Maintain output Over count III		Counting able/unable	•			Able	!		
HOLD-D		Output control 1 (addition)	OFF			O N			
		Output control 2 (subtraction)				ON	OFF		
		* n: Set value 1							
	Output control is maintained after count-up completion for a fixed time								
One shot Over count SHOT-A	(approx. 1 sec). Counting is possible despite completion of count-up.	Counting (addition)		n-2	n-1	n	n+1	n+2	
	accepte completion of countrup.	Counting (subtraction)		n+2	n+1	n	n-1	n-2	
		Counting able/unable	•			Able			
[33.7.]		Output control 1	OFF			ON		OFF	
						Appr	ox. 1s	J	
		* n: Set value 1							

### • Output mode for set value 2

Output mode to		/Evemple	whon input	modeli	o oithou	. additia	n or out	atrostica	2)
Output mode	Operation  Output control is maintained after	(Example	e when input	. mode l	s eithei	adultio	ii or sul	Juaction	I)
	Output control is maintained after count-up completion and until resetting. During that time, the count display	Counting (addition)		n-3	n-2	n-1		n	
Maintain output	does not change from that at count-up completion.	Counting (subtraction)		3	2	1		0	
Hold count HOLD-A	'	Counting able/unable	•	Able			  -	Unabl	e -
[HOLD-A]		Output control 2	OFF				ON		
		* n: Set value 2							
	Output control is maintained after count-up completion and until resetting. However, counting is possible despite	Counting (addition)		n-2	n-1	n	n+1	n+2	
Maintain output	completion of count-up.	Counting (subtraction)		2	1	0	-1	-2	
Over count I		Counting able/unable				Able		1	
HOLD-B		Output control 2	OFF			O N			
		* n: Set value 2							
	Output control is maintained after	II. Get value 2							
	count-up completion and until the next signal enters. However, counting is	Counting (addition)		n-2	n-1	n	n+1	n+2	
Maintain output	possible despite completion of count- up.	Counting (subtraction)		2	1	0	-1	-2	
Over count II	цр.	Counting able/unable				Able			
HOLD-C		Output control 2	OFF			O N	OFF		
		* n: Set value 2							
	If the count value is greater than or								
	equal to the preset value when counting up, the counter starts counting up again. The count operation is possible anyway.	Counting (addition)		n-2	n-1	n	n+1	n+2	
Maintain output		Counting (subtraction)		2	1	0	-1	-2	
Over count III		Counting able/unable	•			Able			
HOLD-D		Output control 2 (addition)	OFF			ON	ON		
		Output control 2 (subtraction)	OFF				IO N		
		* n: Set value 2							
	Output control is maintained after count-up completion for a fixed time	Counting (addition)		n-2	n-1	n	n+1	n+2	
0	(approx. 1 sec). Counting is possible despite completion of count-up.	Counting (subtraction)		2	1	0	-1	-2	
One shot Over count		Counting able/unable	•			Able			-
SHOT-A		Output control 2	OFF			ON		OFF	
						Appr	ox. 1s		
		* n: Set value 2							
One shot Recount I	Output control is maintained after count-up completion for a fixed time	Counting (addition)		n-2	n-1	0	1	2	
	(approx. 1 sec). Counting is possible despite completion of count-up.	Counting (subtraction)		2	1	n	n-1	n-2	
	However, reset occurs simultaneous				2		automatic)		
	with completion of count-up. While	Counting able/upable				Able			
Recount I SHOT-B	with completion of count-up. While output is being maintained, restarting of	Counting able/unable	4			Able O N		105-	
	with completion of count-up. While	Counting able/unable Output control 2	<b>◆</b> OFF			O N	ox. 1s	OFF	

Output mode	Operation	(Example	e when input	mode i	is either	additio	n or sul	otractio	٦)
	Output control is maintained after								
	count-up completion for a fixed time (approx. 1 sec). Counting is pos-	Counting (addition)		n-1	n	n+1	0	1	
	sible despite completion of count-up.	Counting (subtraction)		1	0	-1	n	n-1	
One shot Recount II	However, reset occurs simultaneous with output OFF.						Reset (	automatic)	
SHOT-C	With output Of 1.	Counting able/unable	•		1	Able	!		-
		Output control 2	OFF		ON		OFF		
					Appr	ox. 1s			
		* n: Set value 2							
	Output control is maintained after								
	count-up completion for a fixed time (approx. 1 sec). During that time, the	Counting (addition)		n-1		n	0	1	
One shot	count display does not change from	Counting (subtraction)		1		0	n	n-1	
Hold count	that at count-up completion. Reset occurs simultaneous with output OFF.					4	Reset (	automatic)	
SHOT-D	occurs simultaneous with output OFF.	Counting able/unable	Able	•	1	able	-	Able	
		Output control 2	OFF		ON		OFF		
					Appr	ox. 1s			
		* n: Set value 2							



Note) When control output 1 is on, the output mode of setting 2 (SHOT-A, B, C, D) is also on and output 1 changes as shown in the above table.

#### 3. Count-up

- (1) In control output 1, when the count value is equal to the preset value 1, it is counted. (However, if the output mode of the preset value 1 is HOLD-D, it is counted when the count value is greater than or equal to the preset value 1, regardless of the input mode.)
- (2) In control output 2, when the count value is equal to 0 in the count-down input mode, it is counted. In the other modes, when the count value is equal to the preset value 2, it is counted. (However, if the output mode of the preset value 2 is HOLD-D, it is counted when the count value is greater than or equal to the preset value 2, regardless of the input mode.)
- (3) It is not counted even when the counting conditions are satisfied right after resetting. It can be counted from when the count value changes.

## **Precautions during usage**

#### 1. Terminal wiring

- 1) When wiring the terminals, refer to the terminal layout and wiring diagrams and be sure to perform the wiring properly without errors.
- 2) When using the instrument with an flush mounting, the screw-down terminal type is recommended. For the pin type, use either the rear terminal block (AT78041) or the 8P cap (AD8-RC) for the 8-pin type, and the rear terminal block (AT78051) or the 11P cap (AT8-DP11) for the 11-pin type. Avoid soldering directly to the round pins on the unit. When using the instrument with a front panel installation, use the DIN rail terminal block (AT8-DF8K) for the 8-pin type and the DIN rail terminal block (AT8-DF11K) for the 11-pin type.
- 3) After turning the counter off, make sure that any resulting induced voltage or residual voltage is not applied to power supply terminals 2 through 7 (8pin type), ② through ⑩ (11-pin type) 1 or 2 and (screw terminal type). (If the power supply wire is wired parallel to the high voltage wire or power wire, an induced voltage may be generated between the power supply terminals.) 4) Have the power supply voltage pass through a switch or relay so that it is applied at one time. If the power supply is applied gradually, the counting may malfunction regardless of the settings, the power supply reset may not function, or other such unpredictable occurrence may result.

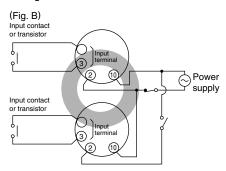
# 2. Input connections (except LC4H-S/AC type)

The power circuit has no transformer without a transformer (power and input terminals are not insulated). When an input signal is fed to two or more counters at once, do not arrange the power circuit in an independent way. If the counter is powered on and off independently as shown in Fig. A, the counter's internal circuitry may get damaged. Be careful never to allow such circuitry. (Figs. A, B and C show the circuitry for the 11-pin type.)

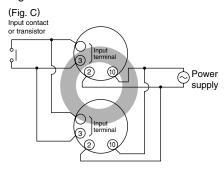
(Fig. A)
Input contact or transistor

Input terminal	2	10	2	10
Input terminal	2	10	2	10
Input terminal	2	10	2	10
Input terminal	2	10	2	10
Input terminal	2	10	2	10
Input terminal	2	10	2	10
Input terminal	2	10	2	10
Input terminal	2	10	2	10
Input terminal	2	10	2	10
Input terminal	2	10	2	10
Input terminal	2	10	2	10
Input terminal	2	10	2	
Input terminal	2	10	2	
Input terminal	2	10	2	
Input terminal	2	10	2	
Input terminal	2	10	2	
Input terminal	2	10	2	
Input terminal	2	10		
Input terminal	2			
Input terminal				

If independent power circuitry must be used, keep the input contacts or transistors separate from each other, as shown in Fig. B.



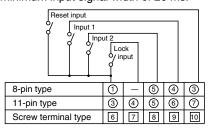
When power circuitry is not independent, one input signal can be fed to two or more counters at once, as shown in Fig. C.



#### 3. Input and output

- 1) Signal input type
- (1) Contact point input

Use highly reliable metal plated contacts. Since the contact point's bounce time leads directly to error in the count value, use contacts with as short a bounce time as possible. In general, select Input 1 and Input 2 to have a maximum counting speed of 30 Hz and to be reset with a minimum input signal width of 20 ms.



Note: The LC4H-W does not have the lock input  $\begin{tabular}{c} \hline \end{tabular} \end{tabular}, \quad .$ 

(2) Non-contact point input Connect with an open collector. Use transistors whose characteristics satisfy the criteria given below.

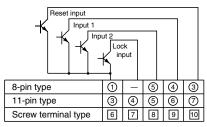
VCEO = 20 V min.

1- 00 m / min

Ic = 20 mA min.

Iсво =  $6\mu A$  max.

Also, use transistors with a residual voltage of less than 2 V when the transistor is on



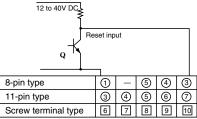
Note: The LC4H-W does not have the lock input

 $^{\star}$  The short-circuit impedance should be less than 1  $k\Omega.$ 

[When the impedance is 0  $\Omega$ , the current coming from the input 1 and input 2 terminals is approximately 12 mA, and from the reset input and lock input terminals is approximately 1.5 mA.]

Also, the open-circuit impedance should be more than 100  $k\Omega$ .

\* As shown in the diagram below, from a non-contact point circuit (proximity switches, photoelectric switches, etc.) with a power supply voltage of between 12 and 40 V, the signal can be input without using an open collector transistor. In the case of the diagram below, when the non-contact point transistor Q switches from off to on (when the signal voltage goes from high to low), the signal is input.



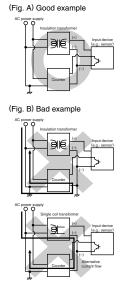
(The above example is for reset input)

2) The input mode and output mode change depending on the DIP switch settings. Therefore, before making any connections, be sure to confirm the operation mode and operation conditions currently set.

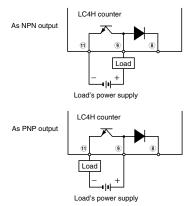
3) The LC4H series use power supply without a transformer (power and input terminals are not insulated). In connecting various kinds of input signals, therefore, use a power transformer in which the primary side is separated from the ungrounded secondary side as shown in Fig. A, for the power supply for a sensor and other input devices so that short-circuiting can be prevented.

Once the wiring to be used is completely installed and prior to installing this counter, confirm that there is complete insulation between the wires connected to the power terminals (2 each) and the wires connected to each input terminal. If the power and input lines are not insulated, a short-circuit may occur inside the counter and result in internal damage. In addition, when moving your equipment to a new installation location, confirm that there is no difference in environmental conditions as compared to the previous location.

(except LC4H-S/AC type)

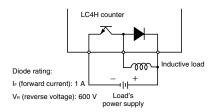


- 4) The input signal is applied by the shorting of each input terminal with the common terminal (terminal ① for 8-pin type, terminal ③ for 11-pin type and terminal ⑥ for screw terminal types). Never connect other terminals or voltages higher than 40 V DC, because it may destroy the internal circuitry.
- 5) Transistor output
- (1) Since the transistor output is insulated from the internal circuitry by a photocoupler, it can be used as an NPN output or PNP (equal value) output. (The above example is 11-pin type)



Note: With the LC4H 8-pin type and the LC4H-W, there is no diode between points (§) and (§).

(2) Use the diode connected to the output transistor's collector for absorbing the reverse voltage from induced loads. (LC4H only)



6) When wiring, use shielded wires or metallic wire tubes, and keep the wire lengths as short as possible.

#### 4. Output mode setting

The output mode can be set with the DIP switches on the side of the counter. Make the DIP switch settings before installing the counter on the panel.

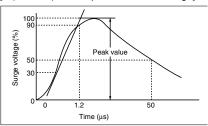
#### 5. Conditions of usage

- 1) Avoid locations subject to flammable or corrosive gases, excessive dust, oil, vibrations, or excessive shocks.
- 2) Since the cover of the unit is made of polycarbonate resin, avoid contact with or use in environments containing methyl alcohol, benzene, thinners, and other organic solvents; and ammonia, caustic sodas, and other alkaline substances.
- 3) If power supply surges exceed the values given below, the internal circuits may become damaged. Be sure to use surge absorbing element to prevent this from happening.
- 4) Regarding external noise, the values

Operating voltage	Surge voltage (peak value)
AC type	6,000V
DC type 24V AC type	1,000V

#### Surge wave form

[ $\pm$  (1.2  $\times$  50) ms uni-polar full wave voltage]



below are considered the noise-resistant voltages. If voltages rise above these values, malfunctions or damage to the internal circuitry may result, so take the necessary precautions.

Noise wave form (noise simulator)

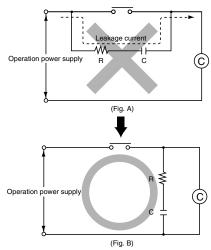
	Power supp	Input		
	AC type	DC type 24V AC type	terminals	
Noise voltage	1,500V	1,000V	600V	

Rise time: 1 ns Pulse width: 1 µs, 50 ns

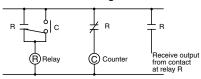
Polarity: ±

Cycle: 100 cycles/second

5) When connecting the operation power supply, make sure that no leakage current enters the counter. For example, when performing contact protection, if set up like that of diagram A, leaking current will pass through C and R, enter the unit, and cause incorrect operation. Diagram B shows the correct setup.



6) Long periods of continuous operation in the count-up completed condition (one month or more) will result in the weakening of the internal electrical components from the generated heat and, therefore, should be avoided. If you do plan to use the unit for such continuous operation, use in conjunction with a relay as shown in the circuit in the diagram below.



#### 6. Self-diagnosis function

If a malfunction occurs, one of the following displays will appear.

Display	Contents	Output condition	Restoration procedure	Preset values after restoration
or	Minimum value went below –999 or –99999. See note 1.	No observe	Enter reset or RESET key.	No shows
d IFF+	Incorrect DIP switch setting.	No change	Restart unit (correct DIP switch settings)	No change
	Malfunctioning CPU.	055	Enter reset, RESET key,	The values at start-up before the CPU malfunction occurred.
	Malfunctioning memory. See note 2.	OFF		0

Note 1: When the counter value goes below the minimum value during any of the subtraction, directive, independent, or phase input modes. Note 2: Includes the possibility that the EEPROM's life has expired.

- **7. Compliance with the CE marking** When using in applications to which EN61812-1 applies, abide by the following conditions.
- Overvoltage category II, pollution level 2 (for sensor type model with power supply)
- Connections between the power supply and input/output have basic insulation. Use a device with basic insulation to connect to the I/O terminals.
   (for sensor type model without power supply)
- This counter employs a power supply without a transformer, so the power and input signal terminals are not insulated.

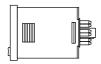
- (1) When a sensor is connected to the input circuit, install double insulation on the sensor side.
- (2) In the case of contact input, use dualinsulated relays, etc.
- The load connected to the output contact should have basic insulation.
   This counter is protected with basic insulation and can be double-insulated to meet EN/IEC requirements by using basic insulation on the load.
- Applied voltage should be protected with an overcurrent protection device (example: 250 V 1A fuse, etc.) that conforms to the EN/IEC standards.
- 2) You must use a terminal block or socket for installing the pin-type counter. Do not touch the terminal section or other parts of the timer unit while an electric current is applied. Before installation or removal, confirm that there is no voltage being applied to any of the terminals.
- 3) Do not use this timer with a safety circuit. For example, when using a timer in a heater circuit, etc., provide a protection circuit on the machine side.

