

## Features

- Measures $4-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ or 0 20 mA current loop process signals
- 32 user-selectable span (display) ranges
- Bright 1" red LED display, readable at distance of 80 feet ( $\sim 24 \mathrm{~m}$ )
- Adjustable display brightness
- Wide common-mode input range ( $\pm 48 \mathrm{~V}$ )
- Digital filter for optimizing measurements in electrically noisy environments
- Operates from an external 12VDC power supply
- Mounts with adhesive strips (supplied) or screws
- $0.1 \%$ typical accuracy


## PRODUCT OVERVIEW

DMS01-CL-RS12-C is a robust digital panel meter that provides precise measurement and display of current loop process signals on a highly visible red 1 " $(25 \mathrm{~mm})$ tall, $41 / 2$ digit seven-segment LED display with adjustable brightness. It provides selectable 4-20 mA or 0-20 mA current range, up to 32 display ranges and choice of user calibration or factory calibration modes. An external 12VDC power source provides power to the meter. An internal DC-DC converter accommodates a +/-48V commonmode measurement range with respect to the power supply input, simplifying a wide range of measurement applications and an internal digital filter enhances performance in electrically noisy environments making this digital panel meter is ideal for laboratory instrumentation, factory automation, and any application requiring precision measurement.

## ORDERING INFORMATION:

DMS01-CL-RS12-C
Digital Current Loop Process Meter, 1" Red Display, 12VDC Power

SIMPLIFIED BLOCK DIAGRAM


| Parameter | Min | Typ | Max | Units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Supply Voltage (Operating) | 11 | 12 | 13 | V |
| Absolute Maximum Supply Voltage | -1 |  | +14 | V |
| Supply Current ${ }^{1}$ (Operating at maximum intensity) |  |  | 100 | mA |
| (Operating at minimum intensity) |  |  | 60 | mA |
| Digits (Displayed) | $3.5-4.5$, depending on display range |  |  |  |
| Digit Height | 1 (25.4) |  |  | inch (mm) |
| Display Update Rate |  | 3.5 |  | Sa/s |
| Decimal Selection | Manual, (fixed at 00.00 when displaying physical input current) |  |  |  |
| Display Color | Red ( 627 nm pk ) |  |  |  |
| Over-range indication | Flashing Display |  |  |  |
| Measurement range ( $0-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ range) | 0 |  | 20 | mA |
| Display Span Range (unipolar mode) | 2000 to 20,000, 32 codes |  |  |  |
| (bipolar mode) | -9500 to +9500 |  |  |  |
| Accuracy |  | 0.1\% | 1\% |  |
| Zero-Offset (0-20mA range) | -2 |  | +2 | count |
| Input Impedance |  | 50 |  | $\Omega$ |
| Offset Trim Range | $\pm 5 \%$ of span range, see span range selection table |  |  |  |
| Gain Trim Range | variable, see span range selection table |  |  |  |
| Temperature Drift (0 to $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |  | 0.8 |  | count $/{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Absolute Maximum Input Current (-IIn to + +IN) | -40 |  | +40 | mA |
| Common-Mode Input Range (-VII) to (-VS) | -48 |  | +48 | V |


| PHYSICAL/ENVIRONMENTAL |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Parameter | Min | Typ | Max | Units |
| Operating Temperature | 0 |  | +50 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage Temperature | -40 |  | +75 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Humidity (Non-condensing) |  |  | 85 | \%RH |
| Weight |  | 6.14 (174) |  | OZ (g) |


| User Controls |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Brightness | single-turn potentiometerQTY 2 12-turn trim potentiometers |  |  |  |
| Offset and Gain Adjustment |  |  |  |  |
| Dipswitch configuration setting for: |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Digital filter enable | QTY 2 6-position Dipswitches (S1 \& S2) |  |  |  |
| Span (display) range |  |  |  |  |
| Unipolar / Bipolar mode |  |  |  |  |
| Trim enable |  |  |  |  |
| Overall Dimensions | 5.86 (149) L x 3.36 (86) W x 1.43 (37) H |  |  | inch (mm) |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Terminal Blocks | Min | Typ | Max | Units |
| Wire Size | 24 |  | 14 | AWG |
| Insulation Strip Length |  | 0.25 (6) |  | inch (mm) |
| Screw Tightening torque |  | 56.6 (0.4) |  | 0z-in ( $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{m}$ ) |

