

The LLC2 Series is a dual-probe conductive liquid level control designed for OEM equipment and commercial appliance applications. Models are available for fill or drain operation. Transformer isolated 12VAC is provided at the probes to prevent electrolysis. A trickle current of less than 1mA determines the presence or absence of liquid between the probes and common. On adjustable units, the sensitivity adjustment allows accurate level sensing while ignoring foaming agents and floating debris. The LLC2 Series printed circuit board is conformal coated to resist moisture and corrosion.

For more information see:

Appendix B, page 167, Figure 27 for dimensional drawing. Appendix C, page 170, Figure 27 for connection diagram.

Operation

Drain (Pump-Down Mode): When the liquid level rises and touches the high probe, the output relay energizes and remains energized until the liquid level falls below the low probe. The output relay then de-energizes and remains de-energized until the liquid again touches the high probe.

Fill (Pump-Up Mode): When the liquid level falls below the low probe, the output relay energizes and remains energized until the liquid level rises and touches the high probe. The output relay then de-energizes and remains de-energized until the liquid level again falls below the low probe.

Features:

- Dual probe level control for conductive liquids
- Isolated AC voltage on the probes
- Adjustable or fixed sensing up to $100K\Omega$
- Terminal block or quick connect terminals
- Fill or drain operation available
- 24, 120, or 230VAC models are available
- Isolated, 10A, SPDT output contacts

Approvals: (E R) @

Auxiliary Products:

- Quick connect to screw adaptor: P/N: P1015-18
- Electrode: P/N: PHST-38QTN
- Threaded probe (24"): P/N: LLP-24

Female quick connect: P/N: P1015-13 (AWG 10/12) P/N: P1015-64 (AWG 14/16) P/N: P1015-14 (AWG 18/22)

Available Models:

LLC24A2AN LLC24A2F50N LLC24B2F50N LLC26A1F25C

If desired part number is not listed, please call us to see if it is technically possible to build.

Order Table:

LLC₂ Input -2 - 24VAC 4 - 120VAC

-6 - 230VAC

Operation **A** - Drain B - Fill

Termination -1 - 0.25 Quick Connect Terminal Block

Sense Resistance -**A** - Adjustable to 100k Ω -F - Fixed (Specify fixed resistance 1-100 in $1K\Omega$ increments.)

Mounting Dimension

	N	С
W	0.44 (11.35)	0.25 (6.35)
Х	3.62 (11.35)	3.5 (88.9)
Y	2.12 (53.8)	2.5 (63.5)
Z	0.19 (4.83)	0.25 (6.35)

Mounting dimensions as indicated in Appendix B, page 167.

Specifications

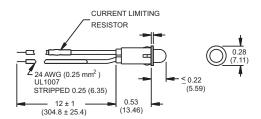
Control	
TypeRe	
Sense Voltage	f conductive liquids
Sense Resistance. Fi	
Sense Resistance Tolerance	
	xed: ±10%
Input	
Voltage24	4, 120, or 230VAC
Tolerance 24VAC1	5% - 20%
120 & 230VAC2	0% - 10%
AC Line Frequency)/60 Hz
Output	
Type	lectromechanical relay
FormIs	olated, SPDT
Rating10	OA resistive @ 120/240VAC & 28VDC;
1/	/3 hp @ 120/240VAC
Life	Iechanical - 1 x 10 ⁷ ; Electrical - 1 x 10 ⁵
Protection	
Isolation Voltage ≥	1500V RMS between input, output, & probe
Mechanical	
MountingSı	urface mount with two or four #6 (M3.5 x 0.6)

screws

Termination	. 0.25 in. (6.35 mm) duplex male quick connect terminals Terminal blocks for up to #14 AWG
	(2.5 mm²) wire
Dimensions (Open Board)	.4 x 3 x 2 in. (101.6 x 76.2 x 50.8 mm)
Environmental	
Operating / Storage Temperature	20° to 55°C / -40° to 80°C
Coating	. Printed circuit board is conformal coated to resist moisture and corrosion
Weight	

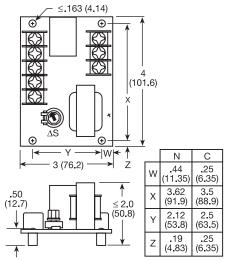
Appendix B - Dimensional Drawings

FIGURE 24

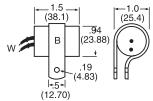


LPM

FIGURE 27







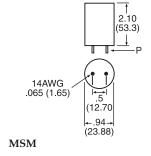
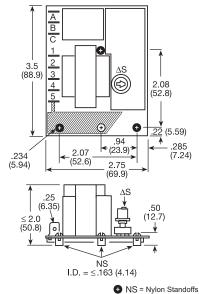


