

# **SMT** power inductors

Size  $10.4 \times 10.0 \times 5.8$  (mm)

 Series/Type:
 B82475A1

 Date:
 June 2012

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# Please read *Cautions and warnings* and *Important notes* at the end of this document.

# SMT power inductors

Size 10.4  $\times$  10.0  $\times$  5.8 (mm)

SMD

# Rated inductance 10 ... 680 µH Rated current 0.28 ... 2.6 A

# Construction

- Ferrite core
- Winding: enamel copper wire
- Winding soldered to terminals
- Plastic terminal carrier

# Features

- Temperature range up to +150 °C
- High rated current
- Low DC resistance
- Suitable for lead-free reflow soldering as referenced in JEDEC J-STD 020D
- RoHS-compatible

# Applications

- Filtering of supply voltages
- Coupling, decoupling
- DC/DC converters
- Automotive electronics
- Industrial electronics
- Consumer electronics

# Terminals

- Base material CuSn6P
- Layer composition Ni, Sn (lead-free)
- Electro-plated

#### Marking

- Marking on component: Manufacturer, L value (μH, coded), manufacturing date (YWWD)
- Minimum data on reel: Manufacturer, ordering code, L value, quantity, date of packing

# Delivery mode and packing unit

- 24-mm blister tape, wound on 330-mm Ø reel
- Packing unit: 500 pcs./reel





# 2 06/12

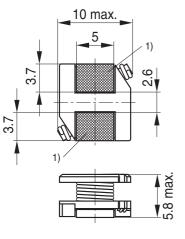
# TDK

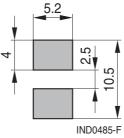
#### **SMT** power inductors

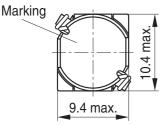
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<u>SMD</u>

# Dimensional drawing and layout recommendation







Dimensions in mm

Component tolerances ±0.2 mm unless otherwise noted.

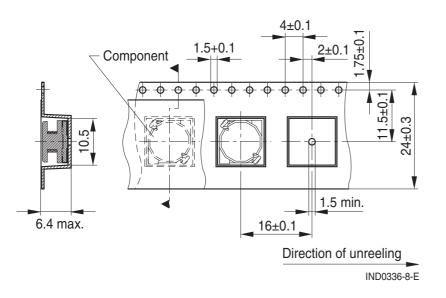
Reel

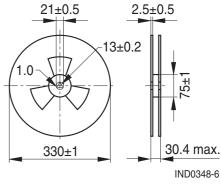
1) Soldering area

IND0484-A-E

# Taping and packing

Blister tape





Dimensions in mm



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#### Technical data and measuring conditions

Rated inductance L <sub>R</sub>	Measured with LCR meter Agilent 4284A at frequency $\rm f_L,$ at 0.1 V, +20 $^{\circ}\rm C$			
Rated temperature T <sub>R</sub>	+85 °C			
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	Max. permissible DC with temperature increase of $\leq$ 40 K at rated temperature			
Saturation current I <sub>sat</sub>	Max. permissible DC with inductance decrease $\Delta L/L_0$ of approx. 10%			
DC resistance R <sub>max</sub>	Measured at +20 °C			
Solderability (lead-free)	Dip and look method Sn95.5Ag3.8Cu0.7: +(245 $\pm$ 5) °C, (5 $\pm$ 0.3) s Wetting of soldering area $\geq$ 90% (based on IEC 60068-2-58)			
Resistance to soldering heat	+260 °C, 40 s (as referenced in JEDEC J-STD 020D)			
Climatic category	55/150/56 (to IEC 60068-1)			
Storage conditions	Mounted: -55 °C +150 °C Packaged: -25 °C +40 °C, ≤ 75% RH			
Weight	Approx. 1.6 g			