## MEASUREMENT TYPE AND CAPABILITIES:

> Measures 4-20 or 0-20 mADC current loop process signals with 32 user-selectable span ranges (via S1, S2), displaying 3-1/2 to $41 / 2$ digits of resolution.
> Two user-selectable modes of operation: unipolar (supporting only positive readings) or bipolar (supports negative output readings).
> The meter's measurement terminals are electrically isolated from the power terminals through a DC-DC converter, providing a high common-mode input range (+/-48V) for the input (relative to the power terminals), simplifying a wide range of measurement applications.
> Meter requires an external 12VDC power supply (not included).
REAR PANEL LAYOUT: SCREW TERMINAL CONNECTIONS \& CONTROLS


Brightness Adjust - This single-turn potentiometer supports adjustment of the meter's LED display brightness for maximum readability. Turning the pot clockwise increases brightness, while turning it counterclockwise decreases brightness.
Offset Adjust - This 12 -turn potentiometer supports the offset adjustments of the span ranges. See the span range selection table for the maximum allowed offset for each span range. Turning the pot clockwise will give a negative offset, while turning it counterclockwise gives a positive offset.
Gain Scale Adjust - This 12-turn potentiometer supports gain adjustments of the span ranges. This allows the user to select values between each of the span ranges, between 1780 to 20300 (unipolar mode) and -9785 to 9785 (bipolar mode). See the span range selection table for the maximum allowed gain for each span range. Turning the pot clockwise decreases (-) the gain, while turning it counterclockwise increases (+) the gain (see Span Ranges below).
$\mathbf{S 1} \& \mathbf{S 2}$ - 6-position dipswitches provided for configuration the meter's various options. See Meter Configuration below for details.
CONNECTION EXAMPLES:


This example illustrates an application where the Current sensor is connected to terminals 3 and 4 , where terminal 3 is the negative input terminal $(-\mathrm{IN})$ and terminal 4 is the positive input terminal (+IN).

The 12 V power supply (not included) connects to terminals 1 and 2 , where terminal 1 is the negative power supply terminal (-VS) and terminal 2 is the positive power supply terminal (+VS) and the sensor is powered from a separate external power supply. Note: it is possible to power both the sensor and the meter from the same power supply provided the sensor can operate from +12VDC.

## METER CONFIGURATION

This Meter is configured through two 6 position dipswitches S1 and S2 on the back of the meter. Each switch position is identified by SW\#. For example, SW1 is switch 1 on S1, and controls the input range, while SW1 on S2 selects of one the span ranges. The following illustrate the possible configurations:

| Input Range Selection |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Input Range | SW1 | Dipswitch S1 | Description |
| 4-20mA | OFF |  | SW1 on S1 controls the meter's input range. In the OFF position the input range is $4-20 \mathrm{~mA}$, while in the ON position the meter's range is 0 20 mA . |
| 0-20mA | ON |  |  |
| Digital Filter On/Off Slection |  |  |  |
| Digital Filter | SW2 | Dipswitch S1 | Description |
| OFF | OFF |  | SW2 on S1 controls the meter's digital filter. In the OFF position, the filter is disabled and readings are updated at maximum speed. In the ON position, the filter is enabled, and readings are processed through a moving average filter, which results in more stable readings, but a slower response. |
| ON | ON |  |  |
| Unipolar/Bipolar Mode Selection |  |  |  |
| Mode | SW2 | Dipswitch S2 | Description <br> Bipolar mode allows the user to display negative values. For example, if the meter is set to 0-20 mA input, span of 6000 and set in unipolar mode, then 0 mA input results in a count of 0 on the display, while 20 mA input results in a count of 6000 on the display. If the meter is set to bipolar mode with the same settings, 0 mA input results in a count of 6000 on the display, while 20 mA results in a count of +6000 on the display. SW2 on S2 controls whether the meter is in unipolar or bipolar mode. Unipolar mode can display values between 0 to +20000 depending on the span range setting. Bipolar mode can display values between -9500 to +9500 depending on the span range setting. The bipolar range is not offered beyond $\pm 9500$ because of display limitations. |
| Unipolar | OFF |  |  |
| Bipolar | ON |  |  |