# **INSTALLING DIN SIZE COUNTER (COMMON)**

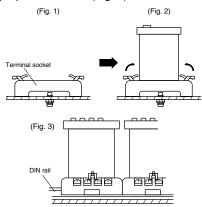
#### Installation methods

#### 1. Surface mount

1) For the counters of LC4H series, use the pin type counter.



2) Put the terminal socket on the board directly or put it on the DIN rail (Fig. 1).
3) Insert the counter into the terminal socket and fix it with clip (Fig. 2)
4) On DIN rail mounting, mount the counter on the DIN rail tightly to get the proper dimension (Fig. 3).



- 5) 8-pin type should be connected with terminal socket AT8-DF8K. 11-pin type should be connected with terminal socket AT8-DF11K.
- 6) DIN rail (AT8-DLA1) is also available (1 m).

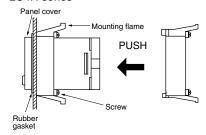
#### 2. Flush mount

1) For the counters of LC4H series, it is recommended to use the built-in screw terminal type for flush mount. (Mounting frame and rubber gasket are provided when counter is shipped.)



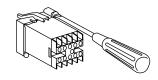
2) How to mount the counter From the panel front, pass the counter through the square hole. Fit the mounting frame from the rear, and then push it in so that the clearance between the mounting frame and the panel surface is minimized. In addition, lock the mounting frame with a screw.

#### LC4H series

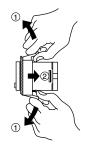


- 3) Caution in mounting the counterLC4H series
- (a) If the LC4H series are used as the waterproof types (IEC IP66), tighten the reinforcing screws on the mounting frames so that the counters, the rubber gaskets, and the panel surfaces are tightly contacted with each other. (Tighten the two screws with uniform force and make sure that there is no rattling. If the screws are tightened too excessively, the mounting frame may come off.)
- (b) If the counter is installed with the panel cover and the rubber gasket removed, the waterproofing characteristic is lost.
- 4) Removal

Loosen the screws on the mounting frame, spread the edge of frame and remove it.



Pull the mounting frame backward while spreading out its hooks with your thumbs and index fingers.

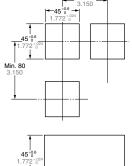


- Correctly connect the terminals while seeing the terminal layout and wiring diagram.
- 6) If the pin type is used, the rear pinbracket (AT8-RR) or the 8P cap (AD8-RC) is necessary to connect the pins. For the 11-pin type, use the 11P cap (AT8-DP11) and avoid directly soldering the round pins on the counter.
- 7) Panel cutout dimensions



The standard panel cutout dimensions are shown in the left figure. (Panel thickness: 1 to 5 mm .039 to .197 inch)

8) Although the counters can be mounted adjacent to each other in this case, it is recommended to arrange the mounting holes as shown in the figure to facilitate attaching and detaching the mounting frame.

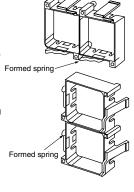


#### 9) Adjacent mounting

Although the counters can be mounted adjacent to each other, remember that the panel surface of LC4H series counter will lose its water-resistant effect. (Panel thickness: 1 to 5 mm .039 to .197 inch)  $A = (48xn - 2.5)^{+0.6}$ 

When lining up the counters horizontally, set the frames in such a position





# **HOUR METERS SELECTOR CHART**

Types		DIN 48 × 48 size Hour Meters							
Name of product		TH14 Hour Meters	TH24 Hour Meters	TH40 Hour Meters	TH50 Hour Meters	TH70 Hour Meters			
Appearance				Sange of the last					
		TH14 series	TH24 series	TH40 series	TH50 series	TH70 series			
Counting rang	e	0 to 99999.9 hours	0 to 9999.9 hours	Reset side 0 to 9999.9 hours Without reset side 0 to 99999.9 hours	0 to 9999.9 min	0 to 99999.9 hours			
Features		For controlling total integrated hours	With zero reset function For controlling measured integrated hours	Composite function for total accumulated hours monitoring and measuring each zero reset	Zero reset for minute unit time monitoring	For monitoring accumulated hours on DC line			
<b>Driving metho</b>	d	AC motor	AC motor	AC motor	AC motor	DC quartz motor			
Counting direct	ction	Addition (UP)	Addition (UP)	Addition (UP)	Addition (UP)	Addition (UP)			
Power	Voltage	12 V AC, 24 V AC, 48 V AC, 100 V AC, 110 V AC, 115 to 120 V AC, 200 V AC, 220 V AC, 240 V AC	12 V AC, 24 V AC, 48 V AC, 100 V AC, 110 V AC, 115 to 120 V AC, 200 V AC, 220 V AC, 240 V AC	12 V AC, 24 V AC, 48 V AC, 100 V AC, 110 V AC, 115 to 120 V AC, 200 V AC, 220 V AC, 240 V AC	12 V AC, 24 V AC, 48 V AC, 100 V AC, 110 V AC, 115 to 120 V AC, 200 V AC, 220 V AC, 240 V AC	12 V DC, 24 V DC			
	Frequency	50/60Hz (common)	50/60Hz (common)	50/60Hz (common)	50/60Hz (common)	_			
Counting integ		Synchronizing with power supply frequency	Synchronizing with power supply frequency	Synchronizing with power supply frequency	Synchronizing with power supply frequency	According to quartz oscillation frequency			
Min. counting	unit	0.1 h	0.1 h	0.1 h	0.1 min	0.1 h			
Reset input		_	Manual reset	Manual reset	Manual reset	_			
Max. power co	nsumption	Approx. 1.5 W	Approx. 1.5 W	Approx. 1.5 W	Approx. 1.5 W	Approx. 1.5 W			
Weight		<b>145 g</b> 5.115 oz	<b>150 g</b> 5.291 oz	<b>160 g</b> 5.644 oz	<b>150 g</b> 5.291 oz	<b>170 g</b> 5.997 oz			
Remarks		_	The TH50 series displays time in minute.	_	_	The unit with a reset function is also available. (Manufacturing after receiving an order)			
		1:100 V, 2:200 V, 3:12 V, 4:24	4 V, 5:48 V, 6:110 V, 7:115 to 1	e end of the part number that in 20 V, 8:220 V, 9:240 V, 3. When "S" is specified at the					

Types	es DIN 24 × 48 size Hour Meters DIN 24 × 48 siz			ze Hour Meters	
Name of produ	ıct	TH63 Hour Meters	TH64 Hour Meters	LH2H Hour Meters	LH2H Preset Hour Meters
Appearance		SEASE !		THE STREET	THE REAL PROPERTY.
Front section	of part	TH63 series	TH64 series	Panel PC board	ATH3
number Counting rang	e	0 to 99999.9 hours	0 to 9999.9 hours	mounting type mounting type Flush mounting type: 0 to 99999 shows 0 3999 days 23 9 hours (selectable) 0 to 9999 hours 59 min 59 seol'0 to 9999 hours 59,9 min (selectable) PC board mounting type: 0 to 999999 9 hours 59 9 min (different type)	0 to 999999.9 hours/ 0 to 3999 days 23.9 hours (selectable) 0 to 999 hours 59 min 59 sec/ 0 to 9999 hours 59.9 min (selectable)
Features		For controlling total integrated hours	With zero reset function For controlling measured integrated hours	Big 7-digit display, 8.7 mm tall display Bright, 2-color back light (voltage input type) Plenty of input methods • Non-voltage input, Voltage input, free voltage input	Preset function equipped in half size
Driving metho	d	AC motor	AC motor	Quartz oscillation type	Quartz oscillation type
Counting direct	ction	Addition (UP)	Addition (UP)	Addition (UP)	Addition or subtraction
Power	Voltage	12 V AC, 24 V AC, 48 V AC, 100 V AC, 110 V AC, 115 to 120 V AC, 200 V AC, 220 V AC, 240 V AC	12 V AC, 24 V AC, 48 V AC, 100 V AC, 110 V AC, 115 to 120 V AC, 200 V AC, 220 V AC, 240 V AC	Flush mounting type: Unnecessary (Built-in battery) PC board mounting type: 3 V DC (Battery is externally installed.)	24 V DC
	Frequency	50/60Hz (common)	50/60Hz (common)	_	_
Counting integ		Synchronizing with power supply frequency	Synchronizing with power supply frequency	±100 ppm (25°C)	±0.01% ±50 ms in case of power on start ±0.01% ±30 ms in case of input signal start
Min. counting	unit	0.1 h	0.1 h	0.1 h, 0.1 min, 1 s	0.1 h, 0.1 min, 1 s
Reset input		_	Manual reset	Push button and external reset input terminal	Push button and external reset input terminal
Max. power co	nsumption	Approx. 1.5 W	Approx. 1.5 W		Max. 1.5 W
Weight		<b>80</b> g 2.822 oz	<b>90 g</b> 3.174 oz	Flush mounting type: 55 g 1.940 oz PC board mounting type: 15 g .529 oz	<b>50 g</b> 1.764 oz
Remarks		The numbers at the end of the part n (See the remarks above.)	umber indicate voltage.	_	_

# **HOUR METERS SELECTOR CHART**

Types		DIN 52 × 52 siz	e Hour Meters	TH Hour Meter: Round type
Name of product		TH13 Hour Meter	TH23 Hour Meter	DC Hour Meter
Appearance		TH13 series	TH23 series	TH8 series
Counting ran	ne	0 to 99999.9 hours	0 to 9999.9 hours	0 to 9999.9 hours
Features		For controlling total integrated hours	With zero reset function For controlling measured integrated hours	Driven on DC power
Driving method		AC motor	AC motor	Ceramic oscillation + AC motor
Counting dire	ection	Addition (UP)	Addition (UP)	Addition (UP)
Power	Voltage	100 V AC, 200 V AC, 110 V AC, 115 to 120 V AC, 220 V AC, 240 V AC	100 V AC, 200 V AC, 110 V AC, 115 to 120 V AC, 220 V AC, 240 V AC	12 V DC, 24 V DC
Power	Frequency	50 Hz or 60 Hz	50 Hz or 60 Hz	_
Counting inte		Synchronizing with power supply frequency	Synchronizing with power supply frequency	±0.2% (25°C)
Min. counting	unit	0.1 h	0.1 h	0.1 h
Reset input		_	Manual reset	<u> </u>
Max. power c	onsumption	Approx. 1.5 W	Approx. 1.5 W	Approx. 1.5 W
Weight		<b>130 g</b> 4.586 oz	135 g 4.762 oz	<b>170</b> g 5.997 oz
Remarks		Both the TH13 and 23 series have numbers at the and frequency required. The third number from the front of the part number V, 5:200 V, 6:110 V, 7:115 V (for 50 Hz only) or 1. The fourth number from the front of the part numb 5:50 Hz, 6:60 Hz Ex.) The part number for the TH13 series of 220 V	-	

# Panasonic ideas for life

# DIN HALF SIZE HOUR METER

# LH2H





Panel mounting type
One-touch installation type



Panel mounting type Installation frame type



PC board mounting type

#### **Features**

 8.7 mm Character Height (previously 7 mm .343 inch)
 Fasy-to-read character height increa

Easy-to-read character height increased from 7 mm to 8.7 mm .276 inch to .343 inch.



· Plenty of Digits

**□□□□□□□** |---7 digits---|

• Select by switch between two time ranges in a single meter.

0 to 999999.9h/0 to 3999d23.9h switchable 0 to 999h59m59s/0 to 9999h59.9m switchable

 Panel Mounting Type Features 2 Installation Methods

Comes with very easy one-touch installation type and also installation frame type that uses the frame on the timer/counter. Choose a method that suits the application.

 Battery Replacement Easy on Environment

To replace battery simply remove body for the one-touch installation type, and remove battery lid for the installation frame type.

 Screw Terminals Designed for Safety

Built in finger protection.

 Panel Covers Replacable (Standard color is ash gray.)

Change the panel design by replacing with a black panel cover.

- Conforms to IP66 Protective Construction (Only installation frame type.) (Front panel surface)
- Input Methods
- 1) Non-voltage input method
- 2) Voltage input method
- 3) Free voltage input method
- Backlight Type Added to Series and Now 2-color Switchable (green/ red)

Easy viewing even in dark places and switchable between green and red (Voltage input type).

Compliant with UL, c-UL and CE marking.

## **Product chart**

Туре			Backlight type		
Installation type		Non-voltage input type	Voltage input type (4.5 to 30 V DC)	Free voltage input type (24 to 240 V AC/DC)	Voltage input type (4.5 to 30 V DC)
Panel	One-touch installation type	0	0	0	0
mounting type Installation frame type		0	0	0	0
PC board mounting type		0	_	_	_

## **Product types**

- 1. Panel mounting type
- 1) One-touch installation type
- 1) Standard type

No. digits	Measurement time range	Front reset	Input method	Part No.
	0 to 999999.9h/0 to 3999d23.9h switchable		Non voltage input type	LH2H-FE-DHK
	0 to 999h59m59s/0 to 9999h59.9m switchable		Non-voltage input type	LH2H-FE-HMK
7 digita	0 to 999999.9h/0 to 3999d23.9h switchable	Yes	Voltage input type (4.5 to 30 V DC)	LH2H-FE-DHK-DL
7 digits	0 to 999h59m59s/0 to 9999h59.9m switchable	162		LH2H-FE-HMK-DL
	0 to 999999.9h/0 to 3999d23.9h switchable		Free valtage input type (24 to 240 V AC/DC)	LH2H-FE-DHK-FV
	0 to 999h59m59s/0 to 9999h59.9m switchable		Free voltage input type (24 to 240 V AC/DC)	LH2H-FE-HMK-FV

#### ② Backlight type

No. digits	Measurement time range	Front reset	Input method	Part No.
7 dinita	0 to 999999.9h/0 to 3999d23.9h switchable	Yes	Voltage input type (4.5 to 20.)/ DC)	LH2H-FE-DHK-DL-B
7 digits	0 to 999h59m59s/0 to 9999h59.9m switchable	tes	Voltage input type (4.5 to 30 V DC)	LH2H-FE-HMK-DL-B

#### 2) Installation frame type

① Standard type

No. digits	Measurement time range	Front reset	Input method	Part No.
	0 to 999999.9h/0 to 3999d23.9h switchable		Non-voltage input type	LH2H-F-DHK
	0 to 999h59m59s/0 to 9999h59.9m switchable		Non-voitage input type	LH2H-F-HMK
7 digita	0 to 999999.9h/0 to 3999d23.9h switchable	Yes	Voltage input type (4.5 to 30 V DC)	LH2H-F-DHK-DL
7 digits	0 to 999h59m59s/0 to 9999h59.9m switchable	res	voltage input type (4.5 to 50 v DC)	LH2H-F-HMK-DL
	0 to 999999.9h/0 to 3999d23.9h switchable		Free voltage input type (24 to 240 V AC/DC)	LH2H-F-DHK-FV
	0 to 999h59m59s/0 to 9999h59.9m switchable			LH2H-F-HMK-FV

#### ② Backlight type

No. digits	Measurement time range	Front reset	Input method	Part No.
7 4: -:4-	0 to 999999.9h/0 to 3999d23.9h switchable	Yes	Voltage input type (4.5 to 20.1/ DC)	LH2H-F-DHK-DL-B
7 digits	0 to 999h59m59s/0 to 9999h59.9m switchable	ies	Voltage input type (4.5 to 30 V DC)	LH2H-F-HMK-DL-B

## 2. PC board mounting type

No. digits	Measurement time range	Front reset	Input method	Part No.
7 digita	0 to 999999.9h	No	Non voltage input type	LH2H-C-H-N
7 digits	0 to 9999h59.9m	No	Non-voltage input type	LH2H-C-HM-N

## **Specifications**

## 1. Panel mounting type

	Туре	Standa	rd type	Backlight type	Standard type	
Item		Non-voltage input	Voltage input		Free voltage type	
No. digi	ts	7 digits				
Externa	al power supply		Not required (b	ouilt-in battery)		
Measur	rement time range	0 to 999999.9h/0 to 3999d23.9h (Switchable by switch) 0 to 999h59m59s/0 to 9999h59.9m (Switchable by switch) Separate product type				
	Min. input signal width		200 ms			
Start input	Input method (signal)	Non-voltage input using contacts or open collector connection		High level: 4.5 to 30 V DC Low level: 0 to 2 V DC		
	Input impedance	When shorted: Max. 10 k $\Omega$ When open: Max. 750 k $\Omega$	Approx. 4.7 kΩ		_	
	Residual voltage	Max. 0.5 V	_		_	
	Min. input signal width		100 ms			
Deset	Input method (signal)	Non-voltage input using contacts or open collector connection	High level: 4.5 to 30 V DC Low level: 0 to 2 V DC		Non-voltage input using contacts or open collector connection	
Reset input	Input impedance	When shorted: Max. 10 kΩ When open: Max. 750 kΩ	Appox. 4.7 kΩ		When shorted: Max. 10 kΩ When open: Max. 750 kΩ	
	Residual voltage	Max 0.5 V	_	_	Max. 0.5 V	
Display	method	7-segme	ent LCD	7-segment LCD With green/red backlight	7-segment LCD	
Breakdown voltage (initial)		Between charged and uncharged parts: 1,000 V AC for 1 minute.  Between charged and uncharged parts: 2,000 V AC for 1 minute.				
Insulation resistance (initial)		Min. 100 MΩ (mea	sured at 500 V DC) Measure		eak down voltage.	
Backlight power		_		24 V DC (±10%)		
Protect	ive construction (Note)	IEC	Standard IP66 (only panel f	ront: when using rubber gask	(et)	
Accessories (Note)		Rubber gasket, mounting bracket				
Battery	life	10 years (at 25°C 77°F)				

Note) Only for installation frame type.