FIGURE 26



LLC1

FIGURE 28

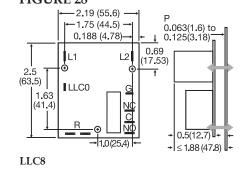


FIGURE 29

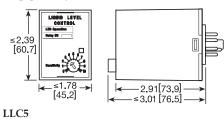


FIGURE 30

LLC2

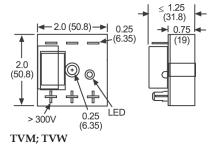


FIGURE 32

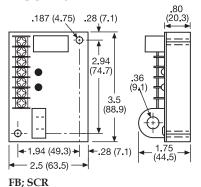
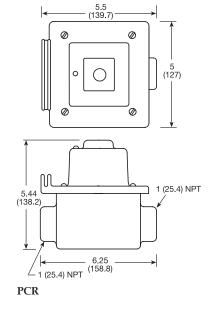
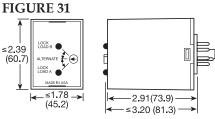


FIGURE 33



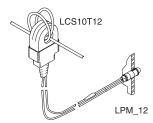
inches (millimeters)



ARP

Appendix C - Connection Diagrams

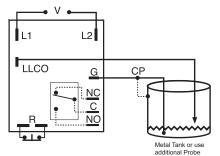
FIGURE 22 - LCS10T12



Wire Length: 500 ft. (152.4m) max. (Customer

CAUTION: The LCS10T12 must be connected to the LPM12 or LPMG12 before current flows to prevent damage or shock hazard. Monitored wires must be properly insulated.

FIGURE 25 - LLC8 Series



V = Voltage

LLCO = Low Level Probe

G or CP = Ground or Common (Reference) Probe R = Optional NC Reset Switch (not included)

NO = Normally Open

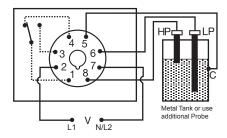
NC = Normally Closed

C = Common or Transfer Contact

Relay contacts are isolated.

Connect common to conductive tank. Additional probe is necessary for non-conductive or insulated tanks.

FIGURE 28 - LLC5 Series



HP = High Level Probe

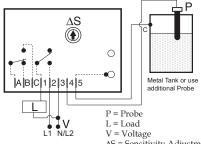
LP = Low Level Probe C = Probe Common

V = Voltage

Relay contacts are isolated.

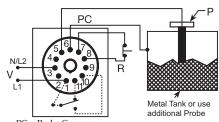
Connect common to conductive tank. Additional probe is necessary for non-conductive or insulated tanks.

FIGURE 23 - LLC1 Series



 $\Delta S = Sensitivity Adjustment$ Connect common to conductive tank or an additional probe as required. Contacts A, B & C are isolated.

FIGURE 26 - LLC6 Series



PC = Probe Common

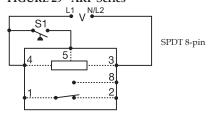
P = Probe

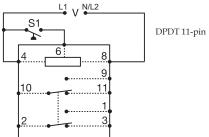
V = Voltage

R = Optional NC Reset Switch

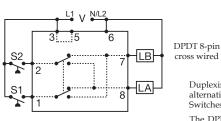
Connect common to conductive tank. Additional probe is necessary for non-conductive or insulated tanks.

FIGURE 29 - ARP Series





Relay contacts in above are isolated.



V = Voltage

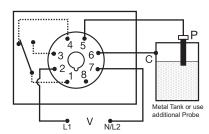
LA = Load A

LB = Load B

S1 = Primary Control Switch

S2 = Lag Load Switch

FIGURE 24 - LLC4 Series



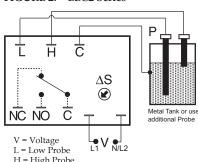
P = Probe

C = Probe Common V = Voltage

Relay contacts are isolated.

Connect common to conductive tank. Additional probe is necessary for non-conductive or insulated tanks.

FIGURE 27 - LLC2 Series



H = High Probe

C = Probe Common

ΔS = Sensitivity Adjustment NC = Normally Closed

NO = Normally Open

Connect common to conductive tank. Additional probe is necessary for nonconductive or insulated tanks.

Duplexing (Cross Wired): Duplexing models operate the same as alternating relays and when both the Control (S1) and Lag Load (S2) Switches are closed, Load A and Load B energize simultaneously.

The DPDT 8-pin, cross wired option, allows extra system load capacity through simultaneous operation of both motors when needed. Relay contacts are not isolated.