| Span Range Selection |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gain | Offset | S2 | S1 |  |  |  | Dipswitch S2 | Dipswitch S1 |
| Span Range | Adjustment | Adjustment | SW1 | SW3 | SW4 | SW5 | SW6 |  |  |
| Input Current (mA) | N/A | N/A | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF |  |  |
| 2000 | $220 \pm 2$ | $100 \pm 2$ | OFF | ON | OFF | OFF | OFF |  |  |
| 2500 | $288 \pm 2$ | $125 \pm 1$ | OFF | OFF | ON | OFF | OFF |  |  |
| 3000 | $255 \pm 2$ | $150 \pm 2$ | OFF | ON | ON | OFF | OFF |  |  |
| 3500 | $263 \pm 2$ | $175 \pm 2$ | OFF | OFF | OFF | ON | OFF |  |  |


| Span Range Selection continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gain | Offset | S2 | S1 |  |  |  | Dipswitch S2 |  |
| Span Range | Adjustment | Adjustment | SW1 | SW3 | SW4 | SW5 | SW6 |  | Dipswitch S1 |
| 4000 | $260 \pm 2$ | $200 \pm 2$ | OFF | ON | OFF | ON | OFF |  |  |
| 4500 | $270 \pm 2$ | $225 \pm 2$ | OFF | OFF | ON | ON | OFF |  |  |
| 5000 | $250 \pm 2$ | $250 \pm 2$ | OFF | ON | ON | ON | OFF |  |  |
| 5500 | $275 \pm 2$ | $275 \pm 2$ | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | ON |  |  |
| 6000 | $270 \pm 2$ | $300 \pm 2$ | OFF | ON | OFF | OFF | ON |  |  |
| 6500 | $260 \pm 2$ | $325 \pm 2$ | OFF | OFF | ON | OFF | ON |  |  |
| 7000 | $280 \pm 2$ | $350 \pm 2$ | OFF | ON | ON | OFF | ON |  |  |
| 7500 | $263 \pm 2$ | $375 \pm 2$ | OFF | 0FF | OFF | ON | ON |  |  |
| 8000 | $280 \pm 2$ | $400 \pm 2$ | OFF | ON | OFF | ON | ON |  |  |
| 8500 | $298 \pm 2$ | $425 \pm 2$ | OFF | OFF | ON | ON | ON |  |  |
| 9000 | $270 \pm 2$ | $450 \pm 2$ | OFF | ON | ON | ON | ON |  |  |
| 9500 | $285 \pm 2$ | $475 \pm 2$ | ON | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF |  |  |
| 10000 | $250 \pm 2$ | $500 \pm 2$ | ON | ON | OFF | OFF | OFF |  |  |
| 10500 | $263 \pm 2$ | $525 \pm 2$ | ON | OFF | ON | OFF | OFF |  |  |
| 11000 | $275 \pm 2$ | $550 \pm 2$ | ON | ON | ON | OFF | OFF |  |  |
| 11500 | $288 \pm 2$ | $575 \pm 2$ | ON | OFF | OFF | ON | OFF |  |  |
| 12000 | $300 \pm 2$ | $600 \pm 2$ | ON | ON | OFF | ON | OFF |  |  |
| 12500 | $250 \pm 2$ | $625 \pm 2$ | ON | OFF | ON | ON | OFF |  |  |
| 13000 | $260 \pm 2$ | $650 \pm 2$ | ON | ON | ON | ON | OFF |  |  |