### 2. PC board mounting type

Type		PC board mounting type		
Input m	ethod	Non DC voltage input		
No. digit	ts	7 di	gits	
Rated o	peration voltage	3 V	DC	
Allowab	le operation voltage range	2.7 to 3.	3 V DC	
Current	consumption	Max. 20 μA (max. 200	μA during reset input)	
Measur	ement time range	0 to 999999.9h	0 to 9999h59.9m	
	Min. input signal width	200 ms		
Ctort	Input method	Non-voltage input using contacts or open collector connection		
Start input	Input impedance	When shorted When open: I		
	Residual voltage	Max. (	0.5 V	
	Min. input signal width	10 :	ms	
Daaat	Input method	Non-voltage input using contact	ts or open collector connection	
Reset input	Input impedance	When shorted When open: I		
	Residual power	Max. (	0.5 V	
Break down voltage (initial)		Between charged and uncharged parts: 1,000 V AC for 1 minute.		
Insulatio	on resistance (initial)	Min. 100 M $\Omega$ (measured at 500 V DC) Measurement location same as for break down voltage.		

#### 3. Common

Type		Panel mounting/PC board mounting types	
Time accuracy		±100 ppm (25°C 77°F)	
Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz (1 cycle/min.), single amplitude: 0.15 mm (10 min. on 3 axes)	
Vibration resistance	Destructive	10 to 55 Hz (1 cycle/min.), single amplitude: 0.375 mm (1 hr. on 3 axes)	
Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 98 m/s² (4 times on 3 axes)	
Shock resistance	Destructive	Min. 294 m/s <sup>2</sup> (5 times on 3 axes)	
Operation temperature		-10 to +55°C +14 to +131°F (without frost or dew)	
Storage temperature		-25 to +65°C −13 to +149°F (without frost or dew)	
Ambient humidity		35 to 85% RH (non-condensing)	

# Applicable standard

Safety standard	EN61010-1	Pollution Degree 2/Overvoltage Category III
EMC	(EMI)EN61000-6-4 Radiation interference electric field strength Noise terminal voltage (EMS)EN61000-6-2 Static discharge immunity  RF electromagnetic field immunity  EFT/B immunity Conductivity noise immunity Power frequency magnetic field immunity	EN55011 Group1 ClassA EN55011 Group1 ClassA EN61000-4-2

mm inch

General tolerance: ±1.0 ±.039

## LH2H

#### Part names

#### 1. Front reset button

Reset the elapsed time. It does not work when the lock switch is ON. Be aware that battery life will decrease if this switch is used frequently.

# 2. Lock switch (Refer to chart on right.)

Disable the front reset button.

Note) Turn ON at the LCD side (reset disabled) and OFF at the terminal block side (reset enabled).

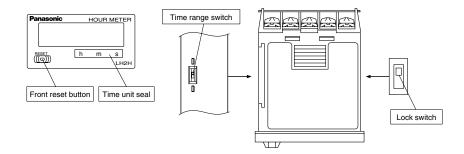
# 3. Time range switch (See chart on right).

Switch the time range.

Note) Always press the front reset button when operating the time range switch.

#### 4. Time unit sticker

Unit seals are included in the package. Affix them in accordance with the time range.



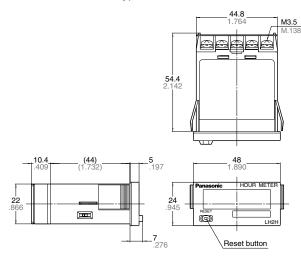
	0 to 999999.9h/0 to 3999d23.9h	0 to 999h59m59s/0 to 9999h59.9m
Lock switch (Unit display 1)	(Terminal block s (LCD side)	OFF* ON
Count speed switch (Unit display 2)	(Terminal block side) 0 to 999999.9h米 (LCD side) 0 to 3999d23.9h	(Terminal block side) 0 to 9999h59.9m*  (LCD side) 0 to 9999h59m59s

Notes) 1. \*Default setting when shipped.

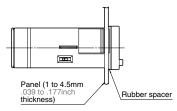
2. Make the switch setting before installing to panel.

#### **Dimensions**

- 1. Panel mounting type
- External dimensions
- 1) One-touch installation type



#### • Panel installation diagram

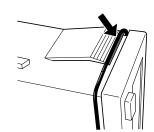


Note) When installing to a 4.5 mm .177 inch thick panel, remove the rubber spacer first.

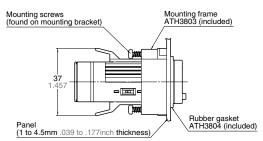
When installing the one-touch installation type model, make sure that the installation spring does not pinch the rubber gasket.

To prevent the installation spring from pinching the rubber gasket:

- 1. Set the rubber gasket on both ends of the installation spring (left and right).
- 2. Confirm that the installation spring is not pinching the rubber gasket, and then insert and fix the installation spring in place from the rear of the timer unit.

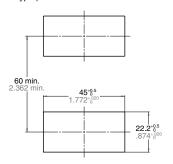


#### • Panel mounting diagram

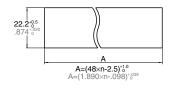


#### • Panel cut-out dimensions

The standard panel cut-out is shown below. Use the mounting frame (ATH3803) and the rubber packing (ATH3804). (Only installation frame type.)



# • For connected installation (sealed installation) (Only installation frame type.)



Notes) 1. Suitable installation panel thickness is 1 to 4.5 mm .039 to .177 inch.

2. Waterproofing will be lost when installing repeatedly (sealed installation).

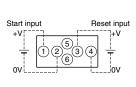
#### • Terminal layout and wiring diagrams

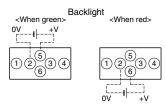
#### 1) Standard type

, otaliaa iyo				
Non voltage input type	Voltage input type	Free voltage input type		
Start input Reset input  1 2 3 4 7 7 7 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	Start input Reset input +V 1 2 3 4 7 0V 0V	Start input  Reset input  or   1 2 3 4 7 +		

#### 2) Backlight type

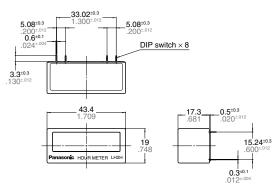
### Voltage input type



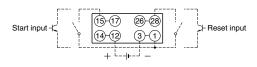


#### 2. PC board mounting type

#### • External dimensions



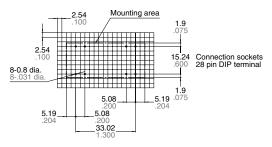
## • Terminal layout and wiring diagrams



①-③, ⑫-⑭, ⑮-⑰ and ⑯-⑱ are connected internally. An external power supply is required.

#### General tolerance: ±1.0 ±.039 mm inch

#### PC board pattern (BOTTOM VIEW)



General tolerance: ±0.1 ±.004

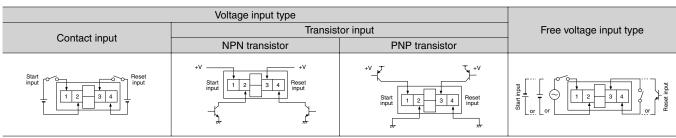
Note: The AXS212811K is recommended as a compatible connection socket.

## Input method

#### 1. Standard type

	Non-voltage input type				
Panel mou	unting type	PC board mounting type			
Contact input Transistor input		Contact input	Transistor input		
Contact input	NPN transistor	Contact input	NPN transistor		
Start Reset input  (② and ④ are connected internally.)	Start 1 2 3 4 Reset input 0V (② and ④ are connected internally.)	Start (19-07)	Start input & - & - & - & - & - & - & - & - & - &		

- Notes) 1. When using contact input, since current flow is small from terminals ① and ③ on the panel mounting type and terminals ⓑ to ⑰ and ⑳ on the PC board mounting type, please use relays and switches with high contact reliability.
  - 2. When using transistor input, use the following as a guide for which transistors (Tr) to use for inputting. (Collector withstand voltage ≧ 50 V, leakage current < 1 µA)



- Notes) 1. ② and ④. (The input and reset circuits are functionally insulated.)

  - When using transistor (Tr) input, use the right as a guide. (Collector withstand voltage ≥ 50 V, leakage current < 1 μA)</li>
     Be aware that the application of voltage that exceeds the voltage range of the H level to the count input terminal, and the application of voltage to the reset input terminal, can cause damage to the internal elements.

#### 2. Backlight type

	Voltage input type				
Contact input	Transis	Backlight connection			
Contact input	NPN transistor	PNP transistor			
Start input 1 2 5 3 4 1	Start 1 2 3 4 Reset input	Start 1 2 5 3 4 Reset input	Green Red 24V DC 1 2 5 3 4 1 2 6 3 4 1 24V DC		

Notes) 1. Do not reverse the polarities when connecting the DC voltage for the backlight.

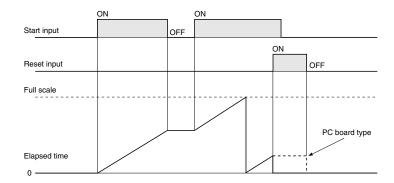
- 2. ② and ③. (The input and reset circuits are functionally insulated.)
   3. When using transistor (Tr) input, use the right as a guide. (Collector withstand voltage ≥ 50 V, leakage current < 1 μA)</li>
   4. Be aware that the application of voltage that exceeds the voltage range of the H level to the count input terminal, and the application of voltage to the reset input terminal, can cause damage to the internal elements.

### **Explanation of operation**

- 1. Time measuring takes place when the start input is ON.
- 2. When the elapsed (measured) time reaches full scale it returns to "0", and then measuring starts again from "0".
- 3. When reset input is ON, the display becomes "0". You cannot measure during reset input.

For PC board mounting type the display disappears while the reset input is ON; however, the display reads "0" when the reset input turns OFF.

4. Press the front reset button if you want to perform a manual reset (for panel installation type)



#### Cautions for use

#### 1. Non-voltage input type For both panel mounting and PC board mounting types

- 1) Never apply voltage to the non-voltage input type. This will damage the internal elements.
- 2) Since the current flow is very small from the start input and reset input terminals (① and ③ on the panel mounting type and terminals ⓑ to ⑦ and ⑥ to ⑧ on the PC board mounting type) please use relays and switches with high contact reliability. When inputting with an open collector of a transistor, use a transistor for small signals in which ICBO is 1  $\mu A$  or less and always input with no voltage.
- 3) When wiring, try to keep all the input lines to the start and reset inputs as short as possible and avoid running them together with high voltage and power transmission lines or in a power conduit. Also, malfunctions might occur if the floating capacitance of these wires exceeds 500 pF (10 m 32.808 ft. for parallel wires of 2 mm²). In particular, when using shielded wiring, be careful of the capacitance between wires.

#### PC board mounting type

- 1) For external power supply use manganese dioxide or lithium batteries (CR type: 3V).
- 2) Always reset after external power is applied and confirm that the display reads "0".
- 3) Make the wiring from the battery to the hour meter unit as short as absolutely possible. Also, be careful of polarity.
- 4) Calculate battery life with the following formula.

#### t = A/I

- t: battery life [h]
- I: LH2H current consumption [mA]
- A: battery capacity until minimum operation voltage is reached [mAh]
- 5) Hand solder to the lead terminal. Do not dip solder. With the tip of the soldering iron at 300°C 572°F perform soldering within 3 seconds (for 30 to 60 W soldering iron).

#### 2. Voltage input type

1) Be aware that applying more than 30 V DC to start input terminals ① and ②, and reset input terminals ③ and ④ will cause damage to the internal elements.
2) For external resetting use H level (application of 4.5 to 30 V DC) between reset terminals ③ and ④ of the rear terminals. In this case, connect + to terminal ③ and – to terminal ④. This is

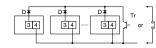
the valid polarity; therefore, the hour meter will not work if reversed.

3) When wiring, try to keep all the input lines to the start and reset inputs as short as possible and avoid running them together with high voltage and power transmission lines or in a power conduit. Also, malfunctions might occur if the floating capacitance of these wires exceeds 500 pF (10 m 32.808 ft. for parallel wires of 2 mm²).

#### 3. Free voltage input type

- 1) Use start input terminals ① and ② for free voltage input and reset terminals ③ and ④ for non-voltage input.
- 2) Be aware that the application of voltage that exceeds the voltage range of the H level to the start input terminal, and the application of voltage to the reset input terminal, can cause damage to the internal elements.
- 3) Since the current flow is very small from reset input terminal ③, please use relays and switches with high contact reliability.
- 4) When inputting a reset with an open collector of a transistor, use a transistor for small signals in which ICBO is 1  $\mu$ A or less and always input with no voltage.
- 5) To reset externally, short reset input terminals ③ and ④ on the rear.
- 6) Input uses a high impedance circuit; therefore, erroneous operation may occur if the influence of induction voltage is present. If you plan to use wiring for the input signal that is 10 m or longer (wire capacitance 120 pF/m at normal temperature), we recommend the use of a CR filter or the connection of a bleeder resistor.

# 4. How to reset multiple panel mounting type counters all at once (input is the same for count) Non-voltage input type

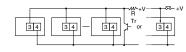


Notes) 1. Use the following as a guide for choosing transistors used for input (Tr).

Leakage current < 1 µA

2. Use as small a diode (D) as possible in the forward voltage so that the voltage between terminals 3 and 4 during reset input meets the standard value (0.5 V). (At IF = 20  $\mu$ A, forward voltage 0.1 and higher.)

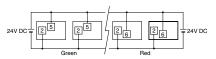
#### Voltage input type



Note) Make sure that H (reset ON) level is at least 4.5 V.

#### 5. Backlight luminance

To prevent varying luminance among backlights when using multiple Backlight types, please use the same backlight power supply.