#### Characteristics and ordering codes

L <sub>R</sub>	Tolerance	fL	I <sub>R</sub>	I <sub>sat</sub>	R <sub>max</sub>	Ordering code
μH		MHz	А	А	Ω	
10	±20% ≙ M	0.1	2.60	2.75	0.06	B82475A1103M000
15		0.1	2.27	2.35	0.08	B82475A1153M000
22		0.1	1.95	2.00	0.10	B82475A1223M000
33		0.1	1.50	1.60	0.12	B82475A1333M000
47	±10% ≙ K	0.1	1.28	1.35	0.17	B82475A1473K000
68		0.1	1.11	1.20	0.22	B82475A1683K000
100		0.1	0.97	1.00	0.35	B82475A1104K000
150		0.1	0.78	0.82	0.47	B82475A1154K000
220		0.1	0.66	0.70	0.73	B82475A1224K000
330		0.1	0.52	0.55	1.15	B82475A1334K000
470		0.1	0.42	0.45	1.48	B82475A1474K000
680		0.1	0.28	0.30	2.25	B82475A1684K000

Sample kit available. Ordering code: B8247XX001 For more information refer to chapter "Sample kits".

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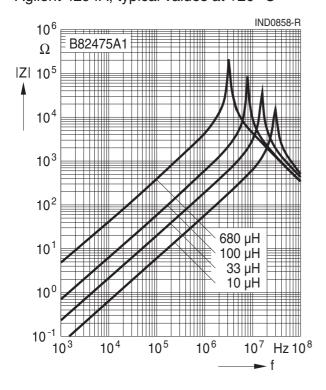


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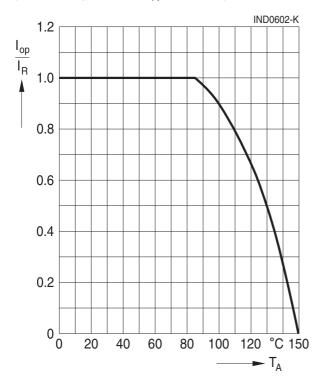
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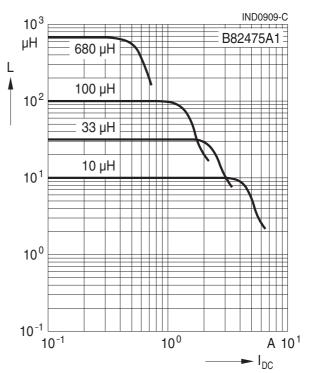
Impedance IZI versus frequency f measured with impedance analyzer Agilent 4294A, typical values at +20 °C



Current derating  $I_{op}/I_R$ versus ambient temperature  $T_A$ (rated temperature  $T_B = +85 \ ^{\circ}C$ )



Inductance L versus DC load current  $I_{DC}$  measured with LCR meter Agilent 4275A, typical values at +20 °C





#### **Cautions and warnings**

- Please note the recommendations in our Inductors data book (latest edition) and in the data sheets.
  - Particular attention should be paid to the derating curves given there.
  - The soldering conditions should also be observed. Temperatures quoted in relation to wave soldering refer to the pin, not the housing.
- If the components are to be washed varnished it is necessary to check whether the washing varnish agent that is used has a negative effect on the wire insulation, any plastics that are used, or on glued joints. In particular, it is possible for washing varnish agent residues to have a negative effect in the long-term on wire insulation.

Washing processes may damage the product due to the possible static or cyclic mechanical loads (e.g. ultrasonic cleaning). They may cause cracks to develop on the product and its parts, which might lead to reduced reliability or lifetime.

- The following points must be observed if the components are potted in customer applications:
  - Many potting materials shrink as they harden. They therefore exert a pressure on the plastic housing or core. This pressure can have a deleterious effect on electrical properties, and in extreme cases can damage the core or plastic housing mechanically.
  - It is necessary to check whether the potting material used attacks or destroys the wire insulation, plastics or glue.
  - The effect of the potting material can change the high-frequency behaviour of the components.
- Ferrites are sensitive to direct impact. This can cause the core material to flake, or lead to breakage of the core.
- Even for customer-specific products, conclusive validation of the component in the circuit can only be carried out by the customer.



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