| Span Range Selection continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Span Range | Gain | Offset | S2 | S1 |  |  |  | Dipswitch S2 | Dipswitch S1 |
| Span Range | Adjustment | Adjustment | SW1 | SW3 | SW4 | SW5 | SW6 |  |  |
| 13500 | $270 \pm 2$ | $675 \pm 2$ | ON | OFF | OFF | OFF | ON |  |  |
| 14000 | $280 \pm 2$ | $700 \pm 2$ | ON | ON | OFF | OFF | ON |  |  |
| 15000 | $750 \pm 2$ | $750 \pm 2$ | ON | OFF | ON | OFF | ON |  |  |
| 16000 | $320 \pm 2$ | $800 \pm 2$ | ON | ON | ON | OFF | ON |  |  |
| 17000 | $765 \pm 2$ | $850 \pm 2$ | ON | OFF | OFF | ON | ON |  |  |
| 18000 | $270 \pm 2$ | $900 \pm 2$ | ON | ON | OFF | ON | ON |  |  |
| 19000 | $760 \pm 2$ | $950 \pm 2$ | ON | OFF | ON | ON | ON |  |  |
| 20000 | $300 \pm 2$ | $1000 \pm 2$ | ON | ON | ON | ON | ON |  |  |
| Decimal Point Selection |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Decimal Placement | SW3 | SW4 | SW5 | Dipswitch S2 |  | When measuring the physical current the decimal placement is fixed at 00.00 . When any of the span range switches are turned $O N$ the decimal point placement has to be manually selected. SW3 through SW5 on S2 control the decimal point placement options as shown in the table. |  |  |  |
| 0000 | OFF | OFF | OFF |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.000 | ON | OFF | OFF |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 00.00 | OFF | ON | OFF |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 000.0 | OFF | OFF | ON |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Trim Enable Selection |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Trim Enable |  | SW6 |  |  |  | QTY 2 potentiometers for adjusting gain and offset areenabled by SW6 on S2. In the "OFF" position, the trim isdisabled and the meter runs from factory calibrated span ranges. In the "ON" position the trim is enabled, allowing user to vary the gain and offset of the span range. The gain adjustment allows the user to adjust the span of the meter to any number between 1780 and 20300 (unipolar mode) and 9785 to +9785 (bipolar mode) with the span range setting (see span range table above). If the meter is out of calibration the operator can use the gain or offset adjustment for when displaying the physical input voltage. |  |  |  |
|  |  | OFF |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ON |  | ON |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## 1. Calibration

This meter is calibrated at the factory at the time of manufacture. If the meter is out of calibration, the operator can use the gain or offset adjustment (Trim Enable) for correction, only when one of the span range settings is set, not when displaying the physical input voltage. However, calibration may no long be within datasheet specifications.

## 2. Protection and Fusing

This meter contains an internal PTC fuse as well as other protective elements that are intended for protection against brief electrical transients and misconnect conditions. Additional external protective components such as fuses and transient suppressors may be required depending on the application in which the meter is deployed.

## 3. Noisy Power Supplies

In systems with noisy power supplies, connecting an external, non-polarized capacitor across the +VS and -VS inputs can help reduce measurement errors. In certain situations, the use of twisted pair or shield wiring may be required.

## 4. Installation

IMPORTANT! To ensure safe and reliable operation, this meter must be installed and serviced by qualified technical personnel. Contact Murata Power Solutions if there is any doubt regarding their installation or operation.

## 5. Over-range Limit

The meter will flash on and off when the meter exceeds its minimum or maximum input current. For example, if the meter is set in the 0-20 mA range, any input current below 0 mA or above 20 mA will cause the display to flash on and off.

## PANEL INSTALLATION

Panel Cutout


Note: When mounting panel meter with hardware, a four hole pattern (four outermost holes) or the six hole pattern may be used at the customer's option.

## MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS



UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED:
DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES
TOLERANCES:
$2 \mathrm{PL} \pm 0.013 \mathrm{PL} \pm 0.005$
ANGLES $\pm 0.5^{\circ}$


Murata Power Solutions, Inc.
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ISO 9001 and 14001 REGISTERED

This product is subject to the following operating requirements and the Life and Safety Critical Application Sales
Policy:
Refer to: http://www.murata-ps.com/requirements/