#### 6. Acquisition of CE marking

Please abide by the conditions below when using in applications that comply with EN 61010-1/IEC 61010-1

- 1) Ambient conditions
- Overvoltage category II, pollution level 2
- Indoor use
- Acceptable temperature and humidity range: -10 to +55°C, 35 to 85%RH (with no condensation at 20°C)
- Under 2000 m elevation
- 2) Use the main unit in a location that matches the following conditions.
- There is minimal dust and no corrosive gas.
- There is no combustible or explosive gas.
- There is no mechanical vibration or impacts.
- There is no exposure to direct sunlight.
- Located away from large-volume electromagnetic switches and power lines with large electrical currents.
- 3) Connect a breaker that conforms to EN60947-1 or EN60947-3 to the voltage input section.
- 4) Applied voltage should be protected with an overcurrent protection device (example: T 1A, 250 V AC time lag fuse) that conforms to the EN/IEC standards. (Free voltage input type)

#### 7. Terminal connection

Tighten the terminal screws with a torque of 0.8 N·cm or less.



# PRESET HOUR METER

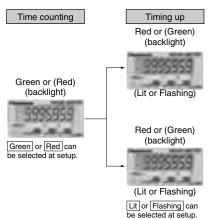
LH2H





#### **Features**

- Preset function equipped in half size (24  $\times$  48 mm 0.945  $\times$  1.890 inch).
- Display has backlight for instant recognition.



• 8.7 mm 0.343 inch Character Height (previously 7 mm 0.276 inch)
Easy-to read character height increased from 7 mm to 8.7 mm 0.276 inch to 0.343



• Plenty of Digits

**7000000** 111111 -7 digits—

• Select by switch between two time ranges in a single meter.

0 to 999999.9h/0 to 3999d23.9h Selectable

0 to 999h59m59s/0 to 9999h59.9m Selectable

• Conforms to IP66 Protective Construction (Front panel surface) Weatherproofing supported by using

optional mounting bracket and rubber gasket

- Includes reassuring lock mode and lock switch to prevent erroneous operation.
- Screw terminals are constructed to protect fingers to ensure safety.
- Compliant with UL, c-UL and CE marking.

## **Product types**

No. digits	Measurement time range	Operation mode	Output	Operating voltage	Part No	
7 dinita	0 to 999999.9h/ 0 to 3999d23.9h selectable	G (Totalizing ON delay) B (Signal ON delay)	Transistar (1 a)	04.V.DC	LH2HP-FEW-DHK	(-B-DC24V
7 digits	0 to 999h59m59s/ 0 to 9999h59.9m selectable	F (Signal flicker) E (Pulse ON delay)	Transistor (1a)	24 V DC	LH2HP-FEW-HMk	(-B-DC24V
	Mounting frame		ne	F		ATH3803
	Options	Rubber gask	et	Use for waterproofing (front panel surface)  ATH:		ATH3804

Note: Mounting frame and rubber gasket are not included.

# **Specifications**

	Item	Descriptions		
	Rated operating voltage	24 V DC		
	Rated power consumption	Max. 1.5 W		
Rated control output		100 mA 30 V DC		
	Time counting direction	Addition or Subtraction (selectable by front switch)		
	Measurement time range	0 to 999999.9h/0 to 3999d23.9h (selectable by slide switch on side) 0 to 999h59m59s/0 to 9999h59.9m (selectable by slide switch on side)		
	Start input	Min. input signal width: Min. 30 ms		
Rating	Reset input	Min. input signal width: Min. 30 ms		
J	Input signal	<ul> <li>Non-voltage input using contacts or open-collector connection</li> <li>Input impedance; when shorted: Max. 1 kΩ, when open: Min. 100 kΩ</li> <li>Residual voltage: Max. 2 V</li> </ul>		
C	Operation mode	Totalizing ON delay, Signal ON delay, Signal flicker, Pulse ON delay (selectable by front switch)		
	Display method	7-segment LCD (Switch between red and green for backlight, and between lit and flashing for time up.)		
	Power failure emory	EEP-ROM (Overwriting times: 10 <sup>5</sup> operations or more)		
	Operating time fluctuation	±0.01% ±50 ms ( Rated operating voltage: )		
Time	Voltage error	in case of power on start 85 to 110%		
accuracy	Temperature error	±0.01% ±30 ms Ambient temperature:		
	Setting error	in case of input signal start —10 to +55°C +14 to +131°F		
Contact arran	gement	1 Form A (Open collector)		
Electrical life	(contact)	10 <sup>7</sup> operations (at rated control voltage)		
	Allowable operating voltage range	85 to 110% of rated operating voltage		
Electrical	Break down voltage (Initial value)	Between input and output: 1,500 V AC, for 1 min.		
	Insulation resistance (Initial value)	Between input and output: 100 MΩ (at 500 V DC)		
	Functional vibration resistance	10 to 55 Hz (1 cycle/min), Single amplitude: 0.15 mm (10 min. on 3 axes)		
Mechanical	Destructive vibration resistance	10 to 55 Hz (1 cycle/min), Single amplitude: 0.375 mm (1 hr. on 3 axes)		
Functional shock resistance		Min. 98 m/s <sup>2</sup> (4 times on 3 axes)		
	Destructive shock resistance	Min. 294 m/s² (5 times on 3 axes)		
Onevetica	Operation temperature	-10 to 55°C +14 to +131°F (without frost or dew)		
Operating conditions	Storage temperature	-25 to +65°C −13 to +149°F (without frost or dew)		
	Ambient humidity	35 to 85% RH (non-condensing)		
Protective cor	nstruction	IP66 (front panel with mounting bracket and rubber gasket)		

<sup>\*</sup> The factory default preset value is set to 0.1.

## Applicable standard

	(EMI)EN61000-6-4 Radiation interference electric field strength Noise terminal voltage (EMS)EN61000-6-2	EN55011 Group1 ClassA EN55011 Group1 ClassA
	Static discharge immunity	EN61000-4-2 4 kV contact
EMC	RF electromagnetic field immunity	8 kV air EN61000-4-3 10 V/m AM modulation (80 MHz to 1 GHz) 10 V/m pulse modulation (895 MHz to 905 MHz)
	EFT/B immunity	EN61000-4-4 2 kV (power supply line) 1 kV (signal line)
	Conductivity noise immunity Power frequency magnetic field immunity	EN61000-4-6 10 V/m AM modulation (0.15 MHz to 80 MHz) EN61000-4-8 30 A/m (50 Hz)

#### Part names

#### 1. Front reset key

This key resets the elapsed value. It does not work when the lock switch is ON.

#### 2. Mode key

Use to set preset values or to switch between each mode.

#### 3. Setting key

Used to set digits of preset values or set each mode.

#### 4. Set key

Use to set preset values or to switch between modes.

#### 5. Time unit seal

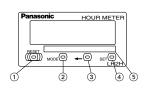
Unit seals are included in the package. Affix them in accordance with the time range.

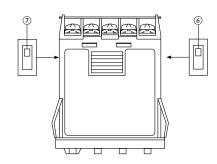
#### 6. Lock switch

Disable the operation of the front panel reset key and the mode key. With the lock switch on, <a href="Lock">Lock</a> is displayed for about two seconds when the reset key or mode switch is operated.

#### 7. Time range switch

Switch the time range.





\*: Default setting when shipped.

		LH2HP-FEW-DHK-B-DC24V	LH2HP-FEW-HMK-B-DC24V
6	Lock switch (unit display 1)	(Terminal block side	OFF* ON
7	Time range switch (unit display 2)	(Terminal block side) 0 to 999999.9h*  (LCD side) 0 to 3999d23.9h	(Terminal block side) 0 to 9999h59.9m*  (LCD side) 0 to 999h59m59s

Notes: 1. Make the switch setting before installing to panel.

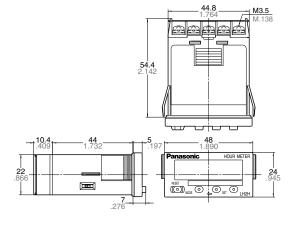
Please turn the power off if you change the setting of the time range switch when the power is on. The setting will become valid when the power is turned back on.

#### mm inch

General tolerance: ±1.0 ±.039

## **Dimensions**

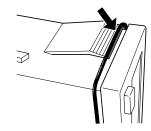
External dimensions



When installing the one-touch installation type model, make sure that the installation spring does not pinch the rubber gasket.

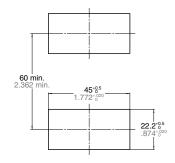
To prevent the installation spring from pinching the rubber gasket:

- 1. Set the rubber gasket on both ends of the installation spring (left and right).
- 2. Confirm that the installation spring is not pinching the rubber gasket, and then insert and fix the installation spring in place from the rear of the timer unit.

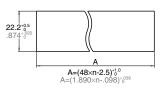


#### • Panel cut out dimensions

The standard panel cut out is shown below. Use the mounting frame (ATH3803) and the rubber gasket (ATH3804). (Only installation frame type)



# • For connected installation (sealed installation) (Only installation frame type)



Notes: 1. Suitable installation panel thickness is 1 to 4.5 mm 0.39 to 0.177 inch.

2. Waterproofing will be lost when installing repeatedly (sealed installation).

#### How to set

#### 1. Preset value setting mode

This is the mode for setting preset values.



1) Pressing the MODE key takes you to the preset value setting mode.



- \* The factory default preset value is set to 1.0.
- 2) Pressing the setting key moves the flashing digit left by one. Following the highest digit it returns to the lowest digit and each time the digit setting key is pressed it moves one to the left.
- 3) Pressing the set key increases the value by one. (After 9 it returns to 0 and then changes to 1, 2, 3, etc.)
- 4) Pressing the front panel reset key sets the displayed preset value and returns you to the regular operation mode.
- 5) In the preset value setting mode if you do not operate the digit setting key or the set key for ten seconds or more you will be returned to regular operation. In this case the preset value will not change.

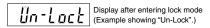
#### 2. Lock mode

This mode prohibits everything except the preset value setting mode.



1) Pressing the set key while holding down the mode key takes you to the lock mode.

2) The display reads "Un-Lock" after entering the lock mode (initial setting).



3) Pressing the setting key changes the display between "Lock" and "Unlock".



4) Pressing the front panel reset key sets the content displayed and returns you to regular operation mode.

Note: You will not be returned to regular operation mode if you do not press the front panel reset kev.

- 5) When the lock mode display reads "Lock", you will not be able to move to the backlight setting mode, the time counting direction setting mode, or the operation setting mode.
- 3. Backlight setting mode

This is the mode for setting the backlight during time up.



- 1) Pressing the SET key two times while holding down the MODE key takes you to the backlight setting mode.
- 2) The display in the backlight setting mode reads " LEd"



3) The LED backlight will be red (initial setting).

- 4) The backlight changes from flashing green to flashing red to lit green and to lit red with each press of the setting key.
- 5) Pressing the front panel reset key sets the current backlight color and returns you to regular operation mode.

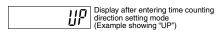
Note: You will not be returned to regular operation mode if you do not press the front panel reset key.

## 4. Time counting direction setting mode

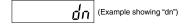
This is the mode for setting addition or subtraction.



- 1) Pressing the SET key three times while holding down the MODE key takes you to the time counting direction setting mode.
- 2) The display after entering the time counting direction setting mode reads" UP" (initial setting).



3) Pressing the setting key changes the display to "dn" (subtraction) and pressing it again changes it to "UP" (addition). The display alternates between "dn" and "UP".



4) Pressing the front panel reset key sets the content displayed and returns you to regular operation mode.

Note: You will not be returned to regular operation mode if you do not press the front panel reset key.

#### 5. Operation mode

This sets the operation mode.



- 1) Pressing the SET key four times while holding down the MODE key takes you to the operation setting mode.
- 2) The display reads "OP-G" (Totalizing ON delay) after entering the operation setting mode.

3) Pressing the setting key causes the display to change as follows: OP-B (Signal ON delay)

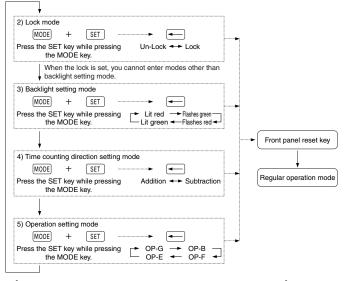
OP-F (Signal flicker)

OP-E (Pulse ON delay)

OP-G (Totalizing ON delay)

4) Pressing the front panel reset key sets the display content and returns you to regular operation mode.

Note: You will not be returned to regular operation mode if you do not press the front panel reset key.



Mode changes as follows by pressing the SET key while holding down the MODE key.

→ Backlight setting mode

Operation setting mode ← Time counting direction setting mode ←

Please be aware that after doing a front panel reset key and returning to regular operation mode, the preset values, elapsed value and output will be as shown in this table.

	Preset value	Elapsed value	Output change
Lock mode	×	×	×
Backlight setting mode	×	×	×
Time counting direction setting mode	×	Addition: "0" Subtraction: "Preset value"	ON→OFF
Operation setting mode	×	Addition: "0" Subtraction: "Preset value"	ON→OFF

Note: "x" sign: No change

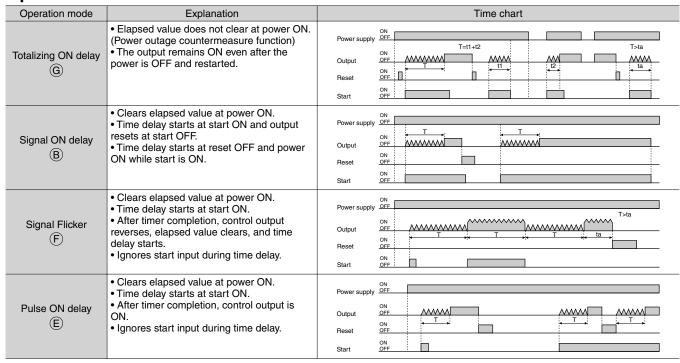
## Changing the set time (preset value)

- 1. It is possible to change the set time even during time delay with the timer. However, be aware of the following points.
- 1) If the set time is changed to less than the elapsed time (elapsed value) with the time delay set to the addition direction, time delay will continue until the elapsed time reaches full scale, returns to "0 (zero)", and then reaches the new set time.

If the set time is changed to a time above the elapsed time, the time delay will continue until the elapsed time reaches the new set time.

- 2) If the time delay is set to the subtraction direction, time delay will continue until "0 (zero)" regardless of the new set time.
- 2. If the set time is changed to "0 (zero)", the hour meter will operate differently depending on the operation mode. In the G (Totalizing ON delay), B (Signal ON delay), and E (Pulse ON delay) modes, the output turns ON when the start input is ON. However, the output will be OFF while reset is being input. In the F (Signal flicker) mode, the flicker operation will not work even if start input is turned ON.

## **Operation mode**

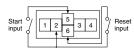


#### Cautions for use

#### 1. Input and output connection

- 1) Input connection
- (1) Contact input

Use highly reliable metal plated contacts. Since the contact's bounce time leads directly to error in the timer operating time, use contacts with as short a bounce time as possible.



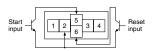
(2) Non-contact input (Transistor input) Connect with an open collector. Use transistors whose characteristics satisfy the criteria given below.

 $V_{CEO} = Min. 20 V$   $I_C = Min. 20 mA$   $I_{CBO} = Max. 6 \mu A$ 

Also, use transistors with a residual voltage of less than 2 V when the transistor is on.

 $^{\star}$  The short-circuit impedance should be less than 1  $k\Omega.$ 

(When the impedance is 0  $\Omega$ , the current coming from the start input terminal is approximately 5 mA and from the reset input terminal is approximately 1.5 mA.) Also, the open-circuit impedance should be more than 100 k $\Omega$ .

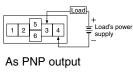


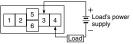
(3) Input wiring When wiring, use shielded wires or metallic wire tubes, and keep the wire lengths as short as possible.

#### 2) Output connection

Since the transistor output of hour meter is insulated from the internal circuitry by a photo-coupler, it can be used as an NPN output or PNP (equal value) output.

As NPN output





#### 2. Self-diagnosis function

If a malfunction occurs, one of the following displays will appear.

Display	Contents	Output condition	Restoration procedure	Preset values after restoration
Err-00	Malfunctioning CPU	OFF	Enter front reset key or restart hour	Preset value at start-up before the CPU malfunction occurred
Err-01	Malfunctioning memory*		meter	0

<sup>\*</sup> Includes the possibility that the EEP-ROM's life has expired.

#### 3. Power failure memory

The EEP-ROM is overwriting with the following timing.

Operation mode	Overwrite timing
G (Totalizing ON delay) mode	Change of preset value or when power is OFF after start and reset input turns ON
Other modes	When power is OFF after changing preset value

#### 4. Terminal connection

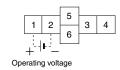
1) When wiring the terminals, refer to the terminal layout and wiring diagrams and be sure to perform the wiring properly without errors.

Tighten the terminal screws with a torque of 0.8 N⋅cm or less. The screws are M3.5.

An external power supply is required in order to run the main unit.

Power should be applied between terminals (1) and (2). Terminal (1) acts as the positive connection and terminal (2) as the negative.

so that it is applied at one time.



After turning the hour meter off, make sure that any resulting induced voltage or residual voltage is not applied to power supply terminals (1) through (2). (If the power supply wire is wired parallel to the high voltage wire or power wire, an induced voltage may be generated at the power supply terminal.)
 Have the power supply voltage pass through a switch or relay

## Compliance with the CE marking

• EMC Directive (89/336/EEC)

The LH2H Preset Hour Meter conforms to the EMC Directive as a simple hour meter.

Applicable standards: EN61000-6-4,

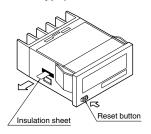
EN61000-6-2

#### Cautions for use

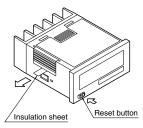
#### 1. Insulation sheet

Before using a panel mounting type, please pull and remove the insulation sheet in the direction of the arrow. In consideration that the product might be stored for long periods without being used, an insulation sheet is inserted before shipping. Remove the insulation sheet and press the front reset button.

# LH2H hour meter (one-touch installation type)



# LH2H hour meter (installation frame type)



#### 2. Waterproof construction

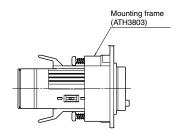
#### LH2H hour meter (installation frame type)

The operation part of the panel installation type (installation frame type) is constructed to prevent water from entering the unit and a rubber gasket is provided to prevent water from entering the gap between the unit and the panel cutout.

There must be sufficient pressure applied to the rubber gasket to prevent water from entering.

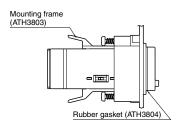
Be sure to use the mounting screws when installing the mounting frame (ATH3803).

Note: The one-touch installation type is not waterproof.



#### • LH2H preset hour meter

1) When using the waterproof type (IP66: panel front only), install the hour meter to the front plate with mounting frame ATH3803 (sold separately) and rubber gasket ATH3804 (sold separately). Be sure to tighten using mounting screws.



When installing the mounting frame and rubber gasket please remove the pre-attached o-ring.

- 2) Panel installation order
  - (1) Remove o-ring.
  - (2) Place rubber gasket.
  - (3) Insert hour meter into panel.
  - (4) Insert mounting frame from the
  - (5) Secure with mounting screws (two locations)

# 3. Do not use in the following environments

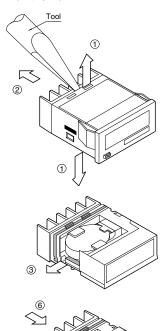
- 1) In places where the temperature changes drastically.
- 2) In places where humidity is high and there is the possibility of dew. (When dew forms the display may vanish and other display errors may occur.)

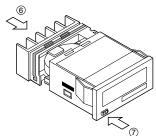
#### 4. Conditions of use

1) Do not use on places where there is flammable or corrosive gas, lots of dust, presence of oil, or where the unit might be subject to strong vibrations or shocks. 2) Since the cover is made of polycarbonate resin, do not use in places where the unit might come into contact with or be exposed to environments that contain organic solvents such as methyl alcohol, benzene and thinner, or strong alkali substances such as ammonia and caustic soda.

#### 5. Cautions regarding battery replacement

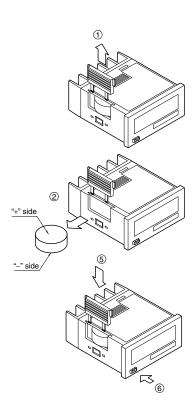
- 1) Remove wiring before replacing the battery. You may be electrocuted if you come into contact to a part where high voltage is applied.
- 2) Make sure you are not carrying a static electric charge when replacing the battery.
- Battery replacement procedure For LH2H hour meter (one-touch installation type)
  - (1) Remove the up/down hook of the case using a tool.
  - (2) Pull the unit away from the case.
  - (3) Remove the battery from the side of the unit. Do not touch the display or other parts.
  - (4) Before inserting wipe clean the surface of the new battery.
  - (5) Insert the new battery with the "+" and "-" sides in the proper position.
  - (6) After replacing the battery, return the unit to the case. Verify that the hook of the case has properly engaged.
  - (7) Before using, press the reset button on the front.





For LH2H hour meter (installation frame type)

- (1) Remove the battery cover from the case.
- (2) Remove the battery from the side of the case. The battery will come loose if you put the battery side face down and lightly shake the unit.
- (3) Before inserting wipe clean the surface of the new battery.
- (4) Insert the new battery with the "+" and "-" sides in the proper position.
- (5) After replacing the battery, return the battery cover to the case. Verify that the hook of the battery cover is properly engaged.
- (6) Before using press the reset button on the front.



## **HOUR METER**

TH13 / TH23



mm inch

TH23 series (with reset function)



TH13 series (without reset function)

UL File No.: E42876 CSA File No.: LR39291

# D (R





#### **Features**

• High-performance compact synchronous motor

The accurately turning motor is employed to provide for longer period of measurement.

- Compact and stylish
- Easier wiring

The flat terminals (#187) are quick and easy to connect.

Rotary indicator

The rotary indicator makes one turn every 2 minutes for monitoring.

• Compliant with UL, CSA and CE.

## Typical applications

Maintenance management of machine tools, automated machines, control panels, forming machines, medical equipment, generators, compressors, water treatment facilities, presses, motors, etc.

## **Specifications**

Rated operating voltage		100V AC, 200V AC, 110V AC, 115 to 120V AC, 220V AC, 240V AC	
Allowable operating voltage	ge range	85 to 115% of i	rated operating voltage
Rated frequency		50 Hz, 60	Hz (other model)
Counting range		0 to 99999.9 hours (TH13 series) 0 to 9999.9 hours (TH23 series)	
Minimum time display		0.1 hours (6 min)	
Rated power consumption		Approx. 1.5 W	
Insulation resistance (Initi	al value)	Min. 100 MΩ, Between live and dead metal parts (At 500V DC)	
Breakdown voltage (Initia	l value)	2,000 Vrms, Between live and dead metal parts	
Max. temperature rise		55	5°C 131°F
Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz: 1 cycle/min double	amplitude of 0.5 mm (10 min on 3 axes)
Ob     - t	Functional	Min. 98 m/s² {10	OG) (4 times on 3 axes)
Shock resistance	Destructive	Min. 980 m/s <sup>2</sup> {100 G} (5 times on 3 axes)	
Ambient temperature		-10 to +50°C +14 to 122°F	
Ambient humidity	Max. 85% RH (non-condensing)		RH (non-condensing)
Weight		135 g 4.76 oz	130 g 4.59 oz

## **Product types**

Type Operating valters		Part number		On avating valtage	Part number	
Type	Operating voltage	50Hz	60Hz	Operating voltage	50Hz	60Hz
T140.	100V AC	TH1345	TH1346	115V AC (115 to 120V AC)	TH1375	TH1376
TH13 types (without reset button)	200V AC	TH1355	TH1356	220V AC	TH1385	TH1386
(without reset button)	110V AC	TH1365	TH1366	240V AC	TH1395	TH1396
TI 100 I	100V AC	TH2345	TH2346	115V AC (115 to 120V AC)	TH2375	TH2376
TH23 types (with reset button)	200V AC	TH2355	TH2356	220V AC	TH2385	TH2386
(with reset button)	110V AC	TH2365	TH2366	240V AC	TH2395	TH2396

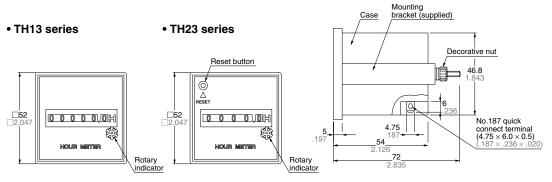
Note) The 115 to 120V AC, 220V AC and 240V AC types are UL-recognized and CSA-certified. For those products, specify "U" at the end of the part number when ordering.

## **Applicable standard**

Safety standard	EN61010-1	Pollution Degree 2/Overvoltage Category II
EMC	(EMI)EN61000-6-4 Radiation interference electric field strength Noise terminal voltage (EMS)EN61000-6-2 Static discharge immunity  RF electromagnetic field immunity  EFT/B immunity Surge immunity Conductivity noise immunity Power frequency magnetic field immunity Voltage dip/Instantaneous stop/Voltage fluctuation immunity	EN55011 Group1 ClassA EN55011 Group1 ClassA EN61000-4-2

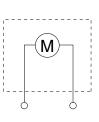
#### **Dimensions**

 $$\operatorname{mm}$  inch General tolerance:  $\pm 1.0 \pm .039$ 



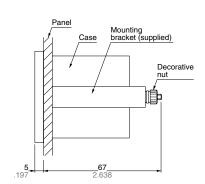
(TH13 and TH23 series common)

## Wiring diagram

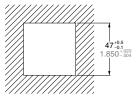


Operating power supply

## **Panel mounting**



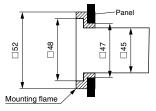
#### • Panel cutout dimensions

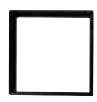


## Replacing the TH13/23 series with the TH14/24 series

The TH13/TH23 series hour meter are interchangeable with the TH14/24 series hour meter. Use the specified mounting frame because of a different setup method. It is advisable to introduce the TH14/24 series hour meters for the first time.

#### DIN48 size and mounting frame setup



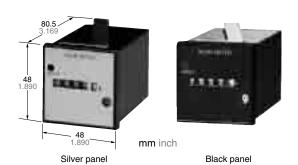


Mounting frame (sold separately): TH1400020

# Panasonic ideas for life

## DIN 48 SIZE HOUR METER

TH14 / TH24



TH24 series (with reset button)





Black panel

TH14 series (without reset button)

UL File No.: E42876 CSA File No.: LR39291



#### **Features**

- High-performance compact syncronous motor

  The appropriate transfer meter is applead to provide for
- The accurately turning motor is employed to provide for longer period of measurement.
- Common for 50/60 Hz power frequency

A lever is used to select 50 Hz or 60 Hz. There is no need to rearrange the control panel and other signal destinations.

Dimensions as per DIN 43700 standard

The units are in the 48x48 DIN standard size. They can be fitted in panels and give refined metallic appearance.

Easier wiring

The flat terminals (#187) are quick and easy to connect.

Rotary indicator

The rotary indicator makes one turn every 2 minutes for monitoring.

• Compliant with UL, CSA and CE.

### Typical applications

Maintenance management of machine tools, automated machines, control panels, forming machines, medical equipment, generators, compressors, water treatment facilities, presses, motors, etc.

## **Specifications**

-				
Rated operating voltage		12 V AC, 24 V AC, 48 V AC, 100 V AC, 110 V AC, 115 to 120 V AC, 200 V AC, 220 V AC, 240 V AC		
Allowable operating voltage range		85 to 115% of rated operating voltage		
Rated frequency		50/60 Hz (s	electable by switch)	
Counting range		0 to 99999.9 hours (TH14 series) 0 to 9999.9 hours (TH24 series)		
Minimum time display		0.1 h	nours (6 min)	
Rated power consumption		Approx. 1.5 W		
Insulation resistance (Init	ial value)	Min. 100 MΩ; Between live and dead metal parts (At 500V DC)		
Breakdown voltage (Initia	al value)	2,000 Vrms Between live and dead metal parts		
Max. temperature rise		55°C 131°F		
Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz: 1 cycle/min double	amplitude of 0.5 mm (10 min on 3 axes)	
01	Functional	Min 98 m/s <sup>2</sup> {10 G} (4 times on 3 axes)		
Shock resistance	Destructive	Min 980 m/s <sup>2</sup> {100 G} (5 times on 3 axes)		
Ambient temperature		−10 to +50°C +14 to +122°F		
Ambient humidity		Max. 85% RH (non-condensing)		
Weight		145 g 5.11 oz (TH14 series)	150 g 5.29 oz (TH24 series)	

## **Product types**

	<u> </u>								
Tuna	Operating	Part number		Operating	Part number		Operating	Part number	
Type	voltage	Silver panel	Black panel	voltage	Silver panel	Black panel	voltage	Silver panel	Black panel
TH14 series	100V AC	TH141S	TH141	24V AC	TH144S	TH144	115 to 120V AC	TH147S	TH147
(without reset	200V AC	TH142S	TH142	48V AC	TH145S	TH145	220V AC	TH148S	TH148
button)	12V AC	TH143S	TH143	110V AC	TH146S	TH146	240V AC	TH149S	TH149
TH24 series	100V AC	TH241S	TH241	24V AC	TH244S	TH244	115 to 120V AC	TH247S	TH247
(with reset	200V AC	TH242S	TH242	48V AC	TH245S	TH245	220V AC	TH248S	TH248
button)	12V AC	TH243S	TH243	110V AC	TH246S	TH246	240V AC	TH249S	TH249

Note) Only the black-panel type is UL-recognized and CSA-certified. For this type, specify "U" at the end of the part number when ordering.

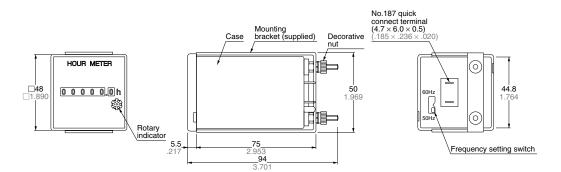
## **Applicable standard**

Safety standard	EN61010-1	Pollution Degree 2/Overvoltage Category II				
EMC	(EMI)EN61000-6-4 Radiation interference electric field strength Noise terminal voltage (EMS)EN61000-6-2 Static discharge immunity  RF electromagnetic field immunity  EFT/B immunity Surge immunity Conductivity noise immunity Power frequency magnetic field immunity Voltage dip/Instantaneous stop/Voltage fluctuation immunity	EN55011 Group1 ClassA EN55011 Group1 ClassA EN61000-4-2 4 kV contact 8 kV air EN61000-4-3 10 V/m AM modulation (80 MHz to 1 GHz) 10 V/m pulse modulation (895 MHz to 905 MHz) EN61000-4-4 2 kV (power supply line) EN61000-4-5 1 kV (power line) EN61000-4-6 10 V/m AM modulation (0.15 MHz to 80 MHz) EN61000-4-8 30 A/m (50 Hz) EN61000-4-11 10 ms, 30% (rated voltage) 1,000 ms, 60% (rated voltage) 1,000 ms, 60% (rated voltage) 5,000 ms, 95% (rated voltage)				

# **Dimensions** (TH14 and TH24 series common)

mm inch

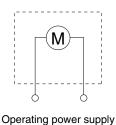
General tolerance: ±1.0 ±.039

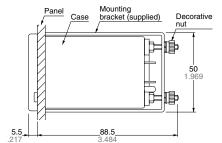


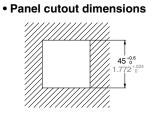
## Wiring diagram

## **Panel mounting**

mm inch





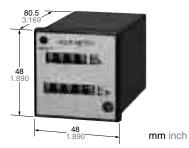


# Panasonic ideas for life

# DIN 48 DUAL INDICATOR HOUR METER

**TH40** 





Silver panel



Black panel

#### **Features**

#### • Upgraded composite function

Specified-period measurement and total-time measurement can be monitored on a single hour meter.

## High-performance compact syncronous motor The accurately turning motor is employed to provid

The accurately turning motor is employed to provide for longer period of measurement.

#### • Common for 50/60 Hz power frequency

A lever is used to select 50 Hz or 60 Hz. There is no need to rearrange the control panel and other signal destinations.

#### • Dimensions as per DIN 43700 standard

The units are in the 48x48 DIN standard size. They can be fitted in panels and give refined metallic appearance.

#### Easier wiring

The flat terminals (#187) are quick and easy to connect.

#### Rotary indicator

The rotary indicator makes one turn every 2 minutes for monitoring.

• Compliant with CE.

## **Specifications**

Rated operating voltage		12 V AC, 24 V AC, 48 V AC, 100 V AC, 110 V AC, 115 to 120 V AC, 200 V AC, 220 V AC, 240 V AC			
Allowable operating volta	ge range	85 to 115% of rated operating voltage			
Rated frequency		50/60 Hz (selectable by switch)			
Counting range		0 to 9999.9 hours (upper side) with reset indicator 0 to 99999.9 hours (lower side) without reset indicator			
Minimum time display		0.1 hours (6 min)			
Rated power consumption		Approx. 1.5 W			
Insulation resistance (Init	ial value)	Min. 100 M $\Omega$ ; Between live and dead metal parts (At 500V DC)			
Breakdown voltage (Initia	al value)	2,000 Vrms Between live and dead metal parts			
Max. temperature rise		55°C 131°F			
Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz: 1 cycle/min double amplitude of 0.5 mm (10 min on 3 axes)			
Ob	Functional	Min 98 m/s- {10 G} (4 times on 3 axes)			
Shock resistance Destructive		Min 980 m/s <sup>2</sup> {100 G} (5 times on 3 axes)			
Ambient temperature		-10 to +50°C +14 to +122°F			
Ambient humidity		Max. 85% RH (non-condensing)			
Weight		<b>160</b> g 5.64 oz			

## **Product types**

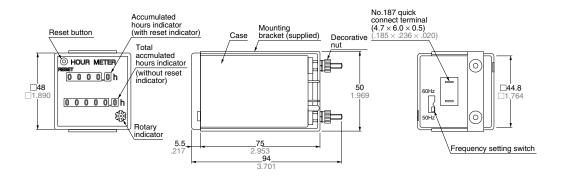
Operating		Part number		Operating Part number		Operating	Part n	Part number	
Туре	voltage	Silver panel	Black panel	voltage	Silver panel	Black panel	voltage	Silver panel	Black panel
	100V AC	TH401S	TH401	24V AC	TH404S	TH404	115 to 120V AC	TH407S	TH407
TH40 series	200V AC	TH402S	TH402	48V AC	TH405S	TH405	220V AC	TH408S	TH408
	12V AC	TH403S	TH403	110V AC	TH406S	TH406	240V AC	TH409S	TH409

## **Applicable standard**

Safety standard	EN61010-1	Pollution Degree 2/Overvoltage Category II				
EMC	(EMI)EN61000-6-4 Radiation interference electric field strength Noise terminal voltage (EMS)EN61000-6-2 Static discharge immunity  RF electromagnetic field immunity  EFT/B immunity Surge immunity Conductivity noise immunity Power frequency magnetic field immunity Voltage dip/Instantaneous stop/Voltage fluctuation immunity	EN55011 Group1 ClassA EN55011 Group1 ClassA EN61000-4-2 4 kV contact 8 kV air EN61000-4-3 10 V/m AM modulation (80 MHz to 1 GHz) 10 V/m pulse modulation (895 MHz to 905 MHz) EN61000-4-4 2 kV (power supply line) EN61000-4-5 1 kV (power line) EN61000-4-6 10 V/m AM modulation (0.15 MHz to 80 MHz) EN61000-4-8 30 A/m (50 Hz) EN61000-4-11 10 ms, 30% (rated voltage) 1,000 ms, 60% (rated voltage) 1,000 ms, 60% (rated voltage) 5,000 ms, 95% (rated voltage)				

## **Dimensions**

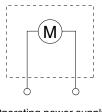
General tolerance: ±1.0 ±.039



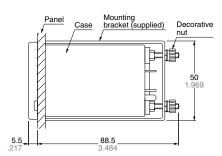
## Wiring diagram

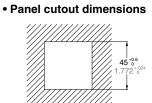
## **Panel mounting**

mm inch



Operating power supply





# Panasonic ideas for life

# DIN 48 MINUTES INDICATOR HOUR METER

# **TH50**

( (



Silver panel



mm inch

**Features** 

- Measurement and management in units of minutes
   Unlike conventional hour meters, the time can be measured and managed in minutes.
- Reset button

The hour meters can be reset to zero for repeated measurement.

- High-performance compact syncronous motor
   The accurately turning motor is employed to provide for longer period of measurement.
- Common for 50/60 Hz power frequency
  A lever is used to select 50 Hz or 60 Hz. There is no need to rearrange the control panel and other signal destinations.
- Dimensions as per DIN 43700 standard

  The units are in the 48x48 DIN standard size. They can be fitted in panels and give refined metallic appearance.
- Easier wiring

The flat terminals (#187) are quick and easy to connect.

- Rotary indicator
   The rotary indicator makes one turn every 2 seconds for monitoring.
- Compliant with CE.

## **Specifications**

_ •				
Rated operating voltage		12 V AC, 24 V AC, 48 V AC, 100 V AC, 110 V AC, 115 to 120 V AC, 200 V AC, 220 V AC, 240 V AC		
Allowable operating voltage range		85 to 115% of rated operating voltage		
Rated frequency		50/60 Hz (selectable by switch)		
Counting range		0 to 9999.9 min		
Minimum time display		0.1 min (6 sec)		
Rated power consumpt	ion	Approx. 1.5 W		
Insulation resistance (Initial value)		Min. 100 M $\Omega$ , Between live and dead metal parts (At 500 V DC)		
Breakdown voltage (Initial value)		2,000 Vrms, Between live and dead metal parts		
Max. temperature rise		<b>55°C</b> 131°F		
Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz: 1 cycle/min double amplitude of 0.5 mm (10 min on 3 axes)		
Oh	Functional	Min. 98 m/s <sup>2</sup> {10 G} (4 times on 3 axes)		
Shock resistance Destructive		Min. 980 m/s <sup>2</sup> {100 G} (5 times on 3 axes)		
Ambient temperature		−10 to +50°C +14 to +122°F		
Ambient humidity		Max. 85% RH (non-condensing)		
Weight		<b>150</b> g 5.29 oz		

## **Product types**

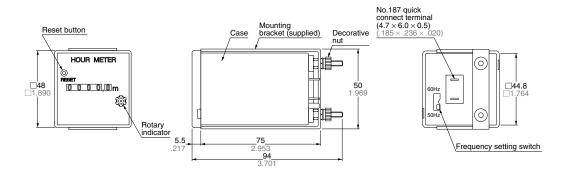
T	Operating	Part number		Operating	Part number		Operating	Part number	
Туре	voltage	Silver panel	Black panel	voltage	Silver panel	Black panel	voltage	Silver panel	Black panel
	100V AC	TH501S	TH501	24V AC	TH504S	TH504	115 to 120V AC	TH507S	TH507
TH50 series	200V AC	TH502S	TH502	48V AC	TH505S	TH505	220V AC	TH508S	TH508
	12V AC	TH503S	TH503	110V AC	TH506S	TH506	240V AC	TH509S	TH509

## **Applicable standard**

Safety standard	EN61010-1	Pollution Degree 2/Overvoltage Category II				
EMC	(EMI)EN61000-6-4 Radiation interference electric field strength Noise terminal voltage (EMS)EN61000-6-2 Static discharge immunity  RF electromagnetic field immunity  EFT/B immunity Surge immunity Conductivity noise immunity Power frequency magnetic field immunity Voltage dip/Instantaneous stop/Voltage fluctuation immunity	EN55011 Group1 ClassA EN55011 Group1 ClassA EN61000-4-2				

## **Dimensions**

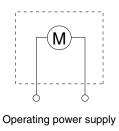
\$mm\$ inch General tolerance:  $\pm 1.0 \pm .039$ 

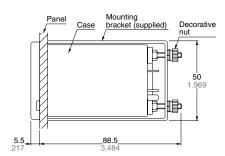


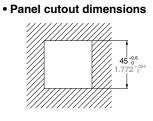
## Wiring diagram

## **Panel mounting**

mm inch



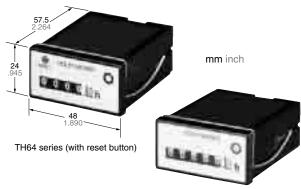




# Panasonic ideas for life

# DIN HALF SIZE HOUR METER

TH63 / TH64



TH63 series (without reset button)

## **Typical applications**

Management of small generators and food processing machines; hour counting for leased equipment; maintenance management of various equipment, etc.

UL File No.: E42876 CSA File No.: LR39291



#### **Features**

#### Compact to save panel space

The 24x48 mm hour meters are just half the DIN 48x48 standard size. They help save the panel space.

Reset button

The hour meters can be reset to zero (TH64 series).

· Wide-ranging measurement display

The measurement can be displayed from 0.1 hour up to 99999.9 hours (TH63 series). The dial size is the same as that of 48x48 DIN size hour meters (TH14 and TH24 series).

Easy to install

The flat terminals (#187) are used for easier wiring. There is no need to undo the lock spring.

High-performance sync motor with 50/60 Hz selector
 The noise-resistant, accurately turning motor is employed to provide for longer period of measurement. The power frequency can be selected for 50 or 60 Hz.

Rotary indicator

The rotary indicator makes one turn every 72 seconds for monitoring.

• Compliant with UL, CSA and CE.

## **Specifications**

Rated operating voltage		12 V AC, 24 V AC, 48 V AC, 100 V AC, 110 V AC, 115 to 120 V AC, 200 V AC, 220 V AC, 240 V AC		
Allowable operating voltage range		85 to 115% of rated operating voltage		
Rated frequency		50/60 Hz (selectable by switch)		
Counting range		0 to 99999.9 hours (TH63 series) 0 to 9999.9 hours (TH64 series)		
Minimum time display		0.1 hours (6 min)		
Rated power consumption	า	Approx. 1.5 W		
Insulation resistance (Initial value)		Min. 100 M $\Omega$ , Between live and dead metal parts (At 500 V DC)		
Breakdown voltage (Initia	l value)	2,000 Vrms, Between live and dead metal parts		
Max. temperature rise		<b>55°C</b> 131°F		
Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz: 1 cycle/min double amplitude of 0.5 mm (10 min on 3 axes)		
Charle resistance	Functional	Min 98 m/s <sub>2</sub> {10 G} (4 times on 3 axes)		
Shock resistance Destructive		Min 980 m/s <sup>2</sup> {100 G} (5 times on 3 axes)		
Ambient temperature		−10 to +50°C +14 to +122°F		
Ambient humidity		Max. 85% RH (non-condensing)		
Weight		<b>Approx. 80 g</b> 2.82 oz		

## **Product types**

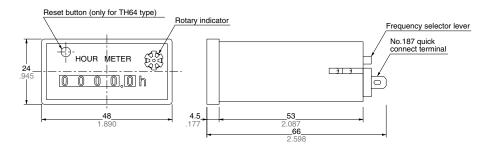
Type	Operating voltage	Part number	Operating voltage	Part number	Operating voltage	Part number
T1100	100V AC	TH631	24V AC	TH634	115 to 120V AC	TH637
TH63 series (without reset button)	200V AC	TH632	48V AC	TH635	220V AC	TH638
(without reset button)	12V AC	TH633	110V AC	TH636	240V AC	TH639
T1104	100V AC	TH641 24V AC	24V AC	TH644	115 to 120V AC	TH647
TH64 series (with reset button)	200V AC	TH642	48V AC	TH645	220V AC	TH648
(with reset button)	12V AC	TH643	110V AC	TH646	240V AC	TH649

Notes)

- 1. Only the metallic-looking (silver) panel mounting type is available.
- 2. Standard products are UL-recognized as well as CSA-certified. There is no need to add "U" at the end of the part number. Just specify the standard part number when ordering.

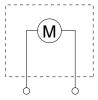
Safety standard	EN61010-1	Pollution Degree 2/Overvoltage Category II					
EMC	(EMI)EN61000-6-4 Radiation interference electric field strength Noise terminal voltage (EMS)EN61000-6-2 Static discharge immunity RF electromagnetic field immunity EFT/B immunity Surge immunity Conductivity noise immunity Power frequency magnetic field immunity Voltage dip/Instantaneous stop/Voltage fluctuation immunity	EN55011 Group1 ClassA EN55011 Group1 ClassA  EN61000-4-2					
Dimensio	Dimensions  On the last of the						

General tolerance:  $\pm 0.5 \pm .020$ 



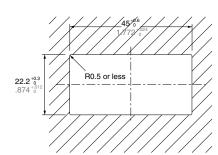
## Wiring diagram

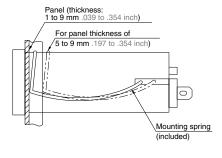
mm inch



Operating power supply

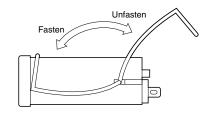
#### Panel cutout dimensions





## Mounting

- 1. Cut a 22.2 $^{+0.3}_{~0}$  imes 45 $^{+0.6}_{~0}$  mm (.874 $^{+.012}_{~0}$  imes1.772 + .024 inch) opening in the panel.
- 2. Swing the mounting spring to the rear of the hour meter and fit the hour meter into the panel opening. (There is no need to detach the mounting spring from the hour meter.) If the panel is 5 to 9 mm .197 to .354 inch thick, move the mounting spring to the other hole toward the rear of the hour meter.
- 3. Swing the mounting spring to the front of the hour meter to secure the hour meter to the panel.
- 4. Wire the supplied quick connectors and connect to the hour meter. Be sure to use the supplied insulating sleeves to cover the connectors.





# DIN HALF SIZE HOUR METER

TH8

**₽**Us (€



## **Features**

IP66 waterproof construction

The front panel surface keeps water and dust out. Perfect for use in rough conditions.

• Includes operation light (LED)
The operation LED illuminates so you can quickly verify operation status.

• Compliant with UL, c-UL and CE.

## **Product type**

Installation	Measurement time	Operation light	Rated voltage	Part No.
Panel installation	0 to 9999.9 hours	LED illuminates while energting	12 V DC	TH833C
Faner installation	0 to 9999.9 flours	LED illuminates while operating.	24 V DC	TH834C

Note: Products are UL and c-UL certified as standard. (Suffix "U" is not required ON part numbers when ordering.)

## **Specifications**

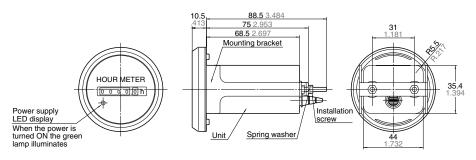
Item	Туре	TH833C	TH834C	
	Rated voltage	12 V DC	24 V DC	
	Usage voltage range	10.2 to 15.6 V DC	20.4 to 31.2 V DC	
Rating	Measurement time	0 to 9999	9.9 hours	
	Min. measurement time	0.1 hour	(6 min.)	
	Power consumption	Approx. 1.5 W (With rated v	oltage applied at 25°C 77°F)	
	Insulation resistance (initial)	Min. 100 M $\Omega$ between charged and uncharged parts (measured at 500 V DC)		
Electrical characteristics	Breakdown voltage (initial)	Between charged and uncharged parts: 2,000 V AC for 1 minute.		
Characteristics	Temperature rise	Max. 55°C 131°F (measured at rated voltage and resistance law)		
Mechanical	Functional vibration resistance	10 to 55 Hz (1 cycle/min.) Single amplitude: 0.35 mm (10 min. ON 3 axes)		
characteristics	Functional shock resistance	Min. 98 m/s <sup>2</sup> (4 times ON 3 axes)		
	Destructive vibration resistance	Min. 980 m/s <sup>2</sup> (5 times ON 3 axes)		
	Operation temperature	-20°C to +60°C -4°F to +140°F (Without due and frost)		
Usage conditions	Ambient humidity	35 to 85% RH (relative humidity) (non-condensing)		
	Power supply ripple	Approx. 48% or less (single phase, all-wave rectification)		
Protective construction		IP66 (front panel with a rubber gasket)		

## **Applicable standard**

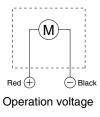
EMC	(EMI)EN61000-6-4 Radiation interference electric field strength Noise terminal voltage (EMS)EN61000-6-2 Static discharge immunity	EN55011 Group1 ClassA EN55011 Group1 ClassA EN61000-4-2 4 kV contact
	RF electromagnetic field immunity EFT/B immunity Conductivity noise immunity Power frequency magnetic field immunity	8 kV air EN61000-4-3 10 V/m AM modulation (80 MHz to 1 GHz) EN61000-4-4 2 kV (power supply line) EN61000-4-6 10 V/m AM modulation (0.15 MHz to 80 MHz) EN61000-4-8 30 A/m (50 Hz)

## Dimensions and part names (unit: mm inch)

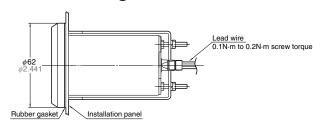
Tolerance:  $\pm 1.0 \pm .039$ 



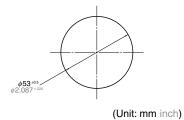
## Wiring diagram



## Panel installation diagram



#### Panel cutout dimensions



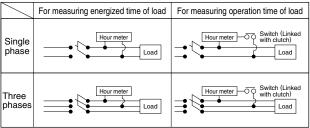
## PRECAUTIONS IN USING THE HOUR METERS

#### 1. Frequency setting

Frequency is specified for AC motor-driven hour meters. Before installing, be sure to check your local power frequency.

#### 2. Connections

#### • TH13,23,14,24,40,50,63,64



Note) Make the connection with the accompanying flat connector first and then with the hour meter's terminal (#187). In such case, be sure to cover the connection with the accompanying insulating sleeve.

#### • TH70, TH8



Note) Solder the lead wires in position.

#### 3. Safety precautions

Do not use the hour meters in the following places.

- Where ambient temperature is below −10° or above +50°C
- In wet, dusty or gaseous environments
- Where exposed to vibrations and shocks
- Outdoors, or where exposed to rain or direct sunlight

#### 4. Compliant with CE.

• LH2H

Ambient conditions:

Overvoltage category III, contamination factor 2, indoor use. Ambient temperature and humidity –10 and +55°C and 35% to 85%RH respectively.

• TH13, 23, 14, 24, 40, 50, 63, 64

Ambient conditions:

Overvoltage category II, contamination factor 2, indoor use. Ambient temperature and humidity –10 and +50°C and below 85%RH respectively.

#### 5. Reset-type hour meter

• Precautions for use

If the number indications are off before use, press the reset button and confirm that all zeroes ("0") are displayed.

· Resetting caution

Exercise due caution as an insufficient amount of pressure on the reset button may result in abnormal readings.

#### 6. Acquisition of CE marking

Please abide by the conditions below when using in applications that comply with EN 61010-1/IEC 61010-1

- 1) Ambient conditions
  - Overvoltage category II, pollution level 2
  - Indoor use
  - Acceptable temperature and humidity range: -10 to +55°C, 35 to 85%RH (with no condensation at 20°C)
  - Under 2000 m elevation
- Use the main unit in a location that matches the following conditions.
  - There is minimal dust and no corrosive gas.
  - There is no combustible or explosive gas.
  - There is no mechanical vibration or impacts.
  - There is no exposure to direct sunlight.
  - Located away from large-volume electromagnetic switches and power lines with large electrical currents.
- Connect a breaker that conforms to EN60947-1 or EN60947-3 to the voltage input section.
- Applied voltage should be protected with an overcurrent protection device (example: T 1A, 250 V AC time lag fuse) that conforms to the EN/IEC standards. (Free voltage input type)

## **OPTIONS AND ACCESSORIES**

## **Options**

## 1. Accessories (for LC2H total counter) Panel cover (black)



Part No.: AEL3801

You can change the design of the front panel by replacing it with this black panel cover. The counter comes with an ash gray panel cover as standard.

Note: No panel cover accessory (black) is available for the LC2H preset counter.

#### 2. Lithium battery (3 V)



Part No.: ATH3802

Packaged with the LC2H (excluding the PC board mounting type).

#### 

- Make sure the "+" and "-" polarities are positioned correctly.
- Do not throw the old battery into a fire, short circuit it, take it apart, or allow it to come into contact with heat.
- The battery is not rechargeable.

## 3. Installation parts Mounting frame

(Suitable for installation frame type LC2H total counter and LC2H preset counter)



Part No.: ATH3803

Packaged with the mounting bracket type LC2H total counter

#### Rubber gasket

(Suitable for installation bracket type LC2H total counter and LC2H preset counter)



Part No.: ATH3804

Packaged with the mounting bracket type LC2H total counter

## **Options**

## 1. Accessories (for LH2H hour meter) Panel cover (black)



Part No.: ATH3801

You can change the design of the front panel by replacing it with this black panel cover. The counter comes with an ash gray panel cover as standard.

Note: No panel cover option (black) is available for the LH2H preset hour meter.

#### 2. Lithium battery (3 V)



Part No.: ATH3802

Packaged with the LH2H (excluding the PC board mounting type).

#### ⚠ Warning

- Make sure the "+" and "-" polarities are positioned correctly.
- Do not throw the old battery into a fire, short circuit it, take it apart, or allow it to come into contact with heat.
- The battery is not rechargeable.

#### 3. Installation parts Mounting frame

Suitable for installation frame type LH2H hour meter and LH2H preset hour meter



Part No.: ATH3803

Packaged with the mounting bracket type LH2H hour meter

#### Rubber gasket

Suitable for installation frame type LH2H hour meter and LH2H preset hour meter



Part No.: ATH3804

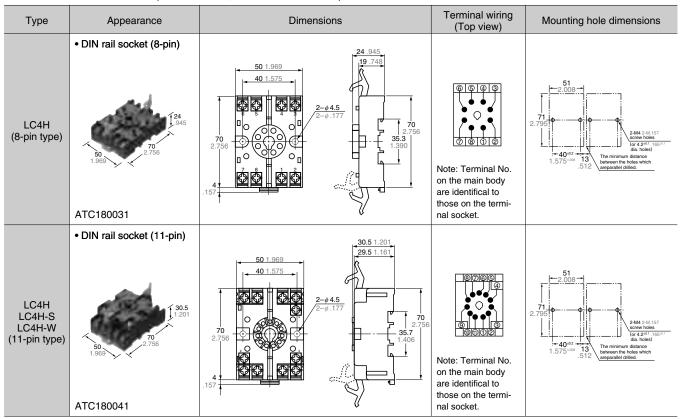
Packaged with the mounting bracket type

LH2H hour meter

# Options and Accessories for Counters, Hour Mete

## **DIN SIZE COUNTERS COMMON OPTIONS**

## Terminal sockets (Unit: mm inch, Tolerance: ±1 ±.039)



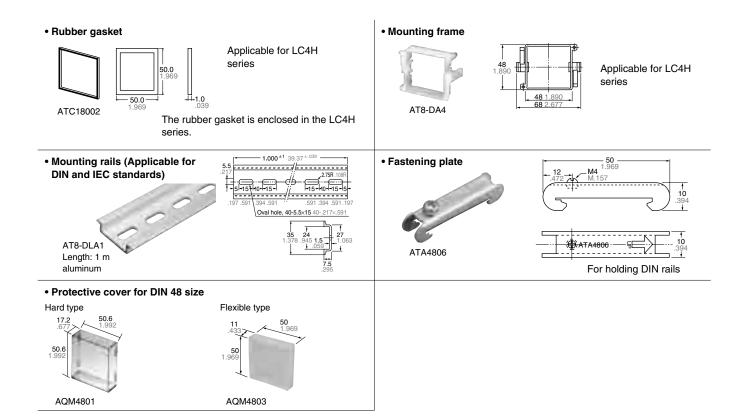
Note: The terminal numbers on the counter are identifical to those on the terminal socket.

## Sockets (Unit: mm inch, Tolerance: ±1 ±.039)

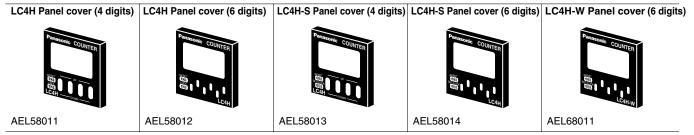
Туре	Appearance	Dimensions	Terminal wiring (Top view)	Mounting hole dimensions
LC4H	• Rear terminal socket  21 827 AT78041  • Rear terminal socket	38		_
(8-pin type)	• 8P cap 34.6 1.362 930 1.181  AD8-RC	\$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	(10 d) (1	_
LC4H LC4H-S	• Rear terminal socket  21 827 43.4 1.772 AT78051	45 1.772 45 1.772 43.4 1.772 (本) (本) (本) (本) (本) (本) (本) (本) (本) (本)	(a) (a) (a) (b) (b) (a) (b) (b) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c	_
LC4H-W (11-pin type)	• 11P cap  34.6  1.362  631.4  61.236  AT8-DP11	φ31.4 φ1.236 φ32.5 φ1.280 φ32.5 φ1.280 φ32.5 φ1.280 φ32.5 φ1.280 φ32.5 φ1.280	(L'27 112 S)	<del>-</del>

Note: The terminal numbers on the counter are identifical to those on the socket.

## **DIN SIZE COUNTERS COMMON OPTIONS**



#### • Panel cover (Black)

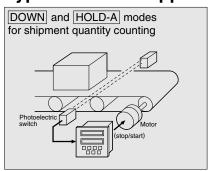


The black panel cover is also available so that you can change the appearance of the panel by changing the panel cover. The color of the standard panel cover is ash gray.

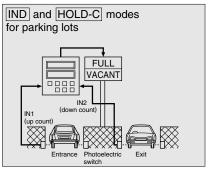
## **APPLICATIONS**

## The highly accurate, reliable counters can be controlled from the front panel and are suitable for a wide range of applications.

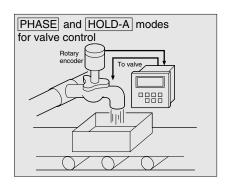
## **Typical Counter Applications**



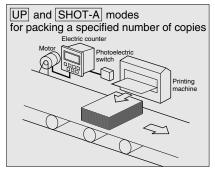
Shipment quantities are counted to control the conveyor line flow.



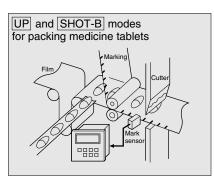
Incoming and outgoing cars are counted to switch the FULL and VACANT signs.



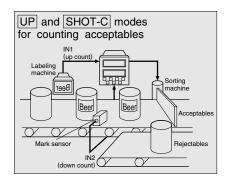
Rotary encoder signals are counted to control a valve aperture.



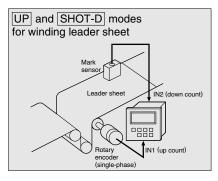
Printed matter is counted to package a specified number of copies.



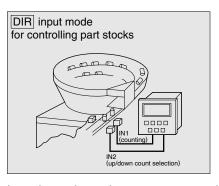
Medicine tablets are packed in specified quantities.



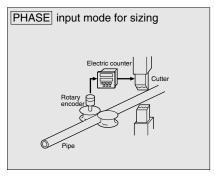
Labeled cans alone are counted up. Rejected cans are not counted.



Extra leader sheet that is now wound is counted by a rotary encoder and a color detecting sensor.



Incoming and outgoing parts are counted to keep parts feeders well-stocked.



Teamed up with a rotary encoder, the counter is used to control the cutting length of pipes.

Uptions and Accessories for Ounters, Hour Meters

## **Panasonic** ideas for life

## **POWER SUPPLIES**

## FP 24VDC



#### **Features**

- Incredibly small size:
  - FP0 power supply: 90 x 60 x 30.4mm
  - FP power supply: 115 x 75 x 42mm
- Maximum output current:
  - FP0 power supply: 0.7A (24VDC)
  - FP power supply: 2.1A (24VDC)
- Multiple voltage input: 85 to 265VAC

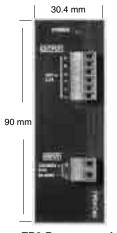
## • Optimal protection:

overvoltage, overcurrent, overheating, etc.

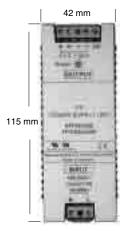
• Global approvals

(UL/cUL, EN, CE-marking)

• DIN-rail mounting (FP0 power supply also side mounting)



**FP0 Power supply** FP0-PSA2



**FP Power supply** FP-PS24-050 E

#### NOTE:

- 1) Mounting distance between the FP0 power supply and the FP0 CPU is needed to permit heat radiation for the FP0-CPU
- the FP0-CPU
  2) For side mounting, 2 additional blue clips are needed: order part-no. 677-021-17101 (1pce.) for FP0-PSA2
  3) Mounting distance between the power supply FP-PS24-050E and other devices is needed for cooling/ heat radiation.

## **Performance Specifications**

Order No:	FP0-PSA2	FP-PS24-050E		
Primary side:				
Rated operating voltage	115/2	30VAC		
Operating voltage range	85 to 2	65VAC		
Rated operating frequency	50/6	60Hz		
Operating frequency range	40 to	70Hz		
Inrush current	< 50A at 55°C	< 50A at 25°C/< 70A at 55°C		
Current consumption	145mA (at 230VAC and 0.7A output current)	400mA (at 230VAC and 2.1A output current)		
Over voltage protection	PROTECTED			
Secondary side:				
Rated output voltage	24VDC			
Output voltage range	23.5V to 24.5VDC			
Nominal output current	0.7A	2.1A		
Output current range	0 to 0.7A	0 to 2.1A		
Output ripple	< 60mV <sub>pp</sub>	< 240mV <sub>pp</sub>		
Short circuit protected	Electronic, automatic restart mode	Continuous		
Over voltage protected	Yes			
Over load protected	Yes (switch off at approx. 0.8A and more)	Yes (switch off at approx. 3.5A and more)		
Holding time	Min. 20ms at 230VAC	Min. 110ms at 230VAC		
Power OK signal	_	Yes		

## **General Specifications**

Ambient temperature	0°C to +55°C		
Storage temperature	-20 °C to	o +70 °C	
Ambient humidity	5 to 95% nor	n-condensing	
Storage humidity	5 to 95% nor	n-condensing	
Vibration resistance	10 to 55Hz, 1 cycle/min.: double amplitude of 0.75mm, 10 min. on 3 axes		
Shock resistance	10g min., 4 times on 3 axes		
Life time min.	7 years at nom. load, 25°C ambient temperature, 20000 h at 55°C with full load/continuous operation		
Mounting	DIN rail or FP0 flat attachement plate	DIN rail	
Size	90 x 60 x 30.4mm	115 x 75 x 42mm	
Input connection AC side	MC connector, 2 pin	2 pin	
Output connection DC side	MC connector, 6 pin, 3 pin for "+" and 3 pin for "-" 5 pin, 2 pin for "+" and 2 pin for "-"; 1 pin Power OK  LED (green) at the front side for the secondary voltage indication		
Status display			

## **Standards**

EMC	EN 50082-2, EN50082-1, EN 50081-2, EN 50081-1	EN 55011/B, EN 55022/B, EN 61000-4-2, -4-3, -4-4, -4-5, -4-6, -4-11
LVD	EN 60950, EN 50178 (overvoltage category 3)	EN 60950, EN 50178 (overvoltage category 2)
Others		ing to UL 508, UL 1950, CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 950.95
Protection	IP30	IP20 outside/IP67 inside

#### 1. International Standards

IEC standard

#### **International Electrotechnical Commission**

By promoting international cooperation toward all problems and related issues regarding standardization in the electrical and electronic technology fields, the IEC, a non-governmental organization, was started in October, 1908, for the purpose of realizing mutual understanding on an international level. To this end, the IEC standard was enacted for the purpose of promoting international standardization.

#### 2. North America

LISTING MARK



Fig. 1



Fig. 2

This is a non-profit testing organization formed in 1894 by a coalition of U.S. fire insurance firms, which tests and approves industrial products (finished products). When electrical products are marketed in the U.S., UL approval is mandated in many states, by state law and city ordinances. In order to obtain UL approval, the principal parts contained in industrial products must also be UL-approved parts.

**UL (Underwiters Laboratories Inc.)** 

UL approval is divided into two general types. One is called "listing" (Fig. 1), and applies to industrial products (finished products). Under this type of approval, products must be approved unconditionally. The other type is called "recognition" (Fig. 2), and is a conditional approval which applies to parts and materials.

This was established in 1919 as a non-profit, non-

standards. It sets standards for industrial products, parts, and materials, and has the authority to judge

conform to those standards. The CSA is the ultimate

authority in the eyes of both the government and the

people in terms of credibility and respect. Almost all states and provinces in Canada require CSA

approval by law, in order to sell electrical products. As a result, electrical products exported from Japan

to Canada are not approved under Canadian laws unless they have received CSA approval and

"certification", and products and parts which have

been approved are called "certified equipment", and

display the mark shown in Fig. 3. The mark shown

mark, and indicates conditional approval which is

applicable to parts. The C-UL mark shown in Fig. 5

(finished products) and Fig. 6 (parts) indicates that

the product has been tested and approved in UL laboratories, based on UL and CSA standards,

through mutual approval activities.

in Fig. 4 is called the "Component Acceptance"

display the CSA mark. Approval is called

governmental organization aimed at promoting

electrical products to determine whether they

**CSA (Canadian Standards Association)** 

Certification



Fig. 3

Component Acceptance



Fig. 4



c SNE US

## 3. Europe EN standard

## European Standards/Norme Europeennee (France)/Europaishe Norm (Germany)

Abbreviation for European Standards. A unified standard enacted by CEN/CENELEC (European Standards Committee/European Electrical Standards Committee). EU and EFTA member nations employ the content of the EN standards into their own national standards and are obligated to abolish those national standards that do not agree with the EN standards.

#### (1) Germany

#### VDE (Verband Deutscher Elektrotechniker)



The VDE laboratory was established mainly by the German Electric Technology Alliance, which was formed in 1893. It carries out safety experiments and passes approval for electrical devices and parts. Although VDE certification is not enforced under German law, punishment is severe should electrical shock or fire occur; therefore, it is, in fact, like an enforcement.

# TUV PRODUCT SERVICE





#### TÜV (Technischer Überwachungs-Verein)

TÜV is a civilian, non-profit, independent organization that has its roots in the German Boiler Surveillance Association, which was started in 1875 for the purpose of preventing boiler accidents. A major characteristic of TÜV is that it exists as a combination of 14 independent organizations (TÜV Rheinland, TÜV Bayern, etc.) throughout Germany. TÜV carries out inspection on a wide variety of industrial devices and equipment, and has been entrusted to handle electrical products, as well, by the government. TÜV inspection and certification is based mainly on the VDE standard.

TUV certification can be obtained from any of the 1 TÜVs throughout Germany and has the same effectiveness as obtaining VDE certification.

#### 4. Shipping Standards

#### (1) Lloyd's Register of Shipping



Standards from the Lloyd's Register shipping association based in England. These standards are safety standards for environmental testing of the temperature and vibration tolerances of electrical components used for UMS (unmanned machine rooms in marine vessels) applications. These standards have become international standards for control equipment in all marine vessel applications. No particular action is taken to display the conformation to these standards on the products.

## 5. Pilot Duty

One of the specifications in the "UL508 Industrial Control Equipment" regulations at UL (Underwriters Laboratories Inc.), has to do with the grade of contact control capacity by NEMA (National Electrical Manufacturers Association) standards. By obtaining both UL and CSA approval for this grade, the product becomes authorized publicly.

#### Pilot Duty A300

AC applied	Electrification	Input	Breaker	[V	A]
voltage	current	power	power	During	During
[V]	[A]	[A]	[A]	input	breaker
120	10	60	6	7,200	720
240	10	30	3	7,200	720

#### Pilot Duty B300

AC applied	Electrification	Input	Breaker	[V	A]
voltage	current	power	power	During	During
[V]	[A]	[A]	[A]	input	breaker
120	5	30	3	3,600	360
240	5	15	1.5	3,600	360

#### Pilot Duty C300

AC applied	Electrification	Input	Breaker	[VA]		
voltage [V]	current [A]	power [A]	power [A]	During input	During breaker	
120	2.5	15	1.5	1,800	180	
240		7.5	0.7	1.800	180	

## **Timers**

Prod	luct	Recogi	nized by UL Standards	Certifi	ed by CSA Standards	Lloyd's	Register Standards	Damada
Nai	me	File No.	Recognized rating	File No.	Certified rating	File No.	Certified rating	Remarks
PM4H-A PM4H-S PM4H-M PM4H-SD PM4H-W		E122222	5A250VAC PILOT DUTY C300	LR39291	5A250VAC PILOT DUTY C300	98/10004	5A 250V AC (resistive)	
PM4H-F		E122222	3A250VAC PILOT DUTY C300	LR39291	3A250VAC PILOT DUTY C300	98/10004	3A 250V AC (resistive)	
LT4H LT4H-W		E122222	5A250VAC PILOT DUTY C300	E122222 (C-UL)	5A250VAC PILOT DUTY C300		_	
			100mA30VDC		100mA30VDC			
QM4H		E43149	5A250VAC PILOT DUTY C300	E43149 (C-UL)	5A250VAC PILOT DUTY C300	_	_	
S1DXM- A/M	2C	E122222	7A125VAC 6A250VAC 1/6HP125, 250VAC PILOT DUTY C300	LR39291	7A125VAC 6A250VAC 1/6HP125, 250VAC PILOT DUTY C300	98/10004	7A 250V AC (resistive)	
(Relay output)	4C	E122222	5A250VAC 1/10HP125, 250VAC PILOT DUTY C300	LR39291	5A250VAC 1/10HP125, 250VAC PILOT DUTY C300	98/10004	5A 250V AC (resistive)	
S1DX (Relay	2C	E122222	7A125VAC 6A250VAC 1/6HP125, 250VAC PILOT DUTY C300	LR39291	7A125VAC 6A250VAC 1/6HP125, 250VAC PILOT DUTY C300	98/10004	7A 250V AC (resistive)	
output)	4C	E122222	5A250VAC 1/10HP125, 250VAC PILOT DUTY C300	LR39291	5A250VAC 1/10HP125, 250VAC PILOT DUTY C300	98/10004	5A 250V AC (resistive)	
PM5S-A PM5S-S PM5S-M	PM5S-S		5A250VAC PILOT DUTY C300	E59504 (C-UL)	5A250VAC PILOT DUTY C300	_	_	

## **Accessories**

Products Name	Recog	nized by UL Standards	Certif	fied by CSA Standards	Lloyd'	s Register Standards	Remarks	
Froducts Name	File No.	Recognized rating	File No.	Certified rating	File No.	Certified rating	nemarks	
Common mounting tracks for timers	E59504	10A250VAC AT8-RFD (AT78039) 7A250VAC AT8-DF8L (ATA48211) 8P cap was an approved as an option. AD8-RC (AD8013)	LR39291	10A250VAC AT8-RFD (AT78039) 7A250VAC AT8-DF8L (ATA48211) 8P cap was an approved as an option. AD8-RC (AD8013)	_	_		
	E148103	AT8-DF8K (ATC180031) AT8-DF11K (ATC180041) AT8-R8K (AT78041) AT8- R11K (AT78051)	E148103 (C-UL)	AT8-DF8K (ATC180031) AT8-DF11K (ATC180041) AT8-R8K (AT78041) AT8- R11K (AT78051)	_	_		

## **Counters**

Duradicat mana	UL recognized		CSA certified		
Product name	File No.	Approved ratings	File No.	Approved ratings	Remarks
LC4H LC4H-S	E122222	5A250V AC PILOT DUTY C300	E122222 (C-UL)	5A250V AC PILOT DUTY C300	"The standard models conform to the UL/C-UL standard. To place an order, you do not need to specify the tailing char-
LU4H-5		100mA 30V DC		100mA 30V DC	acter 🔋 of each item number.)"
LC4H-W	E122222	3A250V AC PILOT DUTY C300	E122222 (C-UL)	3A250V AC PILOT DUTY C300	
		100mA 30V DC		100mA 30V DC	
LC2H	E122222	24-240 V AC/DC 4.5-30 V DC 3 V DC	E122222 (C-UL)	24-240 V AC/DC 4.5-30 V DC 3 V DC	

Notes) For UL-listed products, specify "9" at the end of the part No. when ordering.

Standard products of LC4H series are UL-recognized as well as CSA-certified. There is no need to add "9" at the end of the part No.

## **Hour Meters**

Due de et er en e	UL recognized		CSA certified		D	
Product name	File No.	Approved ratings	File No.	Approved ratings	Remarks	
TH13 · TH23 series	E42876	115-120, 220, 240V AC	LR39291	115-120, 220, 240V AC	For UL-recognized and CSA-certified products, specify "U" at the end of the part No.	
TH14 · TH24 series	E42876	12, 24, 48, 100, 110, 115-120, 200, 220, 240V AC	LR39291	12, 24, 48, 100, 110, 115-120, 200, 220, 240V AC	Only black panel-mounting type UL-recognized and CSA-certified. For UL-recognized and CSA-certified products, specify "U" at the end of the product code. Panel-mounting silver type not UL-recognized nor CSA-certified.	
TH63 · 64 series	E42876	12, 24, 48, 100, 110, 115-120, 200, 220, 240V AC	LR39291	12, 24, 48, 100, 110, 115-120, 200, 220, 240V AC	Standard products are UL-recognized and CSA-certified.	
LH2H	E122222	24-240 V AC/DC 4.5-30 V DC 3 V DC	E122222 (C-UL)	24-240 V AC/DC 4.5-30 V DC 3 V DC	Standard products are UL and C-UL-recognized. To place an order, you do not need to specify the tailly character $\mathfrak{P}$ of each item number.	
TH8 series	E42876	12 V DC 24 V DC	E42876 (C-UL)	12 V DC 24 V DC	Standard products are UL and C-UL-recognized. To place an order, you do not need to specify the tailly character "U" of each item number.	

Notes) For UL-recognized and CSA-certified products, specify "U" at the end of the part No. when ordering.

- 1 UL-recognized as well as CSA-certified TH13 and TH23 series products have operating voltages of 115-120V, 220V and 240V AC.

  ② Standard products of TH63 and 64 series are UL-recognized as well as CSA-certified. There is no need to add "U" at the end of the part No.

  ③ Standard products of LH2H and TH8 series are UL/C-UL recognized. There is no need to add "Q" or "U" at the end of the part No.

## **Accessories**

Due di set mene		UL-recognized		CSA certified	Demonto
Product name	File No.	Rating	File No.	Rating	Remarks
Common counter fixtures	E59504	10A250V AC AT8-RFV (AT78029) AT8-RFD (AT78039) 7A250V AC AT8-DF8L (ATA48211) AT8-RR (AT78049) 8P cap CSA-certified as option. AD8-RC (AD8013)	LR26550 LR39291	10A250V AC AT8-RFV (AT78029) AT8-RFD (AT78039) 7A250V AC AT8-DF8L (ATA48211) AT8-RR (AT78049) 8P cap UL-listed as option. AD8-RC(AD8013)	
	E148103	AT8-DF8K (ATC180031) AT8-DF11K (ATC180041) AT8-R8K (AT78041) AT8- R11K (AT78051) Relay Socket	E148103 (C-UL)	AT8-DF8K (ATC180031) AT8-DF11K (ATC180041) AT8-R8K (AT78041) AT8- R11K (AT78051)	

## **CE MARKINGS OVERVIEW**

## Counter, Hour Meter conforming to EN/IEC standards

The Timer, Counter, Hour Meter shown below conform to both EN and IEC standards, and may display the CE markings.

Product	Product nume	EMC directives	Low-votage Greatives
	LT4H	EN 61000-6-4/EN 81000-6-2	EN 61812-1
	LT4H-W	EN 81000 6-4/EN 81000-6-2	EN 61812-1
	PMB	EN 61000-6-2EN 81000-6-2	EN 61812-1
Timara	BIDK	EN 81000-6-4/EN \$1000-6-2	EN 6(8)2-1
	SIDXM-A/M	EN 81000-6-4EN 61000-5-2	EN 61812-1
	PMSS.	EN 61000-6-EEN 61000-6-2	EN 01812-1
	QM4H	EN 61000-6-4/EN 61000-6-2	EN 61010-1
	LC4H	EN 81000-6-4/EN 61000-6-2	EN 61618-1
Chumban	LC4H-S	EN 61000-6-4EN 81000-6-2	EN 61812-1
Counters	1.C4H-W	\$N 81000 6-4EN 81000-62	EN 61612-1
	FCSH.	EN 61000-6-4/EN 61000-0-2	EN 61010-1
	LG2H primet	EN 61000-6-4EN 81000-6-2	
	THIS	EN 61000-6-4EN 81000-6-2	EN 61010-1
	TH20	EN 81000-6-4EN 81000-6-2	EN 61010 (
	T1414	EN 61000 6 4/EN 61000-6-2	EN 81010-1
	TH24	EN 61000-6-4EN 81000-6-2	EN 61010-1
	THAI	EN 81000-6-4/EN 61000-6-2	EN 61010-1
Hour Meters	TH50	EN 61000-6-#EN 61000-8-2	EN 61010-1
	TH63	EN 61000-6-4EN 61000-6-2	EN 61010-1
	T1464	EN 01000-6-4/EN 61000-6-2	EN 61010-1
	LHIH	EN 81000-6-0EN 81000-6-27	6N 61010-1
	LH2H present	EN 61000-6-4/EN 61000-6-2	
	THE	EN 61000-6-4/EN 81000-6-2	

#### What are EN standards?

An abbreviation of Norme Europeenne (in French), and called European Standards in English. Approval is by vote among the CEN/CENELEC member countries, and is a unified standards limited to EU member countries, but the contents conform to the international ISO/IEC standards.

If the relevant EN standard does not exist, it is necessary to obtain approval based on the relevant IEC standard or, if the relevant IEC standard does not exist, the relevant standard from each country, such as VDE, BS, SEMKO, and so forth.

# CE markings and EC directives

The world's largest single market, the European Community (EC) was born on 1 January 1993 (changing its name to EU in November 1993. It is now always expressed as EU, apart from EC directives.) EU member country products have always had their quality and safety guaranteed according to the individual standards of each member country. However, the standards of each country being different prevented the free flow of goods within the EU. For this reason, in order to eliminate non-tariff barriers due to these standards, and to maximize the merits of EU unification, the EC directives were issued concomitant to the birth of the EU.

The EN standards were established as universal EU standards in order to facilitate EU directives. These standards were merged with the international IEC standards and henceforth reflect the standards in all countries. Also, the CE markings show that products conform to EC directives, and guarantee the free flow of products within the EC.

# Appropriate EC directives for control equipment products

The main EC directives that are to do with machinery and electrical equipment are the machinery directive, the EMC directive, the low voltage directive, and the telecom directive. Although these directives have already been issued, the date of their enactment is different for each one. The machinery directive was 1 January 1995. The EMC directive was 1 January 1996, and the low voltage directive was enacted from 1 January 1997. The telecom directive was established by the separate CTR (Common Technology References.)



North America Europe Asia Pacific China Japan

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